2019 NATIONAL HEALTHCARE QUALITY AND DISPARITIES REPORT

Disparities Measures

Black vs. White

Table 1. Patient Safety Measures for Black vs. White

For Patient Safety measures, Blacks experienced better quality care compared with Whites for 7 measures, the same quality of care for 16 measures, and worse quality for 10 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Long-stay nursing home patients experiencing one or more falls with major injury	0.3	0.7	Better	-60.87	-29.70	2017	MDS
Patient Safety	Postoperative hip fracture per 1,000 surgical admissions who were not susceptible to falling, adults	0.0	0.1	Better	-60.00	-2.12	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Adults who reported a home health provider asking to see all the prescription and over-the-counter medicines they were taking, when they first started getting home health care	88.4	75.1	Better	-53.41	-130.42	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Long-stay nursing home residents with a urinary tract infection	1.5	2.4	Better	-38.49	-25.52	2017	MDS
Patient Safety	Birth trauma - injury to neonate per 1,000 selected live births	3.7	5.3	Better	-30.75	-5.82	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with iatrogenic pneumothorax per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	0.2	0.2	Better	-23.81	-2.24	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Adults who reported a home health provider talking with them about all the prescription and over-the-counter medicines they were taking when they first started getting home health care	87.1	84.0	Better	-19.37	-30.40	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, children	0.3	0.3	Same	-24.24	-1.60	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Adults age 65 and over who received in the calendar year at least 1 of 33 potentially inappropriate prescription medications for older adults	8.6	9.9	Same	-13.13	-0.97	2017	MEPS
Patient Safety	Adverse drug event with IV heparin in adult hospital patients who received an anticoagulant	5.6	6.3	Same	-11.69	-1.02	2017	MPSMS



Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Reclosure of postoperative abdominal wound dehiscence per 1,000 abdominopelvic-surgery admissions of length 2 or more days, adults	0.7	0.7	Same	-4.17	-0.45	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	1.0	1.1	Same	-3.77	-0.69	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Adults who reported that home health providers talked with them about when to take medicines in the last 2 months of care	28.9	28.5	Same	-0.56	-3.92	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with expected low- mortality	0.2	0.2	Same	0.00	0.00	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Adults home health patients age 18 and over who reported that home health providers talked with them about the side effects of medicines in the last 2 months of care	24.2	24.4	Same	0.26	1.96	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Home health care patients whose management of oral medications improved	68.8	68.9	Same	0.32	0.98	2017	OASIS
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions having developed specified complications of care during hospitalization, adults ages 18-89 or obstetric admissions	148.7	147.0	Same	1.16	0.62	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Adults who reported that home health providers talked with them about the purpose for taking their new or changed prescription medicines in the last 2 months of care	30.2	31.4	Same	1.75	11.77	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Low-risk, long-stay nursing home residents with a catheter inserted and left in the bladder	2.8	2.8	Same	2.54	1.57	2017	MDS
Patient Safety	Hospital patients who received a hypoglycemic agent who had an adverse drug events with hypoglycemic agents	8.6	6.7	Same	29.04	1.60	2017	MPSMS
Patient Safety	Adults age 65 and over who received in the calendar year at least 1 of 11 prescription medications that should be avoided in older adults	1.9	1.4	Same	35.71	0.79	2016	MEPS
Patient Safety	Adult surgery patients with catheter-associated urinary tract infection	3.6	2.0	Same	79.80	1.79	2017	MPSMS
Patient Safety	Hospital patients with an anticoagulant-related adverse drug event to low-molecular-weight heparin (LMWH) and factor Xa	2.8	1.5	Same	84.31	1.77	2017	MPSMS
Patient Safety	Adults who reported a home health provider talking with them about how to set up their home so they can move around safely when they first started getting home health care	74.2	77.1	Worse	12.66	28.44	2018	HHCAHPS

Priority		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative		Data	Data
Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Source
Patient Safety	Postoperative physiologic and metabolic derangements per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	1.0	0.9	Worse	18.82	2.10	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative respiratory failure per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	5.2	4.4	Worse	19.45	3.96	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Home health care patients whose surgical wound was improved	89.9	91.9	Worse	24.69	19.61	2017	OASIS
Patient Safety	Sepsis diagnoses per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions of length 4 or more days, adults	4.6	3.5	Worse	30.31	5.70	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative acute kidney injury requiring dialysis per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	2.8	2.1	Worse	33.33	6.50	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Short-stay nursing home patients with pressure ulcers that are new or worsened	0.6	0.4	Worse	47.50	8.50	2017	MDS
Patient Safety	Postoperative pulmonary embolism (PE) or deep vein thrombosis (DVT) per 1,000 surgical hospital discharges, adults	4.8	3.2	Worse	47.84	11.92	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with central venous catheter-related bloodstream infection per 1,000 medical and surgical discharges of length 2 or more days, adults age 18 and over or obstetric admissions	0.1	0.1	Worse	55.56	2.24	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	High-risk, long-stay nursing home patients with pressure ulcer	7.2	4.3	Worse	68.78	34.29	2017	MDS

Table 2. Person-Centered Care Measures for Black vs. White

For Person-Centered Care measures, Blacks experienced better quality care compared with Whites for 3 measures, the same quality of care for 16 measures, and worse quality for 8 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z- Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always asked them to describe how they will follow the instructions	36.0	25.1	Better	-14.55	-6.05	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Hospice patients whose hospice care team always communicated well with their family caregivers about taking care them	82.3	80.2	Better	-10.61	-9.39	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS

		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative	Z-	Data	
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Score	Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Adult hospital patients who sometimes or never had good communication about medications they received in the hospital	9.6	10.7	Better	-10.28	-10.79	2018	HCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never showed respect for what they had to say	6.4	6.9	Same	-7.20	-0.73	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers always kept them informed about when they would arrive at their home in the last 2 months of care	81.4	80.0	Same	-7.00	-13.73	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Family members who definitely received trainings about taking care their family member from hospice care team	74.8	73.1	Same	-6.32	-4.12	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never listened carefully to them	7.8	8.2	Same	-5.95	-0.64	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Hospice patients and family caregivers who always got help as soon as they need from hospice care team	78.9	77.8	Same	-4.95	-3.48	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers always listen carefully to them in the last 2 months of care	85.5	85.0	Same	-3.33	-4.90	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always offered help in filling out forms	17.2	15.1	Same	-2.47	-1.38	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported being told what care and services they would get when they first started getting home health care	89.9	89.7	Same	-1.94	-1.96	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported getting the help or advice they needed when they contacted their home health providers in the last 2 months of care	25.3	24.2	Same	-1.45	-10.79	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers always explained things in a way that was easy to understand in the last 2 months of care	84.3	84.3	Same	0.00	0.00	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always gave	73.4	73.6	Same	0.76	0.14	2017	MEPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z- Score	Data Year	Data Source
	them easy-to-understand instructions about what to do for a specific illness or health conditions	-	-					
Person- Centered Care	Hospice patients who always received enough helps for pain, sadness, breathing, or constipations from hospice care team	74.5	75.3	Same	3.24	2.53	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Hospice patients whose hospice care team always treated them with dignity and respect, and really cared about them	89.7	90.1	Same	4.04	1.99	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never spent enough time with them	11.4	10.7	Same	6.54	0.78	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Family caregivers who rated the hospice care for their family member best (9-10) on a scale of 0-10 (where 0 is the worst and 10 is the best)	79.3	80.9	Same	8.38	5.06	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never explained things in a way they could understand	8.0	7.0	Same	14.06	1.33	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers talk about pain in the last 2 months of care	89.2	90.3	Worse	11.34	10.79	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers always treated them as gently as possible in the last 2 months of care	89.3	91.0	Worse	18.89	16.67	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Family caregivers who would definitely recommend this hospice to their friends and family	81.7	85.2	Worse	23.65	11.07	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Family caregivers who received right amount of emotional and spiritual supports from hospice care team	87.2	90.0	Worse	28.00	13.93	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers always treated them with courtesy and respect in the last 2 months of care	92.7	94.3	Worse	28.07	15.69	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Rating of health care 0-6 on a scale from 0 to 10 (best grade) by adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months	15.9	12.3	Worse	29.27	3.66	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	People with a usual source of care whose providers sometimes or never asked them to help make	19.2	14.6	Worse	31.51	4.11	2017	MEPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z- Score	Data Year	Data Source
	decisions when there was a choice between treatments							
Person- Centered Care	Adults who did not have any problem with the care they received from their home health providers in the last 2 months of care	91.5	93.7	Worse	34.92	21.57	2018	HHCAHPS

Table 3. Care Coordination Measures for Black vs. White

For Care Coordination measures, Blacks experienced better quality care compared with Whites for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 6 measures, and worse quality for 14 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for community-acquired pneumonia per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	165.1	197.3	Better	-16.32	-6.45	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	17.1	19.7	Same	-13.20	-1.64	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	153.7	169.2	Same	-9.16	-3.20	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Home health care patients who had an emergency department visit without a hospitalization	3.9	4.0	Same	-2.00	-2.53	2017	OASIS
Care Coordination	Adults who reported that home health providers always seem informed and up-to-date about all the cares or treatments they got at home in the last 2 months of care	64.1	65.6	Same	4.36	14.71	2018	HHCAHPS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for pediatric gastroenteritis per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	34.8	33.2	Same	4.82	0.46	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	People with a usual source of care who usually asks about prescription medications and treatments from other doctors	80.4	82.1	Same	9.50	1.46	2017	MEPS
Care Coordination	Home health care patients who had an emergency department visit and then hospitalized	13.5	12.1	Worse	11.57	49.50	2017	OASIS
Care Coordination	Adult hospital patients who did not receive good communication about discharge information	12.1	10.2	Worse	18.63	18.63	2018	HCAHPS
Care Coordination	Home health care patients who had to be admitted to the hospital	16.7	13.9	Worse	20.14	27.46	2017	OASIS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for chronic obstructive pulmonary disease or asthma per 100,000 population, adults age 40 and over	733.1	562.2	Worse	30.40	7.32	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Adult hospital patients who strongly disagree or disagree that staff took their preferences and those of their family and caregiver into account when deciding what the patients discharge health care would be	8.0	5.4	Worse	47.06	40.48	2018	HCAHPS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, children ages 6-17	40.9	24.7	Worse	65.59	3.81	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for long-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	210.3	96.8	Worse	117.25	18.07	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for lower extremity amputations per 1,000 population, adults age 18 and over with diabetes	60.9	26.8	Worse	127.24	16.54	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	141.5	55.4	Worse	155.42	23.20	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Emergency department visits for asthma per 10,000 population, ages 2-19	247.5	84.0	Worse	194.64	4.05	2016	NHAMCS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for uncontrolled diabetes without complications per 100,000 population, adults	114.1	36.4	Worse	213.46	23.17	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, adults ages 18-39	88.5	23.6	Worse	275.00	21.34	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for hypertension per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	200.0	44.4	Worse	350.45	29.03	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, children ages 2-17	216.5	41.9	Worse	416.71	9.52	2017	HCUP

Table 4. Effectiveness of Care Measures for Black vs. White

For Effectiveness of Care measures, Blacks experienced better quality care compared with Whites for 6 measures, the same quality of care for 21 measures, and worse quality for 17 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Suicide deaths among persons age 12 and over per 100,000 population	8.0	19.2	Better	-58.33	-79.20	2017	NVSS_M

		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative		Data	Data
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Source
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with heart failure	16.0	31.3	Better	-48.88	-27.05	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with pneumonia	20.1	27.1	Better	-25.83	-8.68	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with chronic joint symptoms who have ever seen a doctor or other health professional for joint symptoms	78.4	73.4	Better	-18.80	-2.14	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	Persons with current asthma who received written asthma management plans from their healthcare provider	43.9	33.7	Better	-15.38	-2.64	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with acute myocardial infarction (AMI)	42.8	50.5	Better	-15.25	-6.15	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Patients with tuberculosis who completed a curative course of treatment within 1 year of initiation of treatment	88.6	87.6	Same	-8.06	-1.00	2016	NTBSS
Effectiveness of Care	Women with clinical Stage I-IIb breast cancer who received axillary node dissection or sentinel lymph node biopsy (SLNB) at the time of surgery (lumpectomy or mastectomy)	94.3	93.9	Same	-6.56	-1.26	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA), adults age 40 and over	26.9	28.3	Same	-4.95	-1.30	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diabetes whose condition was diagnosed	82.0	81.1	Same	-4.76	-0.18	2016	NHANES
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over treated for substance abuse who completed treatment course	39.9	40.2	Same	0.50	2.91	2017	TEDSD
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) repair	38.2	38.0	Same	0.53	0.04	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Lung cancer deaths per 100,000 population per year	37.7	37.5	Same	0.53	0.63	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for alcohol problem who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	8.4	9.2	Same	0.88	0.44	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Long-stay nursing home residents have depressive symptoms	4.6	4.5	Same	3.13	2.09	2017	MDS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with hypertension with blood pressure less than 140/90 mm/Hg	17.1	19.8	Same	3.37	1.41	2016	NHANES
Effectiveness of Care	Acute ischemic stroke patients for whom IV thrombolytic therapy was initiated at hospital within 3 hours (less than or equal to 180 minutes) of time last known well	88.0	88.5	Same	4.35	0.93	2016	HIQR

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	People with current asthma who are now taking preventive medicine daily or almost daily (either oral or inhaler)	19.5	23.0	Same	4.55	1.64	2016	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Dialysis patients who were registered on a waiting list for transplantation	12.6	16.6	Same	4.80	14.14	2017	USRDS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a dilated eye examination in the calendar year	60.9	62.7	Same	4.83	0.50	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who had their feet checked for sores or irritation in the calendar year	65.3	66.9	Same	4.83	0.47	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for illicit drug use and who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	12.0	17.5	Same	6.67	1.95	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Patients with colon cancer who received surgical resection of colon cancer that included at least 12 lymph nodes pathologically examined	92.0	92.5	Same	6.67	0.79	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received at least two hemoglobin A1c measurements in the calendar year	73.9	75.6	Same	6.97	0.48	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Adult end stage renal disease (ESRD) patients who saw a nephrologist at least 12 months prior to initiation of renal replacement therapy	34.0	38.9	Same	8.02	13.59	2017	USRDS
Effectiveness of Care	Patients with treated chronic kidney failure who received a transplant within 3 years of date of renal failure	7.0	15.1	Same	9.54	33.69	2014	USRDS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with a major depressive episode in the last 12 months who received treatment for depression in the last 12 months	61.6	66.2	Same	13.61	1.48	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Persons age 13 and over living with diagnosed HIV who had at least two CD4 or viral load tests performed at least 3 months apart during the last year, among reporting jurisdictions	54.9	59.3	Worse	10.81	31.11	2016	HIV_AIDSSS
Effectiveness of Care	Children ages 12-17 with a major depressive episode in the last 12 months who received treatment for depression in the last 12 months	36.4	43.5	Worse	12.57	2.17	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Percent of hemodialysis patients whose hemoglobin level is less than 10 g/dL	23.4	20.6	Worse	13.59	98.99	2018	UMKECC
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a flu vaccination in the calendar year	52.6	61.4	Worse	22.80	2.40	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Adult hemodialysis patients who use arteriovenous fistulas as the primary mode of vascular access	59.7	67.6	Worse	24.38	48.17	2017	USRDS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Adult hemodialysis patients with adequate dialysis - (Kt/V) 12 or higher	95.8	96.7	Worse	27.27	40.25	2018	UMKECC
Effectiveness of Care	Persons age 13 and over living with HIV who know their serostatus	85.2	88.5	Worse	28.70	23.33	2016	HIV_AIDSSS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes with blood pressure less than 130/80 mm Hg	39.1	53.1	Worse	29.85	2.85	2016	NHANES
Effectiveness of Care	Colorectal cancer deaths per 100,000 population per year	18.0	13.5	Worse	33.33	20.12	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with coronary artery bypass surgery, adults age 40 and over	33.6	24.9	Worse	34.94	4.30	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Persons age 13 and over living with diagnosed HIV whose most recent viral load in the last 12 months was under 200 copies/mL	56.1	67.8	Worse	36.34	82.73	2016	HIV_AIDSSS
Effectiveness of Care	Breast cancer deaths per 100,000 female population per year	26.9	19.4	Worse	38.66	23.72	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Women under age 70 treated for breast cancer with breast- conserving surgery who received radiation therapy to the breast within 1 year of diagnosis	88.6	93.0	Worse	62.86	8.17	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Hospital admissions for heart failure per 100,000 population	828.8	436.7	Worse	89.79	15.71	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adjusted incident rates of end stage renal disease (ESRD) due to diabetes per million population	366.2	138.4	Worse	164.60	71.68	2017	USRDS
Effectiveness of Care	HIV infection deaths per 100,000 population	6.6	0.9	Worse	633.33	55.89	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	New HIV cases per 100,000 population age 13 and over	52.0	5.9	Worse	781.36	111.81	2016	HIV_AIDSSS

Table 5. Healthy Living Measures for Black vs. White

For Healthy Living measures, Blacks experienced better quality care compared with Whites for 6 measures, the same quality of care for 36 measures, and worse quality for 30 measures, 2016-2018.

		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative		Data	
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents with moderate to severe pain	4.2	6.9	Better	-39.71	-40.85	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Children ages 0-17 with wellness checkup in the past 12 months	90.2	86.1	Better	-29.50	-3.52	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Women ages 21-65 who received a Pap smear in the last 3 years	85.8	80.7	Better	-26.42	-3.45	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood cholesterol measurement in the last 5 years	90.2	87.3	Better	-22.83	-3.24	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about how smoking in the house can be bad for a child	53.8	47.6	Better	-11.83	-2.35	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Short-stay nursing home residents with moderate to severe pain	10.5	11.7	Better	-10.26	-11.77	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 16-17 who received 1 or more doses of meningococcal conjugate vaccine	87.3	85.4	Same	-13.01	-0.72	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 13-15 who received 1 or more doses of tetanus toxoid, reduced diphtheria toxoid, and acellular pertussis (Tdap) since the age of ten years	89.8	88.4	Same	-12.07	-1.01	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood pressure measurement in the last 2 years and can state whether their blood pressure was normal or high	93.6	92.8	Same	-11.11	-1.19	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents whose ability to move independently worsened	22.3	24.5	Same	-8.98	-9.84	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents with physical restraints	0.3	0.4	Same	-8.11	-1.34	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional to exercise more	64.9	62.2	Same	-7.14	-1.50	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents with too much weight loss	5.1	5.5	Same	-5.69	-4.62	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Low-risk, long-stay nursing home residents with loss of control of bowels or bladder	72.4	76.6	Same	-5.48	-3.48	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents whose need for help with daily activities increased	20.0	21.1	Same	-5.21	-7.78	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18-64 at high risk (e.g., COPD) who ever received pneumococcal vaccination	26.1	22.5	Same	-4.65	-1.63	2018	NHIS

		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative		Data	
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Adult current smokers who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months who received advice to quit smoking from their providers	77.0	76.2	Same	-3.36	-0.27	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children with obesity 2-19 years of age who had been told by a doctor or health professional that they were overweight	43.2	41.3	Same	-3.20	-0.43	2016	NHANES
Healthy Living	Women ages 50-74 who received a mammogram in the last 2 years	73.6	73.0	Same	-2.22	-0.25	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adolescent males ages 13-15 who received 3 or more doses of human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine	31.0	30.2	Same	-1.15	-0.27	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children over 80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using lap or shoulder belts when riding in a car	37.5	36.8	Same	-1.11	-0.20	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional about eating fewer high-fat or high-cholesterol foods	47.8	48.0	Same	0.38	0.12	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adolescent males ages 16-17 who received 3 or more doses of human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine	5.4	6.7	Same	1.39	0.82	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about eating healthy	65.2	65.7	Same	1.46	0.20	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 16-17 who received 1 or more doses of tetanus toxoid, reduced diphtheria toxoid, and acellular pertussis (Tdap) since the age of ten years	89.3	89.5	Same	1.90	0.08	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Adolescents females ages 13-15 who received 3 or more doses human papillomavirus vaccine	35.5	38.9	Same	5.56	1.01	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children ages 6 months to 17 years who received influenza vaccination in the last flu season	50.0	52.7	Same	5.71	0.68	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose shortness of breath decreased	77.5	78.8	Same	6.13	12.75	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose pain when moving around decreased	77.8	79.1	Same	6.22	12.75	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18-64 at high risk (e.g., COPD) who received an influenza vaccination in the last flu season	47.6	51.2	Same	7.38	0.90	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a helmet when riding a bicycle or motorcycle	36.4	40.8	Same	7.43	1.61	2017	MEPS

		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative		Data	
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 13-15 who received 1 or more doses of meningococcal conjugate vaccine	83.7	84.9	Same	7.95	0.65	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 3 or more doses of hepatitis B vaccine	90.9	91.6	Same	8.33	0.54	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about the amount and kind of exercise, sports, or physically active hobbies they should have	45.7	49.9	Same	8.38	1.59	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients who stayed at home after an episode of home health care	80.5	82.1	Same	8.94	15.69	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Adolescents females ages 16-17 who received 3 or more doses human papillomavirus vaccine	47.4	52.7	Same	11.21	1.18	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children 0-40 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a child safety seat while riding in the car	61.4	66.2	Same	14.20	1.07	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 3-5 who ever had their vision checked by a health provider	65.0	70.7	Same	19.45	1.33	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 1 or more doses of varicella vaccine	89.2	91.2	Same	22.73	1.54	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 3 or more doses of polio vaccine	91.2	93.0	Same	25.71	1.38	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Children who had their height and weight measured by a health provider within the past 2 years	93.0	94.6	Same	29.63	1.37	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 1 or more doses of measles-mumps-rubella vaccine	89.5	92.0	Same	31.25	1.92	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Hospital admissions for immunization-preventable influenza per 100,000 population, adults age 65 and over	301.7	272.8	Worse	10.59	2.57	2017	HCUP
Healthy Living	Hospital patients who received influenza vaccination	93.0	93.8	Worse	12.90	7.84	2017	HIQR
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose bathing improved	77.1	79.8	Worse	13.37	26.48	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Cervical cancer diagnosed at advanced stage (all invasive tumors) per 100,000 women age 20 and over	12.2	10.6	Worse	15.09	5.06	2016	NPCR_USCS
Healthy Living	Home health patients who had improvement in toileting	73.0	76.6	Worse	15.38	35.30	2017	OASIS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18 and over who received influenza vaccination in the last flu season	38.4	47.1	Worse	16.45	4.83	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Home health patients who had improvement in upper body dressing	76.0	79.4	Worse	16.50	33.34	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose ability to walk or move around improved	73.9	77.8	Worse	17.57	38.24	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Colorectal cancer diagnosed at advanced stage (tumors diagnosed at regional or distant stage) per 100,000 population age 50 and over	74.9	63.7	Worse	17.58	13.11	2016	NPCR_USCS
Healthy Living	Children 41-80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a booster seat when riding in the car	38.9	49.0	Worse	19.80	2.68	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose ability to get in and out of bed improved	72.6	77.2	Worse	20.18	45.11	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Breast cancer diagnosed at advanced stage (regional, distant stage, or local stage with tumor greater than 2 cm) per 100,000 women age 40 and over	102.5	84.3	Worse	21.59	16.90	2016	NPCR_USCS
Healthy Living	Adults with a dental visit in the calendar year	19.7	36.6	Worse	26.66	15.90	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	28.1	44.4	Worse	29.32	14.30	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity age 20 and over who had been told by a doctor or health professional that they were overweight	65.0	73.2	Worse	30.60	3.51	2016	NHANES
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	33.8	50.4	Worse	33.47	6.37	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 4 or more doses of diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis vaccine	78.8	84.4	Worse	35.90	2.90	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who had a dental visit in the calendar year	41.5	57.6	Worse	37.97	6.09	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults age 65 and over who ever received pneumococcal vaccination	59.8	70.9	Worse	38.14	4.23	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-19 with obesity	20.4	14.7	Worse	38.78	2.89	2016	NHANES
Healthy Living	Children ages 5-17 with untreated dental caries	21.2	14.2	Worse	49.30	3.27	2016	NHANES

		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative		Data	
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Adults age 65 and over who received an influenza vaccination in the last flu season	59.0	73.2	Worse	52.99	4.44	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents who were assessed for pneumococcal vaccination	89.5	93.2	Worse	54.41	36.28	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Short-stay nursing home residents who were assessed for pneumococcal vaccination	79.6	87.0	Worse	56.92	72.56	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home patients who were assessed and appropriately given the seasonal influenza vaccine	87.4	92.0	Worse	57.50	45.11	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Home health patients who had influenza vaccination during flu season	93.0	95.9	Worse	70.73	102.53	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Home health patients who had pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccination	77.2	86.9	Worse	74.05	95.12	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Infant mortality per 1,000 live births, birth weight 2,500 grams or more	3.2	1.8	Worse	77.78	13.73	2017	NVSS_L
Healthy Living	Short-stay nursing home patients who had flu vaccination appropriately given	78.7	88.3	Worse	82.05	94.14	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Live-born infants with low birth weight (less than 2,500 g)	13.5	7.1	Worse	90.14	226.27	2018	NVSS_N

Table 6. Affordable Care Measures for Black vs. White

For Affordable Care measures, Blacks did not experience better quality care compared with Whites for any measure; they experienced the same quality of care for 2 measures, and worse quality for 3 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Affordable Care	People under age 65 whose family's health insurance premium and out-of-pocket medical expenditures were more than 10% of total family income	14.9	17.0	Same	-12.20	-1.85	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People without a usual source of care who indicated a financial or insurance reason for not having a source of care	11.9	13.2	Same	-9.85	-0.90	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed dental care due to financial or insurance reasons	77.7	69.6	Worse	11.64	2.25	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed prescription medicines due to financial or insurance reasons	70.3	55.5	Worse	26.67	2.65	2017	MEPS

		Rate for	Rate for					
		Comparison	Reference		Relative		Data	Data
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Source
Affordable	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed medical care	57.7	39.4	Worse	46.45	3.82	2017	MEPS
Care	due to financial or insurance reasons							

Asian vs. White

Table 7. Patient Safety Measures for Asian vs. White

For Patient Safety measures, Asians experienced better quality care compared with Whites for 11 measures, the same quality of care for 14 measures, and worse quality for 6 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
	Adult surgery patients with postoperative venous thromboembolic events	0.0	0.5	Better	-100.00	-4.51	2016	MPSMS
Patient Safety	Adult surgery patients with postoperative pneumonia events	0.0	1.2	Better	-100.00	-7.26	2016	MPSMS
	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with expected low- mortality	0.1	0.2	Better	-66.67	-7.16	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Long-stay nursing home patients experiencing one or more falls with major injury	0.3	0.7	Better	-56.52	-9.46	2017	MDS
Patient Safety	Postoperative hip fracture per 1,000 surgical admissions who were not susceptible to falling, adults	0.1	0.1	Better	-50.00	-2.24	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Long-stay nursing home residents with a urinary tract infection	1.3	2.4	Better	-46.03	-13.34	2017	MDS
	Adults age 65 and over who received in the calendar year at least 1 of 33 potentially inappropriate prescription medications for older adults	5.6	10.0	Better	-44.00	-2.72	2016	MEPS
	Adults who reported a home health provider asking to see all the prescription and over-the-counter medicines they were taking, when they first started getting home health care	81.8	75.1	Better	-26.91	-22.28	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Low-risk, long-stay nursing home residents with a catheter inserted and left in the bladder	2.0	2.8	Better	-26.45	-7.16	2017	MDS
	Postoperative pulmonary embolism (PE) or deep vein thrombosis (DVT) per 1,000 surgical hospital discharges, adults	2.4	3.2	Better	-26.23	-6.10	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	High-risk, long-stay nursing home patients with pressure ulcer	3.4	4.3	Better	-20.19	-5.28	2017	MDS
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, children	0.3	0.3	Same	-24.24	-1.11	2017	HCUP

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Reclosure of postoperative abdominal wound dehiscence per 1,000 abdominopelvic-surgery admissions of length 2 or more days, adults	0.6	0.7	Same	-23.61	-1.49	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Short-stay nursing home patients with pressure ulcers that are new or worsened	0.3	0.4	Same	-15.00	-1.66	2017	MDS
Patient Safety	Birth trauma - injury to neonate per 1,000 selected live births	5.1	5.3	Same	-3.58	-0.44	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with central venous catheter-related bloodstream infection per 1,000 medical and surgical discharges of length 2 or more days, adults age 18 and over or obstetric admissions	0.1	0.1	Same	0.00	0.00	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Adults home health patients age 18 and over who reported that home health providers talked with them about the side effects of medicines in the last 2 months of care		24.4	Same	0.93	2.33	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Adults who reported that home health providers talked with them about when to take medicines in the last 2 months of care	27.1	28.5	Same	1.96	4.66	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Postoperative respiratory failure per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	4.6	4.4	Same	4.58	0.60	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Adults who reported that home health providers talked with them about the purpose for taking their new or changed prescription medicines in the last 2 months of care	28.1	31.4	Same	4.81	10.98	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Adults who reported a home health provider talking with them about how to set up their home so they can move around safely when they first started getting home health care	75.3	77.1	Same	7.86	5.99	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Adults who reported a home health provider talking with them about all the prescription and over-the-counter medicines they were taking when they first started getting home health care	82.6	84.0	Same	8.75	4.66	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with iatrogenic pneumothorax per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	0.2	0.2	Same	9.52	0.71	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative physiologic and metabolic derangements per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	1.0	0.9	Same	12.94	0.82	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Hospital patients who received a hypoglycemic agent who had an adverse drug events with hypoglycemic agents	10.3	6.7	Same	54.34	1.16	2017	MPSMS
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions having developed specified complications of care during hospitalization, adults ages 18-89 or obstetric admissions	169.1	147.0	Worse	15.03	4.08	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Home health care patients whose surgical wound was improved	90.3	91.9	Worse	19.75	5.32	2017	OASIS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	1.3	1.1	Worse	26.42	2.26	2017	HCUP
	Home health care patients whose management of oral medications improved	58.1	68.9	Worse	34.73	53.73	2017	OASIS
	Postoperative acute kidney injury requiring dialysis per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	3.6	2.1	Worse	71.43	7.73	2017	HCUP
	Sepsis diagnoses per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions of length 4 or more days, adults	6.1	3.5	Worse	72.24	6.74	2017	HCUP

Table 8. Person-Centered Care Measures for Asian vs. White

For Person-Centered Care measures, Asians experienced better quality care compared with Whites for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 10 measures, and worse quality for 18 measures.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z- Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Adults with limited English proficiency who had a usual source of care	79.7	63.4	Better	-44.54	-3.63	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always asked them to describe how they will follow the instructions	31.1	25.1	Same	-8.01	-2.10	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never listened carefully to them	7.8	8.2	Same	-5.58	-0.37	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported getting the help or advice they needed when they contacted their home health providers in the last 2 months of care	27.7	24.2	Same	-4.62	-11.64	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always offered help in filling out forms	17.8	15.1	Same	-3.18	-1.09	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never showed respect for what they had to say	6.8	6.9	Same	-2.59	-0.16	2017	MEPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z- Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Adult hospital patients who sometimes or never had good communication about medications they received in the hospital	10.5	10.7	Same	-1.87	-1.96	2018	HCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Rating of health care 0-6 on a scale from 0 to 10 (best grade) by adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months	13.1	12.3	Same	6.50	0.49	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Family members who definitely received trainings about taking care their family member from hospice care team	70.8	73.1	Same	8.55	3.25	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	People with a usual source of care whose providers sometimes or never asked them to help make decisions when there was a choice between treatments	16.8	14.6	Same	15.07	1.24	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never spent enough time with them	13.1	10.7	Same	22.43	1.30	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always gave them easy-to-understand instructions about what to do for a specific illness or health conditions	67.3	73.6	Worse	23.86	2.52	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Hospice patients whose hospice care team always communicated well with their family caregivers about taking care them	74.6	80.2	Worse	28.28	10.98	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers talk about pain in the last 2 months of care	87.5	90.3	Worse	28.87	13.93	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Hospice patients who always received enough helps for pain, sadness, breathing, or constipations from hospice care team	68.0	75.3	Worse	29.55	12.00	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Family caregivers who received right amount of emotional and spiritual supports from hospice care team	87.0	90.0	Worse	30.00	7.49	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported being told what care and services they would get when they first started getting home health care	86.4	89.7	Worse	32.04	16.42	2018	HHCAHPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z- Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Family caregivers who would definitely recommend this hospice to their friends and family	79.9	85.2	Worse	35.81	7.50	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Family caregivers who rated the hospice care for their family member best (9-10) on a scale of 0-10 (where 0 is the worst and 10 is the best)	73.6	80.9	Worse	38.22	10.32	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers always kept them informed about when they would arrive at their home in the last 2 months of care	72.1	80.0	Worse	39.50	26.28	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who did not have any problem with the care they received from their home health providers in the last 2 months of care	91.0	93.7	Worse	42.86	13.43	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Hospice patients and family caregivers who always got help as soon as they need from hospice care team	67.0	77.8	Worse	48.65	15.27	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers always listen carefully to them in the last 2 months of care	76.8	85.0	Worse	54.67	27.27	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never explained things in a way they could understand	11.2	7.0	Worse	59.66	3.13	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Hospice patients whose hospice care team always treated them with dignity and respect, and really cared about them	83.8	90.1	Worse	63.64	12.59	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers always explained things in a way that was easy to understand in the last 2 months of care	73.1	84.3	Worse	71.34	37.25	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers always treated them as gently as possible in the last 2 months of care	80.6	91.0	Worse	115.56	34.59	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers always treated them with courtesy and respect in the last 2 months of care	85.2	94.3	Worse	159.65	30.27	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults with limited English proficiency and usual source of care (USC) and the USC had language assistance	78.9	94.8	Worse	305.77	3.17	2017	MEPS

Table 9. Care Coordination Measures for Asian vs. White

For Care Coordination measures, Asians experienced better quality care compared with Whites for 15 measures, the same quality of care for 2 measures, and worse quality for 3 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	11.7	55.4	Better	-78.88	-34.33	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for chronic obstructive pulmonary disease or asthma per 100,000 population, adults age 40 and over	143.6	562.2	Better	-74.46	-33.80	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, children ages 6-17	6.5	24.7	Better	-73.68	-8.03	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	45.0	169.2	Better	-73.40	-32.99	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for community-acquired pneumonia per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	58.5	197.3	Better	-70.35	-33.76	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for lower extremity amputations per 1,000 population, adults age 18 and over with diabetes	8.2	26.8	Better	-69.40	-18.07	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, adults ages 18-39	7.4	23.6	Better	-68.64	-17.17	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for long-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	30.6	96.8	Better	-68.39	-22.71	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for uncontrolled diabetes without complications per 100,000 population, adults	18.2	36.4	Better	-50.00	-11.95	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	11.7	19.7	Better	-40.61	-5.06	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for hypertension per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	28.6	44.4	Better	-35.59	-7.66	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Home health care patients who had an emergency department visit without a hospitalization	2.7	4.0	Better	-33.25	-21.87	2017	OASIS
Care Coordination	Home health care patients who had an emergency department visit and then hospitalized	8.4	12.1	Better	-30.58	-36.28	2017	OASIS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for pediatric gastroenteritis per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	23.3	33.2	Better	-29.82	-2.88	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Home health care patients who had to be admitted to the hospital	10.5	13.9	Better	-24.46	-33.34	2017	OASIS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Adult hospital patients who strongly disagree or disagree that staff took their preferences and those of their family and caregiver into account when deciding what the patients discharge health care would be	5.0	5.4	Same	-7.90	-5.21	2018	HCAHPS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, children ages 2-17	46.9	41.9	Same	11.93	0.63	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Adult hospital patients who did not receive good communication about discharge information	11.7	10.2	Worse	14.71	14.71	2018	HCAHPS
Care Coordination	Adults who reported that home health providers always seem informed and up-to-date about all the cares or treatments they got at home in the last 2 months of care	51.4	65.6	Worse	41.28	35.46	2018	HHCAHPS
Care Coordination	People with a usual source of care who usually asks about prescription medications and treatments from other doctors	74.1	82.1	Worse	44.69	3.83	2017	MEPS

Table 10. Effectiveness of Care Measures for Asian vs. White

For Effectiveness of Care measures, Asians experienced better quality care compared with Whites for 10 measures, the same quality of care for 22 measures, and worse quality for 8 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	HIV infection deaths per 100,000 population	0.3	0.9	Better	-66.67	-21.21	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Hospital admissions for heart failure per 100,000 population	161.4	436.7	Better	-63.04	-21.59	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Suicide deaths among persons age 12 and over per 100,000 population	8.0	19.2	Better	-58.33	-50.09	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Lung cancer deaths per 100,000 population per year	20.3	37.5	Better	-45.87	-54.39	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Breast cancer deaths per 100,000 female population per year	11.7	19.4	Better	-39.69	-24.35	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Patients with tuberculosis who completed a curative course of treatment within 1 year of initiation of treatment	91.8	87.6	Better	-33.87	-5.38	2016	NTBSS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Acute ischemic stroke patients for whom IV thrombolytic therapy was initiated at hospital within 3 hours (less than or equal to 180 minutes) of time last known well	92.3	88.5	Better	-33.04	-4.12	2016	HIQR
Effectiveness of Care	Colorectal cancer deaths per 100,000 population per year	9.3	13.5	Better	-31.11	-18.78	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Adult hemodialysis patients with adequate dialysis - (Kt/V) 12 or higher	97.5	96.7	Better	-24.24	-25.30	2018	UMKECC
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with heart failure	26.1	31.3	Better	-16.61	-3.82	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes with blood pressure less than 130/80 mm Hg	59.5	53.1	Same	-13.65	-0.95	2016	NHANES
Effectiveness of Care	Patients with colon cancer who received surgical resection of colon cancer that included at least 12 lymph nodes pathologically examined	93.4	92.5	Same	-12.00	-0.98	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Women with clinical Stage I-IIb breast cancer who received axillary node dissection or sentinel lymph node biopsy (SLNB) at the time of surgery (lumpectomy or mastectomy)	94.5	93.9	Same	-9.84	-1.18	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Dialysis patients who were registered on a waiting list for transplantation	24.2	16.6	Same	-9.11	-10.44	2017	USRDS
Effectiveness of Care	Persons with current asthma who received written asthma management plans from their healthcare provider	39.2	33.7	Same	-8.30	-0.84	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	Adult hemodialysis patients who use arteriovenous fistulas as the primary mode of vascular access	70.1	67.6	Same	-7.72	-7.91	2017	USRDS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a flu vaccination in the calendar year	63.8	62.6	Same	-3.21	-0.19	2016	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Long-stay nursing home residents have depressive symptoms	4.5	4.5	Same	-0.22	-0.06	2017	MDS
Effectiveness of Care	Adult end stage renal disease (ESRD) patients who saw a nephrologist at least 12 months prior to initiation of renal replacement therapy	38.7	38.9	Same	0.33	0.32	2017	USRDS
Effectiveness of Care	Patients with treated chronic kidney failure who received a transplant within 3 years of date of renal failure	14.8	15.1	Same	0.35	0.50	2014	USRDS
Effectiveness of Care	Percent of hemodialysis patients whose hemoglobin level is less than 10 g/dL	21.0	20.6	Same	1.94	3.92	2018	UMKECC
Effectiveness of Care	Persons age 13 and over living with diagnosed HIV who had at least two CD4 or viral load tests performed at least 3	58.2	59.3	Same	2.70	2.16	2016	HIV_AIDSSS

Dui a mita a A ma a	Manager Title	Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference	Diamonitica	Relative	7.00000	Data	Data
Priority Area	Measure Title months apart during the last year, among reporting	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Source
	jurisdictions							
Effectiveness of Care	Persons age 13 and over living with diagnosed HIV whose most recent viral load in the last 12 months was under 200 copies/mL	66.6	67.8	Same	3.73	2.91	2016	HIV_AIDSSS
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for alcohol problem who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	2.2	8.0	Same	6.30	4.26	2017	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	New HIV cases per 100,000 population age 13 and over	6.3	5.9	Same	6.78	1.79	2016	HIV_AIDSSS
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with coronary artery bypass surgery, adults age 40 and over	27.1	24.9	Same	8.84	0.92	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with pneumonia	30.2	27.1	Same	11.44	1.78	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA), adults age 40 and over	31.9	28.3	Same	12.72	1.77	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a dilated eye examination in the calendar year	58.3	64.1	Same	16.16	0.92	2016	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with chronic joint symptoms who have ever seen a doctor or other health professional for joint symptoms	67.9	73.4	Same	20.68	1.26	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who had their feet checked for sores or irritation in the calendar year	58.3	67.5	Same	28.31	1.51	2016	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diabetes whose condition was diagnosed	68.6	81.1	Same	66.14	1.78	2016	NHANES
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with hypertension with blood pressure less than 140/90 mm/Hg	9.9	19.8	Worse	12.34	5.00	2016	NHANES
Effectiveness of Care	People with current asthma who are now taking preventive medicine daily or almost daily (either oral or inhaler)	10.5	23.0	Worse	16.23	4.58	2016	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with acute myocardial infarction (AMI)	60.4	50.5	Worse	19.60	4.74	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Women under age 70 treated for breast cancer with breast- conserving surgery who received radiation therapy to the breast within 1 year of diagnosis	90.8	93.0	Worse	31.43	2.67	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Adjusted incident rates of end stage renal disease (ESRD) due to diabetes per million population	210.5	138.4	Worse	52.10	20.20	2017	USRDS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) repair	59.4	38.0	Worse	56.32	2.10	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with a major depressive episode in the last 12 months who received treatment for depression in the last 12 months	44.0	66.2	Worse	65.68	4.26	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Persons age 13 and over living with HIV who know their serostatus	80.9	88.5	Worse	66.09	24.03	2016	HIV_AIDSSS

Table 11. Healthy Living Measures for Asian vs. White

For Healthy Living measures, Asians experienced better quality care compared with Whites for 17 measures, the same quality of care for 29 measures, and worse quality for 17 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents with moderate to severe pain	1.5	6.9	Better	-77.68	-47.01	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Short-stay nursing home residents with moderate to severe pain	4.5	11.7	Better	-61.54	-70.60	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 13-15 who received 1 or more doses of meningococcal conjugate vaccine	93.1	84.9	Better	-54.30	-4.70	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-19 with obesity	9.8	14.7	Better	-33.33	-3.14	2016	NHANES
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood cholesterol measurement in the last 5 years	91.0	87.3	Better	-29.13	-3.44	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients who stayed at home after an episode of home health care	87.2	82.1	Better	-28.49	-50.01	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Infant mortality per 1,000 live births, birth weight 2,500 grams or more	1.3	1.8	Better	-27.78	-4.90	2017	NVSS_L
Healthy Living	Children ages 6 months to 17 years who received influenza vaccination in the last flu season	65.6	52.7	Better	-27.27	-2.71	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Breast cancer diagnosed at advanced stage (regional, distant stage, or local stage with tumor greater than 2 cm) per 100,000 women age 40 and over	62.8	84.3	Better	-25.50	-17.00	2016	NPCR_USCS
Healthy Living	Low-risk, long-stay nursing home residents with loss of control of bowels or bladder	58.6	76.6	Better	-23.50	-7.65	2017	MDS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy	Long-stay nursing home residents whose ability to move	18.9	24.5	Better	-22.86	-13.58	2017	MDS
Living	independently worsened	10.9	24.5	Detter	-22.00	-13.30	2017	WIDS
Healthy Living	Cervical cancer diagnosed at advanced stage (all invasive tumors) per 100,000 women age 20 and over	8.2	10.6	Better	-22.64	-7.59	2016	NPCR_USCS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents with too much weight loss	4.3	5.5	Better	-21.10	-7.52	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Colorectal cancer diagnosed at advanced stage (tumors diagnosed at regional or distant stage) per 100,000 population age 50 and over	51.3	63.7	Better	-19.47	-11.88	2016	NPCR_USCS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents whose need for help with daily activities increased	17.0	21.1	Better	-19.43	-9.94	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Hospital admissions for immunization-preventable influenza per 100,000 population, adults age 65 and over	226.1	272.8	Better	-17.12	-2.91	2017	HCUP
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home patients who were assessed and appropriately given the seasonal influenza vaccine	93.1	92.0	Better	-13.75	-5.47	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 1 or more doses of varicella vaccine	93.4	91.2	Same	-25.00	-0.90	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18-64 at high risk (e.g., COPD) who received an influenza vaccination in the last flu season	62.0	51.2	Same	-22.13	-1.62	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults age 65 and over who received an influenza vaccination in the last flu season	78.6	73.2	Same	-20.15	-1.14	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 16-17 who received 1 or more doses of meningococcal conjugate vaccine	87.6	85.4	Same	-15.07	-0.72	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 4 or more doses of diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis vaccine	86.7	84.4	Same	-14.74	-0.80	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 3 or more doses of polio vaccine	93.9	93.0	Same	-12.86	-0.37	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 1 or more doses of measles-mumps-rubella vaccine	92.9	92.0	Same	-11.25	-0.35	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents who were assessed for pneumococcal vaccination	93.7	93.2	Same	-7.35	-2.49	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 3 or more doses of hepatitis B vaccine	92.2	91.6	Same	-7.14	-0.22	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional to exercise more	64.6	62.2	Same	-6.35	-0.47	2016	MEPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 13-15 who received 1 or more doses of tetanus toxoid, reduced diphtheria toxoid, and acellular pertussis (Tdap) since the age of ten years	89.1	88.4	Same	-6.03	-0.23	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18 and over who received influenza vaccination in the last flu season	50.1	47.1	Same	-5.67	-1.32	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose pain when moving around decreased	79.9	79.1	Same	-3.83	-3.98	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional about eating fewer high-fat or high-cholesterol foods	49.5	48.0	Same	-2.88	-0.31	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood pressure measurement in the last 2 years and can state whether their blood pressure was normal or high	93.0	92.8	Same	-2.78	-0.23	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about the amount and kind of exercise, sports, or physically active hobbies they should have	51.0	49.9	Same	-2.20	-0.26	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a helmet when riding a bicycle or motorcycle	41.7	40.8	Same	-1.52	-0.21	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18-64 at high risk (e.g., COPD) who ever received pneumococcal vaccination	23.2	22.5	Same	-0.90	-0.16	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Home health patients who had pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccination	86.9	86.9	Same	0.00	0.00	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Hospital patients who received influenza vaccination	93.8	93.8	Same	0.00	0.00	2017	HIQR
Healthy Living	Children 41-80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a booster seat when riding in the car	48.3	49.0	Same	1.37	0.13	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about eating healthy	64.9	65.7	Same	2.33	0.21	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Women ages 50-74 who received a mammogram in the last 2 years	72.1	73.0	Same	3.33	0.25	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults with a dental visit in the calendar year	32.2	36.6	Same	6.94	2.52	2017	MEPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Children 0-40 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a child safety seat while riding in the car	63.4	66.2	Same	8.28	0.51	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 0-17 with wellness checkup in the past 12 months	84.8	86.1	Same	9.35	0.65	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children over 80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using lap or shoulder belts when riding in a car	30.8	36.8	Same	9.49	1.04	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 16-17 who received 1 or more doses of tetanus toxoid, reduced diphtheria toxoid, and acellular pertussis (Tdap) since the age of ten years	84.3	89.5	Same	49.52	1.19	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children who had their height and weight measured by a health provider within the past 2 years	91.9	94.6	Same	50.00	1.55	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	37.8	44.4	Worse	11.87	3.59	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Short-stay nursing home residents who were assessed for pneumococcal vaccination	85.0	87.0	Worse	15.38	9.95	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Children for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about how smoking in the house can be bad for a child	39.0	47.6	Worse	16.41	2.14	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	41.9	50.4	Worse	17.14	2.10	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose shortness of breath decreased	74.6	78.8	Worse	19.81	20.90	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Short-stay nursing home patients who had flu vaccination appropriately given	85.9	88.3	Worse	20.51	11.94	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Live-born infants with low birth weight (less than 2,500 g)	8.6	7.1	Worse	21.13	14.71	2018	NVSS_N
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who had a dental visit in the calendar year	47.2	57.6	Worse	24.53	2.53	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose ability to walk or move around improved	71.0	77.8	Worse	30.63	33.83	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose bathing improved	73.3	79.8	Worse	32.18	32.34	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Home health patients who had improvement in upper body dressing	72.5	79.4	Worse	33.50	34.33	2017	OASIS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Home health patients who had improvement in toileting	68.2	76.6	Worse	35.90	41.79	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Women ages 21-65 who received a Pap smear in the last 3 years	73.6	80.7	Worse	36.79	2.84	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose ability to get in and out of bed improved	68.7	77.2	Worse	37.28	42.29	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents with physical restraints	0.5	0.4	Worse	45.95	3.33	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Adults age 65 and over who ever received pneumococcal vaccination	54.7	70.9	Worse	55.67	4.17	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Home health patients who had influenza vaccination during flu season	93.4	95.9	Worse	60.98	24.51	2017	OASIS

Table 12. Affordable Care Measures for Asian vs. White

For Affordable Care measures, Asians experienced better quality care compared with Whites for 2 measures. Asians did not experience the same or worse quality of care for any measure, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Affordable Care	People without a usual source of care who indicated a financial or insurance reason for not having a source of care	7.6	13.2	Better	-42.42	-2.39	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People under age 65 whose family's health insurance premium and out-of-pocket medical expenditures were more than 10% of total family income	11.7	17.0	Better	-31.35	-3.99	2017	MEPS

Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander vs. White

Table 13. Patient Safety Measures for NHPI vs. White

For Patient Safety measures, NHPIs experienced better quality care compared with Whites for 2 measures, the same quality of care for 8 measures, and worse quality for 2 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Adults who reported a home health provider asking to see all the prescription and over-the-counter medicines they were taking, when they first started getting home health care	84.2	75.1	Better	-36.55	-11.37	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Long-stay nursing home residents with a urinary tract infection	1.7	2.4	Better	-30.54	-2.35	2017	MDS
Patient Safety	Low-risk, long-stay nursing home residents with a catheter inserted and left in the bladder	2.4	2.8	Same	-11.96	-0.85	2017	MDS
Patient Safety	Adults who reported that home health providers talked with them about when to take medicines in the last 2 months of care	30.6	28.5	Same	-2.94	-2.10	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Adults home health patients age 18 and over who reported that home health providers talked with them about the side effects of medicines in the last 2 months of care	26.5	24.4	Same	-2.78	-2.33	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Adults who reported a home health provider talking with them about all the prescription and over-the-counter medicines they were taking when they first started getting home health care	84.1	84.0	Same	-0.62	-0.12	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Adults who reported that home health providers talked with them about the purpose for taking their new or changed prescription medicines in the last 2 months of care	31.4	31.4	Same	0.00	0.00	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Adults who reported a home health provider talking with them about how to set up their home so they can move around safely when they first started getting home health care	75.6	77.1	Same	6.55	1.67	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Short-stay nursing home patients with pressure ulcers that are new or worsened	0.4	0.4	Same	7.50	0.33	2017	MDS
Patient Safety	High-risk, long-stay nursing home patients with pressure ulcer	5.2	4.3	Same	22.54	1.52	2017	MDS
Patient Safety	Home health care patients whose management of oral medications improved	62.4	68.9	Worse	20.90	9.28	2017	OASIS
Patient Safety	Home health care patients whose surgical wound was improved	88.5	91.9	Worse	41.98	3.09	2017	OASIS

Table 14. Person-Centered Care Measures for NHPI vs. White

For Person-Centered Care measures, NHPIs experienced better quality care compared with Whites for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 12 measures, and worse quality for 4 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z- Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Adult hospital patients who sometimes or never had good communication about medications they received in the hospital	8.1	10.7	Better	-24.30	-8.65	2018	HCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Family caregivers who would definitely recommend this hospice to their friends and family	86.2	85.2	Same	-6.76	-0.62	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported getting the help or advice they needed when they contacted their home health providers in the last 2 months of care	27.5	24.2	Same	-4.35	-3.67	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Hospice patients and family caregivers who always got help as soon as they need from hospice care team	78.4	77.8	Same	-2.70	-0.35	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Hospice patients whose hospice care team always communicated well with their family caregivers about taking care them	80.7	80.2	Same	-2.53	-0.38	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Hospice patients whose hospice care team always treated them with dignity and respect, and really cared about them	90.0	90.1	Same	1.01	0.09	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Hospice patients who always received enough helps for pain, sadness, breathing, or constipations from hospice care team	74.8	75.3	Same	2.02	0.29	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers always kept them informed about when they would arrive at their home in the last 2 months of care	79.3	80.0	Same	3.50	0.78	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported being told what care and services they would get when they first started getting home health care	89.0	89.7	Same	6.80	1.00	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers always listen carefully to them in the last 2 months of care	83.8	85.0	Same	8.00	1.50	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Family caregivers who rated the hospice care for their family member best (9-10) on a scale of 0-10 (where 0 is the worst and 10 is the best)	79.1	80.9	Same	9.42	1.00	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers talk about pain in the last 2 months of care	89.1	90.3	Same	12.37	1.71	2018	HHCAHPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z- Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Family caregivers who received right amount of emotional and spiritual supports from hospice care team	88.3	90.0	Same	17.00	1.55	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers always explained things in a way that was easy to understand in the last 2 months of care	81.0	84.3	Worse	21.02	4.12	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who did not have any problem with the care they received from their home health providers in the last 2 months of care	90.9	93.7	Worse	44.44	4.66	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers always treated them as gently as possible in the last 2 months of care	87.0	91.0	Worse	44.44	5.71	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers always treated them with courtesy and respect in the last 2 months of care	91.0	94.3	Worse	57.89	5.50	2018	HHCAHPS

Table 15. Care Coordination Measures for NHPI vs. White

For Care Coordination measures, NHPIs experienced better quality care compared with Whites for 2 measures, the same quality of care for 2 measures, and worse quality for 2 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Home health care patients who had an emergency department visit and then hospitalized	10.4	12.1	Better	-14.05	-4.24	2017	OASIS
Care Coordination	Home health care patients who had to be admitted to the hospital	12.1	13.9	Better	-12.95	-4.49	2017	OASIS
Care Coordination	Adult hospital patients who strongly disagree or disagree that staff took their preferences and those of their family and caregiver into account when deciding what the patients discharge health care would be	5.5	5.4	Same	0.37	0.08	2018	HCAHPS
Care Coordination	Adult hospital patients who did not receive good communication about discharge information	11.1	10.2	Same	8.82	2.99	2018	HCAHPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Adults who reported that home health providers always seem informed and up-to-date about all the cares or treatments they got at home in the last 2 months of care	61.5	65.6	Worse	11.92	4.10	2018	HHCAHPS
Care Coordination	Home health care patients who had an emergency department visit without a hospitalization	4.7	4.0	Worse	17.75	2.73	2017	OASIS

Table 16. Effectiveness of Care Measures for NHPI vs. White

For Effectiveness of Care measures, NHPIs experienced better quality care compared with Whites for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 5 measures, and worse quality for 4 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Women with clinical Stage I-IIb breast cancer who received axillary node dissection or sentinel lymph node biopsy (SLNB) at the time of surgery (lumpectomy or mastectomy)	97.7	93.9	Better	-62.30	-2.91	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Patients with colon cancer who received surgical resection of colon cancer that included at least 12 lymph nodes pathologically examined	94.6	92.5	Same	-28.00	-0.55	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Patients with tuberculosis who completed a curative course of treatment within 1 year of initiation of treatment	89.9	87.6	Same	-18.55	-0.63	2016	NTBSS
Effectiveness of Care	Long-stay nursing home residents have depressive symptoms	3.8	4.5	Same	-16.11	-1.44	2017	MDS
Effectiveness of Care	Acute ischemic stroke patients for whom IV thrombolytic therapy was initiated at hospital within 3 hours (less than or equal to 180 minutes) of time last known well	89.0	88.5	Same	-4.35	-0.13	2016	HIQR
Effectiveness of Care	Women under age 70 treated for breast cancer with breast- conserving surgery who received radiation therapy to the breast within 1 year of diagnosis	89.2	93.0	Same	54.29	1.05	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Persons age 13 and over living with diagnosed HIV whose most recent viral load in the last 12 months was under 200 copies/mL	63.4	67.8	Worse	13.66	2.44	2016	HIV_AIDSSS
Effectiveness of Care	Persons age 13 and over living with diagnosed HIV who had at least two CD4 or viral load tests performed at least 3	51.0	59.3	Worse	20.39	4.36	2016	HIV_AIDSSS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
	months apart during the last year, among reporting jurisdictions							
Effectiveness of Care	New HIV cases per 100,000 population age 13 and over	8.9	5.9	Worse	50.85	2.14	2016	HIV_AIDSSS
Effectiveness of Care	Persons age 13 and over living with HIV who know their serostatus	82.4	88.5	Worse	53.04	5.52	2016	HIV_AIDSSS

Table 17. Healthy Living Measures for NHPI vs. White

For Healthy Living measures, NHPIs experienced better quality care compared with Whites for 5 measures, the same quality of care for 10 measures, and worse quality for 12 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Short-stay nursing home residents with moderate to severe pain	8.1	11.7	Better	-30.77	-7.19	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents with moderate to severe pain	4.8	6.9	Better	-30.72	-3.36	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents whose need for help with daily activities increased	15.9	21.1	Better	-24.64	-3.99	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents with too much weight loss	4.3	5.5	Better	-21.65	-2.40	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients who stayed at home after an episode of home health care	85.0	82.1	Better	-16.20	-7.24	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 3 or more doses of hepatitis B vaccine	94.5	91.6	Same	-34.52	-1.18	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 16-17 who received 1 or more doses of tetanus toxoid, reduced diphtheria toxoid, and acellular pertussis (Tdap) since the age of ten years	92.8	89.5	Same	-31.43	-0.81	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents whose ability to move independently worsened	22.0	24.5	Same	-10.20	-1.56	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 1 or more doses of measles-mumps-rubella vaccine	91.5	91.4	Same	-1.16	-0.03	2016	NIS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose pain when moving around decreased	77.7	79.1	Same	6.70	2.33	2017	OASIS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose shortness of breath decreased	77.2	78.8	Same	7.55	2.28	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home patients who were assessed and appropriately given the seasonal influenza vaccine	91.1	92.0	Same	11.25	1.12	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 3 or more doses of polio vaccine	92.2	93.0	Same	11.43	0.27	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood cholesterol measurement in the last 5 years	84.3	87.3	Same	23.62	0.79	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 1 or more doses of varicella vaccine	87.2	91.2	Same	45.45	1.02	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Short-stay nursing home residents who were assessed for pneumococcal vaccination	85.3	87.0	Worse	13.08	3.40	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose ability to get in and out of bed improved	73.0	77.2	Worse	18.42	7.00	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose ability to walk or move around improved	73.5	77.8	Worse	19.37	7.16	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Home health patients who had improvement in upper body dressing	74.9	79.4	Worse	21.84	7.50	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Home health patients who had pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccination	84.0	86.9	Worse	22.14	5.80	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Home health patients who had improvement in toileting	71.4	76.6	Worse	22.22	8.66	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents who were assessed for pneumococcal vaccination	91.6	93.2	Worse	23.53	2.28	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose bathing improved	74.8	79.8	Worse	24.75	8.33	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Short-stay nursing home patients who had flu vaccination appropriately given	85.2	88.3	Worse	26.50	4.43	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Home health patients who had influenza vaccination during flu season	94.7	95.9	Worse	29.27	3.00	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Hospital patients who received influenza vaccination	88.7	93.8	Worse	82.26	10.19	2017	HIQR
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood pressure measurement in the last 2 years and can state whether the Alir blood pressure was normal or high	77.0	92.8	Worse	219.44	3.43	2017	NHIS

American Indian/Alaska Native vs. White

Table 18. Patient Safety Measures for Al/AN vs. White

For Patient Safety measures, AI/AN experienced better quality care compared with Whites for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 10 measures, and worse quality for 2 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Adults who reported a home health provider asking to see all the prescription and over-the-counter medicines they were taking, when they first started getting home health care	82.1	75.1	Better	-28.11	-17.48	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Adults home health patients age 18 and over who reported that home health providers talked with them about the side effects of medicines in the last 2 months of care	27.9	24.4	Same	-4.63	-6.99	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Adults who reported that home health providers talked with them about when to take medicines in the last 2 months of care	31.7	28.5	Same	-4.48	-6.39	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Adults who reported that home health providers talked with them about the purpose for taking their new or changed prescription medicines in the last 2 months of care	33.5	31.4	Same	-3.06	-4.20	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Long-stay nursing home patients experiencing one or more falls with major injury	0.7	0.7	Same	-1.45	-0.08	2017	MDS
Patient Safety	Adults who reported a home health provider talking with them about all the prescription and over-the-counter medicines they were taking when they first started getting home health care	84.2	84.0	Same	-1.25	-0.50	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Home health care patients whose management of oral medications improved	67.3	68.9	Same	5.14	3.20	2017	OASIS
Patient Safety	Adults who reported a home health provider talking with them about how to set up their home so they can move around safely when they first started getting home health care	75.0	77.1	Same	9.17	4.20	2018	HHCAHPS
Patient Safety	Home health care patients whose surgical wound was improved	90.8	91.9	Same	13.58	1.57	2017	OASIS
Patient Safety	Long-stay nursing home residents with a urinary tract infection	2.7	2.4	Same	14.23	1.41	2017	MDS
Patient Safety	Low-risk, long-stay nursing home residents with a catheter inserted and left in the bladder	3.3	2.8	Same	18.48	1.88	2017	MDS
Patient Safety	Short-stay nursing home patients with pressure ulcers that are new or worsened	0.6	0.4	Worse	50.00	2.75	2017	MDS
Patient Safety	High-risk, long-stay nursing home patients with pressure ulcer	8.0	4.3	Worse	87.32	7.43	2017	MDS

2019 National Healthcare Quality and Disparities Report Table 19. Person-Centered Care Measures for Al/AN vs. White

For Person-Centered Care measures, AI/AN experienced better quality care compared with Whites for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 6 measures, and worse quality for 14 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Adult hospital patients who sometimes or never had good communication about medications they received in the hospital	9.3	10.7	Better	-13.08	-6.97	2018	HCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported getting the help or advice they needed when they contacted their home health providers in the last 2 months of care	29.1	24.2	Same	-6.46	-9.79	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Family members who definitely received trainings about taking care their family member from hospice care team	73.4	73.1	Same	-1.12	-0.27	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Hospice patients whose hospice care team always communicated well with their family caregivers about taking care them	79.7	80.2	Same	2.53	0.62	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Hospice patients who always received enough helps for pain, sadness, breathing, or constipations from hospice care team	73.6	75.3	Same	6.88	1.69	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Hospice patients and family caregivers who always got help as soon as they need from hospice care team	76.2	77.8	Same	7.21	1.45	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers talk about pain in the last 2 months of care	89.5	90.3	Same	8.25	2.66	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers always kept them informed about when they would arrive at their home in the last 2 months of care	78.0	80.0	Worse	10.00	4.00	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Family caregivers who rated the hospice care for their family member best (9-10) on a scale of 0-10 (where 0 is the worst and 10 is the best)	78.2	80.9	Worse	14.14	2.44	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers always listen carefully to them in the last 2 months of care	82.7	85.0	Worse	15.33	5.74	2018	HHCAHPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers always explained things in a way that was easy to understand in the last 2 months of care	81.1	84.3	Worse	20.38	7.99	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Family caregivers who would definitely recommend this hospice to their friends and family	81.6	85.2	Worse	24.32	3.26	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Hospice patients whose hospice care team always treated them with dignity and respect, and really cared about them	87.2	90.1	Worse	29.29	3.62	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported being told what care and services they would get when they first started getting home health care	86.5	89.7	Worse	31.07	7.99	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers always treated them as gently as possible in the last 2 months of care	87.9	91.0	Worse	34.44	7.74	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Family caregivers who received right amount of emotional and spiritual supports from hospice care team	85.5	90.0	Worse	45.00	5.00	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who did not have any problem with the care they received from their home health providers in the last 2 months of care	90.6	93.7	Worse	49.21	10.31	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who reported that home health providers always treated them with courtesy and respect in the last 2 months of care	91.2	94.3	Worse	54.39	10.31	2018	HHCAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Rating of health care 0-6 on a scale from 0 to 10 (best grade) by adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months	25.6	9.4	Worse	172.34	2.28	2016	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never spent enough time with them	28.0	8.5	Worse	229.41	2.91	2016	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never explained things in a way they could understand	19.1	4.8	Worse	297.08	2.66	2016	MEPS

Table 20. Care Coordination Measures for Al/AN vs. White

For Care Coordination measures, AI/AN experienced better quality care compared with Whites for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 1 measure, and worse quality for 5 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	People with a usual source of care who usually asks about prescription medications and treatments from other doctors	91.6	82.1	Better	-53.07	-3.84	2017	MEPS
Care Coordination	Adults who reported that home health providers always seem informed and up-to-date about all the cares or treatments they got at home in the last 2 months of care	62.6	65.6	Same	8.72	6.00	2018	HHCAHPS
Care Coordination	Home health care patients who had to be admitted to the hospital	15.6	13.9	Worse	12.23	5.65	2017	OASIS
Care Coordination	Adult hospital patients who did not receive good communication about discharge information	11.6	10.2	Worse	13.73	6.97	2018	HCAHPS
Care Coordination	Home health care patients who had an emergency department visit and then hospitalized	13.8	12.1	Worse	14.05	5.65	2017	OASIS
Care Coordination	Home health care patients who had an emergency department visit without a hospitalization	5.1	4.0	Worse	28.50	5.69	2017	OASIS
Care Coordination	Adult hospital patients who strongly disagree or disagree that staff took their preferences and those of their family and caregiver into account when deciding what the patients discharge health care would be	7.7	5.4	Worse	41.73	13.26	2018	HCAHPS

Table 21. Effectiveness of Care Measures for Al/AN vs. White

For Effectiveness of Care measures, AI/AN experienced better quality care compared with Whites for 7 measures, the same quality of care for 10 measures, and worse quality for 8 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Women with clinical Stage I-IIb breast cancer who received axillary node dissection or sentinel lymph node biopsy (SLNB) at the time of surgery (lumpectomy or mastectomy)	96.9	93.9	Better	-49.18	-2.30	2016	NCDB

		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative		Data	Data
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Source
Effectiveness of Care	Breast cancer deaths per 100,000 female population per year	11.4	19.4	Better	-41.24	-9.92	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Lung cancer deaths per 100,000 population per year	23.5	37.5	Better	-37.33	-15.46	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Adult hemodialysis patients who use arteriovenous fistulas as the primary mode of vascular access	76.6	67.6	Better	-27.78	-14.33	2017	USRDS
Effectiveness of Care	Colorectal cancer deaths per 100,000 population per year	11.0	13.5	Better	-18.52	-4.11	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Suicide deaths among persons age 12 and over per 100,000 population	16.3	19.2	Better	-15.10	-4.10	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Long-stay nursing home residents have depressive symptoms	3.8	4.5	Better	-14.32	-2.12	2017	MDS
Effectiveness of Care	Patients with colon cancer who received surgical resection of colon cancer that included at least 12 lymph nodes pathologically examined	93.8	92.5	Same	-17.33	-0.48	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Percent of hemodialysis patients whose hemoglobin level is less than 10 g/dL	19.8	20.6	Same	-3.88	-3.98	2018	UMKECC
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for alcohol problem who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	8.2	7.5	Same	-0.76	-0.22	2016	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	HIV infection deaths per 100,000 population	0.9	0.9	Same	0.00	0.00	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Adult hemodialysis patients with adequate dialysis - (Kt/V) 12 or higher	96.7	96.7	Same	0.00	0.00	2018	UMKECC
Effectiveness of Care	Dialysis patients who were registered on a waiting list for transplantation	12.6	16.6	Same	4.80	3.92	2017	USRDS
Effectiveness of Care	Persons age 13 and over living with diagnosed HIV who had at least two CD4 or viral load tests performed at least 3 months apart during the last year, among reporting jurisdictions	56.2	59.3	Same	7.62	2.81	2016	HIV_AIDSSS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with chronic joint symptoms who have ever seen a doctor or other health professional for joint symptoms	70.5	73.4	Same	10.90	0.49	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	Patients with tuberculosis who completed a curative course of treatment within 1 year of initiation of treatment	83.8	87.6	Same	30.65	1.04	2016	NTBSS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Women under age 70 treated for breast cancer with breast-conserving surgery who received radiation therapy to the breast within 1 year of diagnosis	90.7	93.0	Same	32.86	0.85	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Patients with treated chronic kidney failure who received a transplant within 3 years of date of renal failure	6.4	15.1	Worse	10.25	10.90	2014	USRDS
Effectiveness of Care	Adult end stage renal disease (ESRD) patients who saw a nephrologist at least 12 months prior to initiation of renal replacement therapy	30.7	38.9	Worse	13.42	5.80	2017	USRDS
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for illicit drug use and who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	5.0	17.5	Worse	15.15	4.73	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Persons age 13 and over living with diagnosed HIV whose most recent viral load in the last 12 months was under 200 copies/mL	59.6	67.8	Worse	25.47	7.42	2016	HIV_AIDSSS
Effectiveness of Care	Persons age 13 and over living with HIV who know their serostatus	81.6	88.5	Worse	60.00	11.34	2016	HIV_AIDSSS
Effectiveness of Care	Acute ischemic stroke patients for whom IV thrombolytic therapy was initiated at hospital within 3 hours (less than or equal to 180 minutes) of time last known well	80.3	88.5	Worse	71.30	2.34	2016	HIQR
Effectiveness of Care	Adjusted incident rates of end stage renal disease (ESRD) due to diabetes per million population	274.9	138.4	Worse	98.63	14.48	2017	USRDS
Effectiveness of Care	New HIV cases per 100,000 population age 13 and over	11.9	5.9	Worse	101.69	7.44	2016	HIV_AIDSSS

Table 22. Healthy Living Measures for Al/AN vs. White

For Healthy Living measures, AI/AN experienced better quality care compared with Whites for 3 measures, the same quality of care for 28 measures, and worse quality for 18 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Breast cancer diagnosed at advanced stage (regional, distant stage, or local stage with tumor greater than 2 cm) per 100,000 women age 40 and over	56.0	84.3	Better	-33.57	-10.76	2016	NPCR_USCS

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Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Cervical cancer diagnosed at advanced stage (all invasive tumors) per 100,000 women age 20 and over	7.9	10.6	Better	-25.47	-3.82	2016	NPCR_USCS
Healthy Living	Colorectal cancer diagnosed at advanced stage (tumors diagnosed at regional or distant stage) per 100,000 population age 50 and over	52.9	63.7	Better	-16.95	-4.29	2016	NPCR_USCS
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 13-15 who received 1 or more doses of tetanus toxoid, reduced diphtheria toxoid, and acellular pertussis (Tdap) since the age of ten years	92.2	88.4	Same	-32.76	-1.36	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 16-17 who received 1 or more doses of meningococcal conjugate vaccine	85.7	82.8	Same	-16.86	-0.71	2016	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 3 or more doses of polio vaccine	93.8	93.0	Same	-11.43	-0.34	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18-64 at high risk (e.g., COPD) who ever received pneumococcal vaccination	31.0	22.5	Same	-10.97	-1.75	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 4 or more doses of diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis vaccine	86.0	84.4	Same	-10.26	-0.57	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents with too much weight loss	5.0	5.5	Same	-8.81	-1.49	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents whose ability to move independently worsened	22.5	24.5	Same	-8.16	-2.21	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents whose need for help with daily activities increased	20.1	21.1	Same	-4.74	-1.24	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home patients who were assessed and appropriately given the seasonal influenza vaccine	92.2	92.0	Same	-2.50	-0.50	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 16-17 who received 1 or more doses of tetanus toxoid, reduced diphtheria toxoid, and acellular pertussis (Tdap) since the age of ten years	88.4	88.2	Same	-1.69	-0.05	2016	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children ages 6 months to 17 years who received influenza vaccination in the last flu season	50.4	52.7	Same	4.86	0.25	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18 and over who received influenza vaccination in the last flu season	44.0	47.1	Same	5.86	0.60	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Home health patients who had improvement in toileting	74.8	76.6	Same	7.69	3.60	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients who stayed at home after an episode of home health care	80.7	82.1	Same	7.82	4.66	2017	OASIS

		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative		Data	
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Home health patients who had improvement in upper body dressing	77.6	79.4	Same	8.74	4.49	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose bathing improved	77.8	79.8	Same	9.90	4.99	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Adults age 65 and over who ever received pneumococcal vaccination	67.6	70.9	Same	11.34	0.50	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood pressure measurement in the last 2 years and can state whether their blood pressure was normal or high	91.9	92.8	Same	12.50	0.42	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults age 65 and over who received an influenza vaccination in the last flu season	69.6	73.2	Same	13.43	0.28	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood cholesterol measurement in the last 5 years	85.4	87.3	Same	14.96	0.93	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 1 or more doses of varicella vaccine	89.2	91.2	Same	22.73	0.43	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18-64 at high risk (e.g., COPD) who received an influenza vaccination in the last flu season	39.7	51.2	Same	23.57	1.15	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 1 or more doses of measles-mumps-rubella vaccine	89.9	92.0	Same	26.25	0.45	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents with physical restraints	0.5	0.4	Same	29.73	1.09	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Women ages 50-74 who received a mammogram in the last 2 years	64.4	73.0	Same	31.85	1.02	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 3 or more doses of hepatitis B vaccine	88.8	91.6	Same	33.33	0.58	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Women ages 21-65 who received a Pap smear in the last 3 years	71.7	80.7	Same	46.63	1.49	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children who had their height and weight measured by a health provider within the past 2 years	86.8	93.7	Same	109.52	1.04	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose ability to get in and out of bed improved	74.7	77.2	Worse	10.96	6.24	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose shortness of breath decreased	76.2	78.8	Worse	12.26	5.20	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Live-born infants with low birth weight (less than 2,500 g)	8.0	7.1	Worse	12.68	8.83	2018	NVSS_N

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose pain when moving around decreased	76.0	79.1	Worse	14.83	7.74	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose ability to walk or move around improved	74.5	77.8	Worse	14.86	8.24	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Adolescent males ages 13-15 who received 3 or more doses of human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine	13.5	29.7	Worse	23.04	3.85	2016	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Adults who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	31.3	44.4	Worse	23.56	2.36	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with a dental visit in the calendar year	18.7	36.6	Worse	28.23	3.41	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Short-stay nursing home patients who had flu vaccination appropriately given	84.8	88.3	Worse	29.91	8.74	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Short-stay nursing home residents with moderate to severe pain	15.4	11.7	Worse	31.62	9.24	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Short-stay nursing home residents who were assessed for pneumococcal vaccination	82.1	87.0	Worse	37.69	12.23	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Home health patients who had pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccination	81.7	86.9	Worse	39.69	12.98	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Home health patients who had influenza vaccination during flu season	94.1	95.9	Worse	43.90	5.99	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents who were assessed for pneumococcal vaccination	90.0	93.2	Worse	47.06	7.99	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents with moderate to severe pain	10.5	6.9	Worse	51.88	6.87	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Children ages 0-17 with wellness checkup in the past 12 months	75.3	86.1	Worse	77.70	2.19	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Infant mortality per 1,000 live births, birth weight 2,500 grams or more	3.9	1.8	Worse	116.67	6.98	2017	NVSS_L
Healthy Living	Hospital patients who received influenza vaccination	83.3	93.8	Worse	169.35	34.92	2017	HIQR

Table 23. Affordable Care Measures for Al/AN vs. White

For Affordable Care measures, there was only 1 measure, which shows AI/ANs receiving the same care as Whites, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Affordable Care	People under age 65 whose family's health insurance premium and out-of-pocket medical expenditures were more than 10% of total family income	19.9	17.0	Same	17.50	0.52	2017	MEPS

Hispanic vs. Non-Hispanic White

Table 24. Patient Safety Measures for Hispanic vs. Non-Hispanic White

For Patient Safety measures, Hispanics experienced better quality care compared with non-Hispanic Whites for 9 measures, the same quality of care for 13 measures, and worse quality for 4 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Adult surgery patients with postoperative venous thromboembolic events	0.0	0.5	Better	-100.00	-4.51	2016	MPSMS
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with expected low- mortality	0.1	0.2	Better	-58.33	-9.90	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative hip fracture per 1,000 surgical admissions who were not susceptible to falling, adults	0.1	0.1	Better	-50.00	-2.24	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Reclosure of postoperative abdominal wound dehiscence per 1,000 abdominopelvic-surgery admissions of length 2 or more days, adults	0.4	0.7	Better	-44.44	-6.40	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Long-stay nursing home patients experiencing one or more falls with major injury	0.5	0.7	Better	-31.88	-6.96	2017	MDS
Patient Safety	Long-stay nursing home residents with a urinary tract infection	1.7	2.4	Better	-30.54	-13.56	2017	MDS
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with iatrogenic pneumothorax per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	0.2	0.2	Better	-28.57	-2.68	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Birth trauma - injury to neonate per 1,000 selected live births	4.6	5.3	Better	-12.64	-2.32	2017	HCUP

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Postoperative pulmonary embolism (PE) or deep vein thrombosis (DVT) per 1,000 surgical hospital discharges, adults	2.9	3.2	Better	-10.80	-2.90	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Adults age 65 and over who received in the calendar year at least 1 of 33 potentially inappropriate prescription medications for older adults	8.2	10.1	Same	-18.81	-1.29	2017	MEPS
Patient Safety	Hospital patients who received a hypoglycemic agent who had an adverse drug events with hypoglycemic agents	5.5	6.7	Same	-18.41	-0.93	2017	MPSMS
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with central venous catheter-related bloodstream infection per 1,000 medical and surgical discharges of length 2 or more days, adults age 18 and over or obstetric admissions	0.1	0.1	Same	-11.11	-0.45	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative physiologic and metabolic derangements per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	0.8	0.9	Same	-8.24	-0.92	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Short-stay nursing home patients with pressure ulcers that are new or worsened	0.4	0.4	Same	-5.00	-0.71	2017	MDS
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	1.0	1.1	Same	-1.89	-0.30	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Low-risk, long-stay nursing home residents with a catheter inserted and left in the bladder	2.8	2.8	Same	-0.36	-0.14	2017	MDS
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, children	0.3	0.3	Same	0.00	0.00	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions having developed specified complications of care during hospitalization, adults ages 18-89 or obstetric admissions	150.3	147.0	Same	2.24	1.04	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative respiratory failure per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	4.5	4.4	Same	3.89	0.76	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative acute kidney injury requiring dialysis per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	2.2	2.1	Same	6.67	1.57	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Adult surgery patients with catheter-associated urinary tract infection	2.6	2.2	Same	18.52	0.49	2016	MPSMS
Patient Safety	Adverse drug event with IV heparin in adult hospital patients who received an anticoagulant	11.9	6.8	Same	75.70	1.62	2016	MPSMS
Patient Safety	High-risk, long-stay nursing home patients with pressure ulcer	5.1	4.3	Worse	19.95	7.45	2017	MDS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Sepsis diagnoses per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions of length 4 or more days, adults	4.4	3.5	Worse	23.23	3.98	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Home health care patients whose surgical wound was improved	89.6	91.9	Worse	28.40	11.44	2017	OASIS
Patient Safety	Home health care patients whose management of oral medications improved	56.7	68.9	Worse	39.23	119.63	2017	OASIS

Table 25. Person-Centered Care Measures for Hispanic vs. Non-Hispanic White

For Person-Centered Care measures, Hispanics experienced better quality care compared with non-Hispanic Whites for 2 measures, the same quality of care for 9 measures, and worse quality for 6 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z- Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always asked them to describe how they will follow the instructions	35.0	23.7	Better	-14.81	-6.15	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Family members who definitely received trainings about taking care their family member from hospice care team	76.5	73.0	Better	-12.96	-8.49	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never showed respect for what they had to say	6.4	7.1	Same	-9.65	-0.96	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Hospice patients whose hospice care team always communicated well with their family caregivers about taking care them	80.9	80.2	Same	-3.54	-3.13	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always offered help in filling out forms	16.2	15.1	Same	-1.30	-0.63	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Hospice patients who always received enough helps for pain, sadness, breathing, or constipations from hospice care team	74.8	75.4	Same	2.44	1.90	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Family caregivers who rated the hospice care for their family member best (9-10) on a scale of 0-10 (where 0 is the worst and 10 is the best)	80.1	81.0	Same	4.74	2.85	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z- Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Rating of health care 0-6 on a scale from 0 to 10 (best grade) by adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months	12.8	12.2	Same	4.92	0.64	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Hospice patients and family caregivers who always got help as soon as they need from hospice care team	76.0	77.9	Same	8.60	4.61	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never listened carefully to them	9.0	8.1	Same	10.48	0.99	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never spent enough time with them	12.1	10.5	Same	15.24	1.79	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Hospice patients whose hospice care team always treated them with dignity and respect, and really cared about them	88.9	90.1	Worse	12.12	5.97	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Family caregivers who would definitely recommend this hospice to their friends and family	83.6	85.4	Worse	12.33	5.69	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always gave them easy-to-understand instructions about what to do for a specific illness or health conditions	68.4	74.4	Worse	23.44	2.96	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	People with a usual source of care whose providers sometimes or never asked them to help make decisions when there was a choice between treatments	19.0	13.5	Worse	40.74	5.08	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never explained things in a way they could understand	10.1	6.5	Worse	53.98	3.59	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Family caregivers who received right amount of emotional and spiritual supports from hospice care team	84.0	90.3	Worse	64.95	20.95	2018	HOSPICE_CAHPS

Table 26. Care Coordination Measures for Hispanic vs. Non-Hispanic White

For Care Coordination measures, Hispanics experienced better quality care compared with non-Hispanic Whites for 6 measures, the same quality of care for 6 measures, and worse quality for 5 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for community-acquired pneumonia per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	95.0	197.3	Better	-51.85	-20.49	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for chronic obstructive pulmonary disease or asthma per 100,000 population, adults age 40 and over	299.1	562.2	Better	-46.80	-14.92	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	103.7	169.2	Better	-38.71	-12.41	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, children ages 6-17	17.6	24.7	Better	-28.74	-2.95	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Home health care patients who had an emergency department visit without a hospitalization	3.0	4.0	Better	-24.75	-31.31	2017	OASIS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	45.3	55.4	Better	-18.23	-5.02	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Home health care patients who had an emergency department visit and then hospitalized	11.6	12.1	Same	-4.13	-4.90	2017	OASIS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, adults ages 18-39	24.8	23.6	Same	5.08	0.81	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for hypertension per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	46.7	44.4	Same	5.18	1.02	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	People with a usual source of care who usually asks about prescription medications and treatments from other doctors	80.8	82.3	Same	8.47	1.23	2017	MEPS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for uncontrolled diabetes without complications per 100,000 population, adults	39.6	36.4	Same	8.79	1.78	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for pediatric gastroenteritis per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	38.6	33.2	Same	16.27	1.46	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Home health care patients who had to be admitted to the hospital	15.4	13.9	Worse	10.79	14.71	2017	OASIS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for lower extremity amputations per 1,000 population, adults age 18 and over with diabetes	30.4	26.8	Worse	13.43	2.28	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for long-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	114.3	96.8	Worse	18.08	3.35	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	24.4	19.7	Worse	23.86	2.44	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, children ages 2-17	76.3	41.9	Worse	82.10	5.23	2017	HCUP

Table 27. Effectiveness of Care Measures for Hispanic vs. Non-Hispanic White

For Effectiveness of Care measures, Hispanics experienced better quality care compared with non-Hispanic Whites for 8 measures, the same quality of care for 18 measures, and worse quality for 15 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Suicide deaths among persons age 12 and over per 100,000 population	8.3	21.5	Better	-61.40	-93.34	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Lung cancer deaths per 100,000 population per year	15.6	39.9	Better	-60.90	-108.67	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Hospital admissions for heart failure per 100,000 population	244.0	436.7	Better	-44.13	-15.98	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Breast cancer deaths per 100,000 female population per year	13.4	20.0	Better	-33.00	-20.87	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with heart failure	21.9	31.3	Better	-30.03	-13.04	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Colorectal cancer deaths per 100,000 population per year	11.0	13.8	Better	-20.29	-12.52	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with pneumonia	21.9	27.1	Better	-19.19	-5.81	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adult hemodialysis patients who use arteriovenous fistulas as the primary mode of vascular access	70.9	66.1	Better	-14.16	-23.07	2017	USRDS
Effectiveness of Care	Patients with tuberculosis who completed a curative course of treatment within 1 year of initiation of treatment	88.3	86.1	Same	-15.83	-1.69	2016	NTBSS
Effectiveness of Care	Patients with colon cancer who received surgical resection of colon cancer that included at least 12 lymph nodes pathologically examined	93.6	92.5	Same	-14.67	-1.51	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over treated for substance abuse who completed treatment course	44.7	40.2	Same	-7.53	-40.25	2017	TEDSD
Effectiveness of Care	Women with clinical Stage I-IIb breast cancer who received axillary node dissection or sentinel lymph node biopsy (SLNB) at the time of surgery (lumpectomy or mastectomy)	94.3	93.9	Same	-6.56	-0.97	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Long-stay nursing home residents have depressive symptoms	4.2	4.5	Same	-6.04	-2.85	2017	MDS
Effectiveness of Care	Persons with current asthma who received written asthma management plans from their healthcare provider	34.2	33.8	Same	-0.60	-0.11	2018	NHIS

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Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with acute myocardial infarction (AMI)	50.4	50.5	Same	-0.20	-0.07	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Dialysis patients who were registered on a waiting list for transplantation	16.0	16.6	Same	0.72	1.66	2017	USRDS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes with blood pressure less than 130/80 mm Hg	52.7	53.1	Same	0.85	0.09	2016	NHANES
Effectiveness of Care	People with current asthma who are now taking preventive medicine daily or almost daily (either oral or inhaler)	22.0	22.9	Same	1.17	0.36	2016	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Persons age 13 and over living with diagnosed HIV who had at least two CD4 or viral load tests performed at least 3 months apart during the last year, among reporting jurisdictions	58.6	59.3	Same	1.72	4.95	2016	HIV_AIDSSS
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for alcohol problem who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	6.9	9.7	Same	3.10	1.05	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with hypertension with blood pressure less than 140/90 mm/Hg	14.9	19.8	Same	6.11	2.66	2016	NHANES
Effectiveness of Care	Patients with treated chronic kidney failure who received a transplant within 3 years of date of renal failure	10.1	16.9	Same	8.18	19.52	2014	USRDS
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) repair	43.1	38.0	Same	13.42	0.99	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a flu vaccination in the calendar year	56.9	62.5	Same	14.93	1.55	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a dilated eye examination in the calendar year	58.0	63.9	Same	16.34	1.53	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diabetes whose condition was diagnosed	75.5	81.1	Same	29.63	1.07	2016	NHANES
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for illicit drug use and who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	10.1	19.3	Worse	11.40	3.65	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA), adults age 40 and over	32.3	28.3	Worse	14.13	3.16	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Children ages 12-17 with a major depressive episode in the last 12 months who received treatment for depression in the last 12 months	37.9	46.1	Worse	15.21	2.54	2018	NSDUH

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Adult end stage renal disease (ESRD) patients who saw a nephrologist at least 12 months prior to initiation of renal replacement therapy	30.1	41.3	Worse	19.08	25.04	2017	USRDS
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with coronary artery bypass surgery, adults age 40 and over	29.8	24.9	Worse	19.68	2.54	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Persons age 13 and over living with diagnosed HIV whose most recent viral load in the last 12 months was under 200 copies/mL	61.3	67.8	Worse	20.19	45.96	2016	HIV_AIDSSS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with chronic joint symptoms who have ever seen a doctor or other health professional for joint symptoms	66.9	74.5	Worse	29.80	2.97	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who had their feet checked for sores or irritation in the calendar year	58.8	69.0	Worse	32.90	2.81	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Persons age 13 and over living with HIV who know their serostatus	83.3	88.5	Worse	45.22	36.77	2016	HIV_AIDSSS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with a major depressive episode in the last 12 months who received treatment for depression in the last 12 months	53.9	68.5	Worse	46.35	4.79	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received at least two hemoglobin A1c measurements in the calendar year	67.7	78.1	Worse	47.49	2.78	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Women under age 70 treated for breast cancer with breast-conserving surgery who received radiation therapy to the breast within 1 year of diagnosis	89.5	93.0	Worse	50.00	4.81	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Adjusted incident rates of end stage renal disease (ESRD) due to diabetes per million population	267.6	131.0	Worse	104.27	48.51	2017	USRDS
Effectiveness of Care	HIV infection deaths per 100,000 population	1.7	0.7	Worse	142.86	9.81	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	New HIV cases per 100,000 population age 13 and over	22.2	5.9	Worse	276.27	72.90	2016	HIV_AIDSSS

Table 28. Healthy Living Measures for Hispanic vs. Non-Hispanic White

For Healthy Living measures, Hispanics experienced better quality care compared with non-Hispanic Whites for 12 measures, the same quality of care for 31 measures, and worse quality for 28 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents with moderate to severe pain	3.4	6.9	Better	-50.58	-36.79	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Short-stay nursing home residents with moderate to severe pain	7.6	11.7	Better	-35.04	-40.20	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Children for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about how smoking in the house can be bad for a child	55.0	44.5	Better	-18.92	-4.64	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Breast cancer diagnosed at advanced stage (regional, distant stage, or local stage with tumor greater than 2 cm) per 100,000 women age 40 and over	71.3	87.9	Better	-18.89	-16.85	2016	NPCR_USCS
Healthy Living	Children over 80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using lap or shoulder belts when riding in a car	45.3	32.6	Better	-18.84	-3.71	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Infant mortality per 1,000 live births, birth weight 2,500 grams or more	1.6	1.9	Better	-15.79	-10.61	2017	NVSS_L
Healthy Living	Adolescents females ages 13-15 who received 3 or more doses human papillomavirus vaccine	45.9	36.3	Better	-15.07	-2.58	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children with obesity 2-19 years of age who had been told by a doctor or health professional that they were overweight	49.6	41.3	Better	-14.11	-2.01	2016	NHANES
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents whose ability to move independently worsened	21.3	24.5	Better	-13.06	-10.12	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Low-risk, long-stay nursing home residents with loss of control of bowels or bladder	67.5	76.6	Better	-11.88	-5.76	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional about eating fewer high-fat or high-cholesterol foods	52.1	46.5	Better	-10.47	-2.93	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Colorectal cancer diagnosed at advanced stage (tumors diagnosed at regional or distant stage) per 100,000 population age 50 and over	58.7	65.4	Better	-10.24	-7.84	2016	NPCR_USCS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 1 or more doses of varicella vaccine	91.8	90.3	Same	-15.46	-1.20	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 3 or more doses of polio vaccine	93.2	92.3	Same	-11.69	-0.80	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 1 or more doses of measles-mumps-rubella vaccine	92.2	91.2	Same	-11.36	-0.83	2017	NIS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 16-17 who received 1 or more doses of meningococcal conjugate vaccine	86.2	84.6	Same	-10.39	-0.65	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 4 or more doses of diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis vaccine	84.7	83.0	Same	-10.00	-1.05	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents whose need for help with daily activities increased	19.0	21.1	Same	-9.95	-9.39	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about the amount and kind of exercise, sports, or physically active hobbies they should have	53.4	48.3	Same	-9.86	-2.12	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents with too much weight loss	4.9	5.5	Same	-9.72	-5.59	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 13-15 who received 1 or more doses of meningococcal conjugate vaccine	85.9	84.5	Same	-9.03	-0.80	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children ages 6 months to 17 years who received influenza vaccination in the last flu season	55.8	51.6	Same	-8.68	-1.44	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adolescent males ages 16-17 who received 3 or more doses of human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine	12.4	4.5	Same	-8.27	-2.67	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Adolescent males ages 13-15 who received 3 or more doses of human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine	33.7	29.4	Same	-6.09	-1.46	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a helmet when riding a bicycle or motorcycle	43.3	39.8	Same	-5.81	-1.37	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about eating healthy	66.7	65.2	Same	-4.31	-0.68	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional to exercise more	63.0	62.1	Same	-2.37	-0.45	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 3 or more doses of hepatitis B vaccine	91.3	91.1	Same	-2.25	-0.15	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18-64 at high risk (e.g., COPD) who received an influenza vaccination in the last flu season	50.9	51.4	Same	1.03	0.10	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood cholesterol measurement in the last 5 years	87.1	87.3	Same	1.57	0.22	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients who stayed at home after an episode of home health care	81.8	82.1	Same	1.68	2.94	2017	OASIS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Children 41-80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a booster seat when riding in the car	47.4	48.9	Same	2.94	0.41	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Women ages 50-74 who received a mammogram in the last 2 years	71.5	73.1	Same	5.95	0.62	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18-64 at high risk (e.g., COPD) who ever received pneumococcal vaccination	18.3	23.5	Same	6.80	2.64	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Hospital admissions for immunization-preventable influenza per 100,000 population, adults age 65 and over	295.6	272.8	Same	8.36	1.35	2017	HCUP
Healthy Living	Live-born infants with low birth weight (less than 2,500 g)	7.5	6.9	Same	8.70	21.21	2018	NVSS_N
Healthy Living	Adolescents females ages 16-17 who received 3 or more doses human papillomavirus vaccine	48.7	53.2	Same	9.62	1.04	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Women ages 21-65 who received a Pap smear in the last 3 years	79.3	81.3	Same	10.70	1.21	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children 0-40 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a child safety seat while riding in the car	62.6	67.0	Same	13.33	1.24	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults age 65 and over who received an influenza vaccination in the last flu season	68.9	73.5	Same	17.36	0.78	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adult current smokers who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months who received advice to quit smoking from their providers	72.0	77.0	Same	21.74	1.16	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 13-15 who received 1 or more doses of tetanus toxoid, reduced diphtheria toxoid, and acellular pertussis (Tdap) since the age of ten years	86.9	89.3	Same	22.43	1.40	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 16-17 who received 1 or more doses of tetanus toxoid, reduced diphtheria toxoid, and acellular pertussis (Tdap) since the age of ten years	85.6	90.3	Same	48.45	1.95	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose pain when moving around decreased	76.5	79.1	Worse	12.44	25.50	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who had a dental visit in the calendar year	51.7	60.0	Worse	20.75	3.67	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	43.2	53.2	Worse	21.37	4.16	2017	MEPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18 and over who received influenza vaccination in the last flu season	38.0	49.2	Worse	22.05	6.55	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home patients who were assessed and appropriately given the seasonal influenza vaccine	90.2	92.0	Worse	22.50	17.65	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Short-stay nursing home residents who were assessed for pneumococcal vaccination	84.0	87.0	Worse	23.08	29.42	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Infants born in the calendar year who received breastfeeding through 3 months	42.0	52.9	Worse	23.14	4.87	2016	NIS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents who were assessed for pneumococcal vaccination	91.6	93.2	Worse	23.53	15.69	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Long-stay nursing home residents with physical restraints	0.5	0.4	Worse	27.03	3.16	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Children ages 3-5 who ever had their vision checked by a health provider	65.3	73.5	Worse	30.94	2.04	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 0-17 with wellness checkup in the past 12 months	83.2	87.2	Worse	31.25	3.12	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity age 20 and over who had been told by a doctor or health professional that they were overweight	64.8	73.2	Worse	31.34	4.04	2016	NHANES
Healthy Living	Adults with a dental visit in the calendar year	21.1	40.4	Worse	32.38	15.81	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Cervical cancer diagnosed at advanced stage (all invasive tumors) per 100,000 women age 20 and over	13.7	10.3	Worse	33.01	10.75	2016	NPCR_USCS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose shortness of breath decreased	71.4	78.8	Worse	34.91	72.56	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Home health patients who had improvement in upper body dressing	71.6	79.4	Worse	37.86	76.49	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose bathing improved	72.1	79.8	Worse	38.12	75.50	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	28.2	48.3	Worse	38.88	16.47	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Home health patients who had improvement in toileting	67.1	76.6	Worse	40.60	93.16	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose ability to walk or move around improved	68.2	77.8	Worse	43.24	94.14	2017	OASIS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Home health care patients whose ability to get in and out of bed improved	65.9	77.2	Worse	49.56	110.81	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Children who had their height and weight measured by a health provider within the past 2 years	93.0	95.5	Worse	55.56	3.20	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Short-stay nursing home patients who had flu vaccination appropriately given	81.7	88.3	Worse	56.41	64.72	2017	MDS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-19 with obesity	23.6	14.7	Worse	60.54	5.70	2016	NHANES
Healthy Living	Home health patients who had pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccination	78.3	86.9	Worse	65.65	84.33	2017	OASIS
Healthy Living	Adults age 65 and over who ever received pneumococcal vaccination	54.3	72.6	Worse	66.79	7.05	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood pressure measurement in the last 2 years and can state whether their blood pressure was normal or high	89.0	93.9	Worse	80.33	6.43	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Home health patients who had influenza vaccination during flu season	89.8	95.9	Worse	148.78	59.82	2017	OASIS

Table 29. Affordable Care Measures for Hispanic vs. Non-Hispanic White

For Affordable Care measures, Hispanics experienced better quality care compared with non-Hispanic Whites for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 1 measure, and worse quality for 3 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Affordable Care	People under age 65 whose family's health insurance premium and out-of-pocket medical expenditures were more than 10% of total family income	14.3	17.9	Better	-20.38	-3.51	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed dental care due to financial or insurance reasons	72.2	68.8	Same	4.94	0.75	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed prescription medicines due to financial or insurance reasons	68.7	53.9	Worse	27.46	2.39	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed medical care due to financial or insurance reasons	49.5	38.3	Worse	29.24	2.20	2017	MEPS

		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative		Data	Data
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Source
Affordable	People without a usual source of care who indicated a	20.6	10.3	Worse	100.00	6.19	2017	MEPS
Care	financial or insurance reason for not having a source of care							

Poor vs. High Income

Table 30. Patient Safety Measures for Poor vs. High Income

For Patient Safety measures, poor populations did not experience better quality care compared with high-income populations for any measure; they experienced same quality of care for 10 measures and worse quality for 5 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with iatrogenic pneumothorax per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	0.2	0.2	Same	-10.00	-1.41	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, children	0.3	0.3	Same	-3.33	-0.17	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	1.1	1.1	Same	-0.93	-0.18	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Birth trauma - injury to neonate per 1,000 selected live births	4.7	4.8	Same	-0.84	-0.14	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative hip fracture per 1,000 surgical admissions who were not susceptible to falling, adults	0.1	0.1	Same	0.00	0.00	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Adults age 65 and over who received in the calendar year at least 1 of 33 potentially inappropriate prescription medications for older adults	8.2	7.8	Same	5.13	0.26	2017	MEPS
Patient Safety	Postoperative acute kidney injury requiring dialysis per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	2.4	2.3	Same	5.78	1.41	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative pulmonary embolism (PE) or deep vein thrombosis (DVT) per 1,000 surgical hospital discharges, adults	3.5	3.3	Same	6.95	2.03	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions having developed specified complications of care during hospitalization, adults ages 18-89 or obstetric admissions	154.0	143.3	Same	7.47	3.68	2017	HCUP

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with central venous catheter-related bloodstream infection per 1,000 medical and surgical discharges of length 2 or more days, adults age 18 and over or obstetric admissions	0.1	0.1	Same	22.22	1.41	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative physiologic and metabolic derangements per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	1.0	0.7	Worse	35.14	4.06	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Sepsis diagnoses per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions of length 4 or more days, adults	4.5	3.1	Worse	43.95	8.10	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with expected low- mortality	0.2	0.2	Worse	53.33	5.66	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Reclosure of postoperative abdominal wound dehiscence per 1,000 abdominopelvic-surgery admissions of length 2 or more days, adults	0.7	0.5	Worse	57.45	4.77	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative respiratory failure per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	5.7	3.3	Worse	74.85	11.84	2017	HCUP

Table 31. Person-Centered Care Measures for Poor vs. High Income

For Person-Centered Care measures, poor populations experienced better quality care compared with high-income populations for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 3 measures, and worse quality for 7 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always asked them to describe how they will follow the instructions	31.9	24.0	Better	-10.39	-4.11	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always offered help in filling out forms	19.4	14.1	Same	-6.17	-3.12	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults with limited English proficiency and usual source of care (USC) and the USC had language assistance	92.3	91.9	Same	-4.94	-0.11	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults with limited English proficiency who had a usual source of care	65.2	70.0	Same	16.00	0.88	2017	MEPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	People with a usual source of care whose providers sometimes or never asked them to help make decisions when there was a choice between treatments	18.4	13.8	Worse	33.33	3.77	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never spent enough time with them	14.8	10.0	Worse	48.00	3.97	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always gave them easy-to-understand instructions about what to do for a specific illness or health conditions	64.2	76.6	Worse	52.99	6.30	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never listened carefully to them	11.8	7.0	Worse	68.28	4.53	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never showed respect for what they had to say	10.5	6.0	Worse	73.92	4.65	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never explained things in a way they could understand	11.4	6.1	Worse	87.36	4.96	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Rating of health care 0-6 on a scale from 0 to 10 (best grade) by adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months	21.6	9.4	Worse	129.79	8.76	2017	MEPS

Table 32. Care Coordination Measures for Poor vs. High Income

For Care Coordination measures, poor populations did not experience better quality care or the same quality of care compared with high-income populations for any measure; they experienced worse quality for 20 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for perforated appendix per 1,000 admissions with appendicitis, children	563.5	508.0	Worse	10.93	2.46	2016	HCUP
Care Coordination	People with a usual source of care who usually asks about prescription medications and treatments from other doctors	78.5	83.1	Worse	27.22	3.53	2017	MEPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Emergency department visits with a principal diagnosis related to substance abuse only, per 100,000 population	707.0	468.8	Worse	50.81	3.99	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for pediatric gastroenteritis per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	45.5	30.1	Worse	51.16	3.87	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Emergency department visits with a principal diagnosis related to mental health only per 100,000 population	1395.4	813.4	Worse	71.55	6.95	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	200.6	116.2	Worse	72.63	14.21	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, children ages 6-17	33.8	17.6	Worse	92.05	5.03	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for community-acquired pneumonia per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	230.6	119.8	Worse	92.49	18.20	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	29.4	14.5	Worse	102.76	7.67	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospitalizations and emergency department encounters for heart failure	726.0	344.2	Worse	110.92	9.43	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for long-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	172.8	66.0	Worse	161.82	22.11	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, adults ages 18-39	51.7	18.8	Worse	175.00	16.25	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, children ages 2-17	138.5	50.2	Worse	175.90	7.14	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for hypertension per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	106.0	37.1	Worse	185.71	22.01	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for uncontrolled diabetes without complications per 100,000 population, adults	76.0	26.2	Worse	190.08	22.27	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for chronic obstructive pulmonary disease or asthma per 100,000 population, adults age 40 and over	859.3	294.5	Worse	191.78	26.02	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Emergency department encounters for asthma, adults	605.8	207.6	Worse	191.81	10.44	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for lower extremity amputations per 1,000 population, adults age 18 and over with diabetes	49.3	16.8	Worse	193.45	21.34	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	101.0	32.9	Worse	206.99	27.15	2017	HCUP

		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative		Data	
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Data Source
Care	Emergency department encounters for asthma, children	1034.1	334.6	Worse	209.06	6.53	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Coordination	ages 2-17							

Table 33. Effectiveness of Care Measures for Poor vs. High Income

For Effectiveness of Care measures, poor populations experienced better quality care compared with high-income populations for 2 measures, the same quality of care for 16 measures, and worse quality for 8 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with heart failure	23.3	31.5	Better	-26.03	-11.37	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for alcohol problem who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	14.5	4.9	Better	-10.09	-4.37	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with chronic joint symptoms who have ever seen a doctor or other health professional for joint symptoms	75.2	73.1	Same	-7.81	-0.88	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for illicit drug use and who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	18.3	11.5	Same	-7.68	-2.53	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with pneumonia	24.9	26.8	Same	-7.09	-2.21	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Persons with current asthma who received written asthma management plans from their healthcare provider	36.6	35.2	Same	-2.16	-0.39	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	People with current asthma who are now taking preventive medicine daily or almost daily (either oral or inhaler)	22.8	21.3	Same	-1.91	-0.56	2016	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with hypertension with blood pressure less than 140/90 mm/Hg	19.4	18.1	Same	-1.59	-0.51	2016	NHANES
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with acute myocardial infarction (AMI)	50.1	50.9	Same	-1.57	-0.66	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) repair	39.2	38.6	Same	1.55	0.18	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Children ages 12-17 with a major depressive episode in the last 12 months who received treatment for depression in the last 12 months	41.8	43.9	Same	3.74	0.55	2018	NSDUH

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Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA), adults age 40 and over	29.9	28.3	Same	5.65	1.51	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with a major depressive episode in the last 12 months who received treatment for depression in the last 12 months	66.0	68.1	Same	6.58	0.80	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Women with clinical Stage I-IIb breast cancer who received axillary node dissection or sentinel lymph node biopsy (SLNB) at the time of surgery (lumpectomy or mastectomy)	94.0	94.4	Same	7.14	0.36	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received at least two hemoglobin A1c measurements in the calendar year	73.7	78.3	Same	21.20	1.03	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes with blood pressure less than 130/80 mm Hg	46.4	56.6	Same	23.50	1.67	2016	NHANES
Effectiveness of Care	Patients with colon cancer who received surgical resection of colon cancer that included at least 12 lymph nodes pathologically examined	92.7	95.5	Same	62.22	1.46	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diabetes whose condition was diagnosed	77.9	87.0	Same	70.00	1.40	2016	NHANES
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a flu vaccination in the calendar year	55.7	66.7	Worse	33.03	2.59	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with coronary artery bypass surgery, adults age 40 and over	29.1	21.8	Worse	33.49	5.16	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who had their feet checked for sores or irritation in the calendar year	61.4	72.2	Worse	38.85	2.68	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a dilated eye examination in the calendar year	53.8	69.7	Worse	52.48	3.74	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Women under age 70 treated for breast cancer with breast- conserving surgery who received radiation therapy to the breast within 1 year of diagnosis	89.2	93.1	Worse	56.52	1.98	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Emergency department visits involving opioid-related diagnoses per 100,000 population	328.8	172.1	Worse	91.05	6.18	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Effectiveness of Care	Hospital inpatient stays involving opioid-related diagnoses per 100,000 population	398.2	206.2	Worse	93.11	14.62	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Hospital admissions for heart failure per 100,000 population	625.5	304.1	Worse	105.69	18.87	2017	HCUP

2019 National Healthcare Quality and Disparities Report Table 34. Healthy Living Measures for Poor vs. High Income

For Healthy Living measures, poor populations experienced better quality care compared with high-income populations for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 17 measures, and worse quality for 27 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Children for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about how smoking in the house can be bad for a child	60.4	40.0	Better	-34.00	-7.21	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children 0-40 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a child safety seat while riding in the car	68.8	64.9	Same	-11.11	-1.02	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children over 80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using lap or shoulder belts when riding in a car	39.7	33.9	Same	-8.77	-1.58	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adolescent males ages 16-17 who received 3 or more doses of human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine	9.6	5.4	Same	-4.44	-1.58	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Adolescent males ages 13-15 who received 3 or more doses of human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine	33.3	30.3	Same	-4.30	-1.03	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18-64 at high risk (e.g., COPD) who ever received pneumococcal vaccination	24.3	21.4	Same	-3.69	-1.56	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adult current smokers who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months who received advice to quit smoking from their providers	75.8	75.7	Same	-0.41	-0.03	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adolescents females ages 13-15 who received 3 or more doses human papillomavirus vaccine	39.9	42.1	Same	3.80	0.64	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a helmet when riding a bicycle or motorcycle	39.1	42.1	Same	5.18	1.08	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 13-15 who received 1 or more doses of meningococcal conjugate vaccine	86.4	87.2	Same	6.25	0.49	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Hospital admissions for immunization-preventable influenza per 100,000 population, adults age 65 and over	295.7	273.9	Same	7.96	1.73	2017	HCUP
Healthy Living	Adolescents females ages 16-17 who received 3 or more doses human papillomavirus vaccine	49.9	54.3	Same	9.63	0.93	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about the amount and kind of	46.6	51.3	Same	9.65	1.62	2017	MEPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
	exercise, sports, or physically active hobbies they should have							
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional about eating fewer high-fat or high-cholesterol foods	45.7	50.5	Same	9.70	2.19	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional to exercise more	60.8	64.3	Same	9.80	1.52	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 16-17 who received 1 or more doses of meningococcal conjugate vaccine	84.0	85.7	Same	11.89	0.58	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 13-15 who received 1 or more doses of tetanus toxoid, reduced diphtheria toxoid, and acellular pertussis (Tdap) since the age of ten years	89.2	90.9	Same	18.68	1.08	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 16-17 who received 1 or more doses of tetanus toxoid, reduced diphtheria toxoid, and acellular pertussis (Tdap) since the age of ten years	86.4	89.3	Same	27.10	0.99	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about eating healthy	63.1	68.5	Worse	17.14	2.06	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children 41-80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a booster seat when riding in the car	43.0	51.9	Worse	18.50	2.05	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18-64 at high risk (e.g., COPD) who received an influenza vaccination in the last flu season	44.9	55.5	Worse	23.82	2.75	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity age 20 and over who had been told by a doctor or health professional that they were overweight	65.9	73.6	Worse	29.17	2.78	2016	NHANES
Healthy Living	Children ages 6 months to 17 years who received influenza vaccination in the last flu season	49.7	61.1	Worse	29.31	3.27	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18 and over who received influenza vaccination in the last flu season	37.5	52.0	Worse	30.21	8.99	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Infants born in the calendar year who received breastfeeding through 3 months	36.4	52.5	Worse	33.89	6.13	2016	NIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 3-5 who ever had their vision checked by a health provider	65.3	77.1	Worse	51.53	2.65	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	34.1	58.2	Worse	57.66	8.71	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with a dental visit in the calendar year	15.2	46.8	Worse	59.40	24.83	2017	MEPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Adults who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	24.0	53.8	Worse	64.50	21.91	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults age 65 and over who ever received pneumococcal vaccination	53.1	72.0	Worse	67.50	6.92	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 3 or more doses of hepatitis B vaccine	90.1	94.1	Worse	67.80	2.94	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Adults age 65 and over who received an influenza vaccination in the last flu season	60.1	76.6	Worse	70.51	4.78	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who had a dental visit in the calendar year	42.5	66.4	Worse	71.13	8.88	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 1 or more doses of varicella vaccine	89.1	93.8	Worse	75.81	3.32	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-19 with obesity	21.0	11.9	Worse	76.47	3.57	2016	NHANES
Healthy Living	Children ages 0-17 with wellness checkup in the past 12 months	83.0	90.4	Worse	77.08	4.59	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 4 or more doses of diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis vaccine	79.0	88.3	Worse	79.49	4.69	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood cholesterol measurement in the last 5 years	81.8	90.7	Worse	95.70	7.96	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood pressure measurement in the last 2 years and can state whether their blood pressure was normal or high	89.7	95.0	Worse	106.00	5.93	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Women ages 50-74 who received a mammogram in the last 2 years	57.8	79.9	Worse	109.95	8.50	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Women ages 21-65 who received a Pap smear in the last 3 years	69.8	85.9	Worse	114.18	7.81	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 1 or more doses of measles-mumps-rubella vaccine	88.9	94.9	Worse	117.65	4.46	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 3 or more doses of polio vaccine	91.7	96.2	Worse	118.42	4.50	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 5-17 with untreated dental caries	22.7	9.1	Worse	149.45	6.87	2016	NHANES
Healthy Living	Children who had their height and weight measured by a health provider within the past 2 years	91.8	96.9	Worse	164.52	4.95	2017	MEPS

Table 35. Affordable Care Measures for Poor vs. High Income

For Affordable Care measures, poor populations did not experience better quality care or the same quality of care compared with high-income populations for any measure; they experienced worse quality for 5 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed dental care due to financial or insurance reasons	76.5	56.0	Worse	36.61	4.46	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed prescription medicines due to financial or insurance reasons	71.2	40.7	Worse	74.94	5.80	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed medical care due to financial or insurance reasons	51.5	27.5	Worse	87.27	5.21	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People under age 65 whose family's health insurance premium and out-of-pocket medical expenditures were more than 10% of total family income	24.0	8.5	Worse	181.83	11.45	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People without a usual source of care who indicated a financial or insurance reason for not having a source of care	20.3	6.5	Worse	212.31	6.86	2017	MEPS

Low Income vs. High Income

Table 36. Patient Safety Measures for Low Income vs. High Income

For Patient Safety measures, low-income populations did not experience better quality care compared with high-income populations for any measure; they experienced the same quality of care for 9 measures and worse quality for 6 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Postoperative acute kidney injury requiring dialysis per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	2.1	2.3	Same	-4.89	-1.28	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative hip fracture per 1,000 surgical admissions who were not susceptible to falling, adults	0.1	0.1	Same	0.00	0.00	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with iatrogenic pneumothorax per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	0.2	0.2	Same	0.00	0.00	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	1.1	1.1	Same	0.93	0.18	2017	HCUP

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Postoperative pulmonary embolism (PE) or deep vein thrombosis (DVT) per 1,000 surgical hospital discharges, adults	3.4	3.3	Same	1.51	0.47	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions having developed specified complications of care during hospitalization, adults ages 18-89 or obstetric admissions	147.3	143.3	Same	2.79	1.35	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Birth trauma - injury to neonate per 1,000 selected live births	5.0	4.8	Same	4.60	0.76	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with central venous catheter-related bloodstream infection per 1,000 medical and surgical discharges of length 2 or more days, adults age 18 and over or obstetric admissions	0.1	0.1	Same	11.11	0.71	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, children	0.3	0.3	Same	13.33	0.62	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative physiologic and metabolic derangements per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	0.9	0.7	Worse	18.92	2.47	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Sepsis diagnoses per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions of length 4 or more days, adults	3.9	3.1	Worse	23.89	5.05	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with expected low- mortality	0.2	0.2	Worse	33.33	3.54	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Adults age 65 and over who received in the calendar year at least 1 of 33 potentially inappropriate prescription medications for older adults	11.0	7.8	Worse	41.03	2.22	2017	MEPS
Patient Safety	Postoperative respiratory failure per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	4.8	3.3	Worse	48.16	8.54	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Reclosure of postoperative abdominal wound dehiscence per 1,000 abdominopelvic-surgery admissions of length 2 or more days, adults	0.7	0.5	Worse	51.06	4.24	2017	HCUP

Table 37. Person-Centered Care Measures for Low Income vs. High Income

For Person-Centered Care measures, low-income populations did not experience better quality care compared with high-income populations for any measure; they experienced the same quality of care for 4 measures and worse quality for 7 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always asked them to describe how they will follow the instructions	31.2	24.0	Same	-9.47	-4.12	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always offered help in filling out forms	17.8	14.1	Same	-4.31	-2.29	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults with limited English proficiency and usual source of care (USC) and the USC had language assistance	90.7	91.9	Same	14.81	0.29	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults with limited English proficiency who had a usual source of care	64.1	70.0	Same	19.67	1.06	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never spent enough time with them	12.5	10.0	Worse	25.00	2.24	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	People with a usual source of care whose providers sometimes or never asked them to help make decisions when there was a choice between treatments	18.1	13.8	Worse	31.16	3.77	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never showed respect for what they had to say	8.1	6.0	Worse	35.05	2.43	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never listened carefully to them	9.9	7.0	Worse	40.68	3.24	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always gave them easy-to-understand instructions about what to do for a specific illness or health conditions	66.8	76.6	Worse	41.88	6.08	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never explained things in a way they could understand	10.1	6.1	Worse	65.35	4.71	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Rating of health care 0-6 on a scale from 0 to 10 (best grade) by adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months	16.3	9.4	Worse	73.40	6.17	2017	MEPS

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Table 38. Care Coordination Measures for Low Income vs. High Income

For Care Coordination measures, low-income populations did not experience better quality care compared with high-income populations for any measure; they experienced the same quality of care for 2 measures and worse quality for 18 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Emergency department visits with a principal diagnosis related to substance abuse only, per 100,000 population	528.3	468.8	Same	12.69	1.14	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for pediatric gastroenteritis per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	34.9	30.1	Same	15.95	1.47	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for perforated appendix per 1,000 admissions with appendicitis, children	560.8	508.0	Worse	10.39	2.38	2016	HCUP
Care Coordination	People with a usual source of care who usually asks about prescription medications and treatments from other doctors	78.8	83.1	Worse	25.44	3.30	2017	MEPS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	159.4	116.2	Worse	37.18	8.09	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, children ages 2-17	71.4	50.2	Worse	42.23	3.70	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, children ages 6-17	25.2	17.6	Worse	43.18	2.90	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Emergency department visits with a principal diagnosis related to mental health only per 100,000 population	1167.7	813.4	Worse	43.56	4.83	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	21.4	14.5	Worse	47.59	4.44	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospitalizations and emergency department encounters for heart failure	532.6	344.2	Worse	54.74	6.31	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for community-acquired pneumonia per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	189.7	119.8	Worse	58.35	12.35	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, adults ages 18-39	31.6	18.8	Worse	68.09	11.23	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for hypertension per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	62.6	37.1	Worse	68.73	12.43	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for long-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	117.3	66.0	Worse	77.73	15.40	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for uncontrolled diabetes without complications per 100,000 population, adults	46.6	26.2	Worse	77.86	13.72	2017	HCUP

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Emergency department encounters for asthma, children ages 2-17	609.0	334.6	Worse	82.01	5.14	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for lower extremity amputations per 1,000 population, adults age 18 and over with diabetes	32.7	16.8	Worse	94.64	15.90	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for chronic obstructive pulmonary disease or asthma per 100,000 population, adults age 40 and over	583.9	294.5	Worse	98.27	17.89	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Emergency department encounters for asthma, adults	416.9	207.6	Worse	100.82	8.42	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	67.5	32.9	Worse	105.17	19.19	2017	HCUP

Table 39. Effective of Care Measures for Low Income vs. High Income

For Effectiveness of Care measures, low-income populations experienced better quality care compared with high-income populations for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 15 measures, and worse quality for 10 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with heart failure	27.9	31.5	Better	-11.43	-4.61	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for illicit drug use and who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	19.5	11.5	Same	-9.04	-2.61	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for alcohol problem who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	11.3	4.9	Same	-6.73	-2.80	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	People with current asthma who are now taking preventive medicine daily or almost daily (either oral or inhaler)	24.4	21.3	Same	-3.94	-1.10	2016	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with pneumonia	26.1	26.8	Same	-2.61	-0.81	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with acute myocardial infarction (AMI)	49.9	50.9	Same	-1.96	-0.78	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Persons with current asthma who received written asthma management plans from their healthcare provider	36.4	35.2	Same	-1.85	-0.35	2018	NHIS

		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative		Data	
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with hypertension with blood pressure less than 140/90 mm/Hg	19.0	18.1	Same	-1.10	-0.36	2016	NHANES
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with chronic joint symptoms who have ever seen a doctor or other health professional for joint symptoms	72.9	73.1	Same	0.74	0.09	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA), adults age 40 and over	28.8	28.3	Same	1.77	0.50	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) repair	39.9	38.6	Same	3.37	0.38	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Women with clinical Stage I-IIb breast cancer who received axillary node dissection or sentinel lymph node biopsy (SLNB) at the time of surgery (lumpectomy or mastectomy)	94.0	94.4	Same	7.14	0.78	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who had their feet checked for sores or irritation in the calendar year	70.2	72.2	Same	7.19	0.52	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Children ages 12-17 with a major depressive episode in the last 12 months who received treatment for depression in the last 12 months	37.6	43.9	Same	11.23	1.94	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes with blood pressure less than 130/80 mm Hg	47.9	56.6	Same	20.05	1.53	2016	NHANES
Effectiveness of Care	Women under age 70 treated for breast cancer with breast- conserving surgery who received radiation therapy to the breast within 1 year of diagnosis	91.6	93.1	Same	21.74	1.82	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with a major depressive episode in the last 12 months who received treatment for depression in the last 12 months	62.2	68.1	Worse	18.50	2.06	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with coronary artery bypass surgery, adults age 40 and over	27.0	21.8	Worse	23.85	3.68	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a flu vaccination in the calendar year	57.7	66.7	Worse	27.03	2.16	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Emergency department visits involving opioid-related diagnoses per 100,000 population	250.4	172.1	Worse	45.50	4.43	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a dilated eye examination in the calendar year	55.8	69.7	Worse	45.87	3.27	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Hospital inpatient stays involving opioid-related diagnoses per 100,000 population	302.0	206.2	Worse	46.46	10.19	2017	HCUP

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received at least two hemoglobin A1c measurements in the calendar year	68.0	78.3	Worse	47.47	2.27	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Hospital admissions for heart failure per 100,000 population	462.3	304.1	Worse	52.02	11.89	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Patients with colon cancer who received surgical resection of colon cancer that included at least 12 lymph nodes pathologically examined	92.1	95.5	Worse	75.56	3.69	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diabetes whose condition was diagnosed	73.0	87.0	Worse	107.69	2.62	2016	NHANES

Table 40. Healthy Living Measures for Low Income vs. High Income

For Healthy Living measures, low-income populations experienced better quality care compared with high-income populations for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 16 measures, and worse quality for 28 measures, 2016-2018.

		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative		Data	_
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Children for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about how smoking in the house can be bad for a child	53.1	40.0	Better	-21.83	-4.63	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18-64 at high risk (e.g., COPD) who ever received pneumococcal vaccination	27.4	21.4	Same	-7.63	-2.96	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children over 80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using lap or shoulder belts when riding in a car	36.4	33.9	Same	-3.78	-0.64	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 16-17 who received 1 or more doses of meningococcal conjugate vaccine	85.8	85.7	Same	-0.70	-0.05	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Adolescent males ages 16-17 who received 3 or more doses of human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine	5.5	5.4	Same	-0.11	-0.06	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Hospital admissions for immunization-preventable influenza per 100,000 population, adults age 65 and over	274.3	273.9	Same	0.15	0.03	2017	HCUP
Healthy Living	Adolescents females ages 13-15 who received 3 or more doses human papillomavirus vaccine	41.6	42.1	Same	0.86	0.13	2017	NIS_TEEN

	• • •	Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative		Data	
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Adult current smokers who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months who received advice to quit smoking from their providers	75.4	75.7	Same	1.23	0.07	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adolescent males ages 13-15 who received 3 or more doses of human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine	28.7	30.3	Same	2.30	0.51	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a helmet when riding a bicycle or motorcycle	39.1	42.1	Same	5.18	1.01	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 16-17 who received 1 or more doses of tetanus toxoid, reduced diphtheria toxoid, and acellular pertussis (Tdap) since the age of ten years	88.7	89.3	Same	5.61	0.30	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children 0-40 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a child safety seat while riding in the car	62.9	64.9	Same	5.70	0.48	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional about eating fewer high-fat or high-cholesterol foods	47.4	50.5	Same	6.26	1.32	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional to exercise more	61.2	64.3	Same	8.68	1.45	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adolescents females ages 16-17 who received 3 or more doses human papillomavirus vaccine	46.9	54.3	Same	16.19	1.62	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about eating healthy	63.3	68.5	Same	16.51	1.93	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children 41-80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a booster seat when riding in the car	42.9	51.9	Same	18.71	1.93	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about the amount and kind of exercise, sports, or physically active hobbies they should have	45.3	51.3	Worse	12.32	2.07	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Infants born in the calendar year who received breastfeeding through 3 months	46.3	52.5	Worse	13.05	2.36	2016	NIS
Healthy Living	Adults age 65 and over who ever received pneumococcal vaccination	67.0	72.0	Worse	17.86	2.58	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity age 20 and over who had been told by a doctor or health professional that they were overweight	67.7	73.6	Worse	22.35	1.97	2016	NHANES

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Adults age 65 and over who received an influenza vaccination in the last flu season	70.7	76.6	Worse	25.21	1.97	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 6 months to 17 years who received influenza vaccination in the last flu season	51.1	61.1	Worse	25.71	3.47	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18 and over who received influenza vaccination in the last flu season	39.3	52.0	Worse	26.46	8.32	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18-64 at high risk (e.g., COPD) who received an influenza vaccination in the last flu season	43.4	55.5	Worse	27.19	3.20	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 13-15 who received 1 or more doses of meningococcal conjugate vaccine	82.7	87.2	Worse	35.16	2.38	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	38.2	58.2	Worse	47.85	7.06	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with a dental visit in the calendar year	18.7	46.8	Worse	52.82	23.34	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood cholesterol measurement in the last 5 years	85.6	90.7	Worse	54.84	5.93	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 3-5 who ever had their vision checked by a health provider	64.3	77.1	Worse	55.90	2.70	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 0-17 with wellness checkup in the past 12 months	84.9	90.4	Worse	57.29	4.04	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	26.7	53.8	Worse	58.66	22.51	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 13-15 who received 1 or more doses of tetanus toxoid, reduced diphtheria toxoid, and acellular pertussis (Tdap) since the age of ten years	85.1	90.9	Worse	63.74	3.02	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who had a dental visit in the calendar year	44.6	66.4	Worse	64.88	7.90	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-19 with obesity	20.7	11.9	Worse	73.95	3.45	2016	NHANES
Healthy Living	Women ages 50-74 who received a mammogram in the last 2 years	63.4	79.9	Worse	82.09	7.38	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Women ages 21-65 who received a Pap smear in the last 3 years	74.3	85.9	Worse	82.27	6.82	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 4 or more doses of diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis vaccine	78.6	88.3	Worse	82.91	4.89	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 1 or more doses of varicella vaccine	88.6	93.8	Worse	83.87	3.68	2017	NIS

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Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 3 or more doses of hepatitis B vaccine	88.8	94.1	Worse	89.83	4.14	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood pressure measurement in the last 2 years and can state whether their blood pressure was normal or high	90.3	95.0	Worse	94.00	5.83	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 1 or more doses of measles-mumps-rubella vaccine	89.6	94.9	Worse	103.92	3.94	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 5-17 with untreated dental caries	18.7	9.1	Worse	105.49	5.21	2016	NHANES
Healthy Living	Children who had their height and weight measured by a health provider within the past 2 years	92.9	96.9	Worse	129.03	4.24	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 3 or more doses of polio vaccine	89.1	96.2	Worse	186.84	5.67	2017	NIS

Table 41. Affordable Care Measures for Low Income vs. High Income

For Affordable Care measures, low-income populations did not experience better quality care or the same quality of care compared with high-income populations for any measure; they experienced worse quality for 5 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed dental care due to financial or insurance reasons	78.3	56.0	Worse	39.82	5.06	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed prescription medicines due to financial or insurance reasons	69.8	40.7	Worse	71.50	5.33	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed medical care due to financial or insurance reasons	50.2	27.5	Worse	82.55	4.92	2017	MEPS
	People under age 65 whose family's health insurance premium and out-of-pocket medical expenditures were more than 10% of total family income	22.0	8.5	Worse	158.26	9.77	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People without a usual source of care who indicated a financial or insurance reason for not having a source of care	18.3	6.5	Worse	181.54	7.09	2017	MEPS

Middle Income vs. High Income

Table 42. Patient Safety Measures for Middle Income vs. High Income

For Patient Safety measures, middle-income populations did not experience better quality care compared with high-income populations for any measure; they experienced the same quality of care for 10 measures and worse quality for 5 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	1.0	1.1	Same	-5.61	-1.06	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative acute kidney injury requiring dialysis per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	2.2	2.3	Same	-4.00	-1.05	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative pulmonary embolism (PE) or deep vein thrombosis (DVT) per 1,000 surgical hospital discharges, adults	3.3	3.3	Same	-1.51	-0.47	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative hip fracture per 1,000 surgical admissions who were not susceptible to falling, adults	0.1	0.1	Same	0.00	0.00	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with iatrogenic pneumothorax per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	0.2	0.2	Same	0.00	0.00	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Birth trauma - injury to neonate per 1,000 selected live births	4.9	4.8	Same	2.72	0.47	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions having developed specified complications of care during hospitalization, adults ages 18-89 or obstetric admissions	147.2	143.3	Same	2.72	1.37	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative physiologic and metabolic derangements per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	0.8	0.7	Same	10.81	1.41	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with central venous catheter-related bloodstream infection per 1,000 medical and surgical discharges of length 2 or more days, adults age 18 and over or obstetric admissions	0.1	0.1	Same	11.11	0.71	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, children	0.3	0.3	Same	13.33	0.62	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Sepsis diagnoses per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions of length 4 or more days, adults	3.6	3.1	Worse	14.01	2.96	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative respiratory failure per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	4.2	3.3	Worse	29.14	5.37	2017	HCUP

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with expected low- mortality	0.2	0.2	Worse	33.33	3.54	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Adults age 65 and over who received in the calendar year at least 1 of 33 potentially inappropriate prescription medications for older adults	11.7	7.8	Worse	50.00	2.87	2017	MEPS
Patient Safety	Reclosure of postoperative abdominal wound dehiscence per 1,000 abdominopelvic-surgery admissions of length 2 or more days, adults	0.7	0.5	Worse	53.19	4.42	2017	HCUP

Table 43. Person-Centered Care Measures for Middle Income vs. High Income

For Person-Centered Care measures, middle-income populations did not experience better quality care compared with high-income populations for any measure; they experienced the same quality of care for 9 measures and worse quality for 2 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always asked them to describe how they will follow the instructions	27.4	24.0	Same	-4.47	-2.39	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always offered help in filling out forms	15.6	14.1	Same	-1.75	-1.17	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	People with a usual source of care whose providers sometimes or never asked them to help make decisions when there was a choice between treatments	14.6	13.8	Same	5.80	0.81	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never spent enough time with them	10.6	10.0	Same	6.00	0.77	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never showed respect for what they had to say	6.6	6.0	Same	8.80	0.79	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults with limited English proficiency who had a usual source of care	66.3	70.0	Same	12.33	0.68	2017	MEPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never explained things in a way they could understand	7.0	6.1	Same	14.29	1.32	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never listened carefully to them	8.1	7.0	Same	14.94	1.45	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults with limited English proficiency and usual source of care (USC) and the USC had language assistance	90.4	91.9	Same	18.52	0.39	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always gave them easy-to-understand instructions about what to do for a specific illness or health conditions	72.5	76.6	Worse	17.52	3.20	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Rating of health care 0-6 on a scale from 0 to 10 (best grade) by adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months	14.0	9.4	Worse	48.94	5.35	2017	MEPS

Table 44. Care Coordination Measures for Middle Income vs. High Income

For Care Coordination measures, middle-income populations did not experience better quality care compared with high-income populations for any measure; they experienced the same quality of care for 4 measures and worse quality for 16 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Emergency department visits with a principal diagnosis related to substance abuse only, per 100,000 population	468.6	468.8	Same	-0.04	-0.00	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for perforated appendix per 1,000 admissions with appendicitis, children	535.5	508.0	Same	5.41	1.18	2016	HCUP
Care Coordination	People with a usual source of care who usually asks about prescription medications and treatments from other doctors	81.8	83.1	Same	7.69	1.07	2017	MEPS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for pediatric gastroenteritis per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	33.8	30.1	Same	12.29	1.11	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	129.9	116.2	Worse	11.79	2.68	2017	HCUP

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Emergency department visits with a principal diagnosis related to mental health only per 100,000 population	943.8	813.4	Worse	16.03	2.06	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for community-acquired pneumonia per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	143.6	119.8	Worse	19.87	4.68	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospitalizations and emergency department encounters for heart failure	431.2	344.2	Worse	25.28	3.25	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, children ages 2-17	63.0	50.2	Worse	25.50	2.23	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	18.3	14.5	Worse	26.21	2.44	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, children ages 6-17	23.7	17.6	Worse	34.66	2.33	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for hypertension per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	50.1	37.1	Worse	35.04	6.80	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, adults ages 18-39	25.9	18.8	Worse	37.77	7.17	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for uncontrolled diabetes without complications per 100,000 population, adults	36.3	26.2	Worse	38.55	7.51	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for long-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	91.6	66.0	Worse	38.79	8.42	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Emergency department encounters for asthma, children ages 2-17	467.2	334.6	Worse	39.63	2.99	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for chronic obstructive pulmonary disease or asthma per 100,000 population, adults age 40 and over	418.8	294.5	Worse	42.21	8.78	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Emergency department encounters for asthma, adults	307.8	207.6	Worse	48.27	5.55	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	49.7	32.9	Worse	51.06	11.30	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for lower extremity amputations per 1,000 population, adults age 18 and over with diabetes	25.6	16.8	Worse	52.38	10.37	2017	HCUP

Table 45. Effectiveness of Care Measures for Middle Income vs. High Income

For Effectiveness of Care measures, middle-income populations experienced better quality care compared with high-income populations for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 17 measures, and worse quality for 8 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with heart failure	28.2	31.5	Better	-10.48	-4.23	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with chronic joint symptoms who have ever seen a doctor or other health professional for joint symptoms	75.0	73.1	Same	-7.06	-0.99	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for alcohol problem who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	9.9	4.9	Same	-5.26	-2.94	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with pneumonia	25.5	26.8	Same	-4.85	-1.41	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Women under age 70 treated for breast cancer with breast-conserving surgery who received radiation therapy to the breast within 1 year of diagnosis	93.4	93.1	Same	-4.35	-0.35	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) repair	37.2	38.6	Same	-3.63	-0.42	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for illicit drug use and who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	14.6	11.5	Same	-3.50	-1.15	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA), adults age 40 and over	27.4	28.3	Same	-3.18	-0.85	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes with blood pressure less than 130/80 mm Hg	57.8	56.6	Same	-2.76	-0.20	2016	NHANES
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with acute myocardial infarction (AMI)	49.5	50.9	Same	-2.75	-1.15	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with hypertension with blood pressure less than 140/90 mm/Hg	18.4	18.1	Same	-0.37	-0.12	2016	NHANES
Effectiveness of Care	People with current asthma who are now taking preventive medicine daily or almost daily (either oral or inhaler)	21.5	21.3	Same	-0.25	-0.07	2016	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Persons with current asthma who received written asthma management plans from their healthcare provider	34.8	35.2	Same	0.62	0.12	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	Children ages 12-17 with a major depressive episode in the last 12 months who received treatment for depression in the last 12 months	41.1	43.9	Same	4.99	0.90	2018	NSDUH

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Women with clinical Stage I-IIb breast cancer who received axillary node dissection or sentinel lymph node biopsy (SLNB) at the time of surgery (lumpectomy or mastectomy)	93.9	94.4	Same	8.93	0.93	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received at least two hemoglobin A1c measurements in the calendar year	74.4	78.3	Same	17.97	0.98	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Patients with colon cancer who received surgical resection of colon cancer that included at least 12 lymph nodes pathologically examined	93.7	95.5	Same	40.00	1.83	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diabetes whose condition was diagnosed	77.6	87.0	Same	72.31	1.84	2016	NHANES
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with coronary artery bypass surgery, adults age 40 and over	25.2	21.8	Worse	15.60	2.53	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with a major depressive episode in the last 12 months who received treatment for depression in the last 12 months	62.9	68.1	Worse	16.30	2.10	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Emergency department visits involving opioid-related diagnoses per 100,000 population	213.7	172.1	Worse	24.17	2.49	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Effectiveness of Care	Hospital admissions for heart failure per 100,000 population	379.7	304.1	Worse	24.86	6.04	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Hospital inpatient stays involving opioid-related diagnoses per 100,000 population	260.8	206.2	Worse	26.48	6.16	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a flu vaccination in the calendar year	56.6	66.7	Worse	30.33	2.51	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a dilated eye examination in the calendar year	59.3	69.7	Worse	34.32	2.58	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who had their feet checked for sores or irritation in the calendar year	60.0	72.2	Worse	43.88	3.25	2017	MEPS

Table 46. Healthy Living Measures for Middle Income vs. High Income

For Healthy Living measures, middle-income populations experienced better quality care compared with high-income populations for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 24 measures, and worse quality for 20 measures, 2016-2018.

		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative		Data	Data
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Source
Healthy Living	Children for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about how smoking in the house can be bad for a child	46.1	40.0	Better	-10.17	-2.21	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 16-17 who received 1 or more doses of tetanus toxoid, reduced diphtheria toxoid, and acellular pertussis (Tdap) since the age of ten years	90.6	89.3	Same	-12.15	-0.72	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Adult current smokers who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months who received advice to quit smoking from their providers	78.6	75.7	Same	-11.93	-0.77	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children over 80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using lap or shoulder belts when riding in a car	38.9	33.9	Same	-7.56	-1.36	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Infants born in the calendar year who received breastfeeding through 3 months	54.9	52.5	Same	-5.05	-0.96	2016	NIS
Healthy Living	Adolescent males ages 16-17 who received 3 or more doses of human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine	6.5	5.4	Same	-1.16	-0.70	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18-64 at high risk (e.g., COPD) who ever received pneumococcal vaccination	22.0	21.4	Same	-0.76	-0.35	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 16-17 who received 1 or more doses of meningococcal conjugate vaccine	85.8	85.7	Same	-0.70	-0.05	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Hospital admissions for immunization-preventable influenza per 100,000 population, adults age 65 and over	275.7	273.9	Same	0.66	0.14	2017	HCUP
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about the amount and kind of exercise, sports, or physically active hobbies they should have	50.9	51.3	Same	0.82	0.14	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity age 20 and over who had been told by a doctor or health professional that they were overweight	72.6	73.6	Same	3.79	0.37	2016	NHANES
Healthy Living	Adults age 65 and over who ever received pneumococcal vaccination	70.9	72.0	Same	3.93	0.68	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a helmet when riding a bicycle or motorcycle	39.0	42.1	Same	5.35	1.02	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18-64 at high risk (e.g., COPD) who received an influenza vaccination in the last flu season	52.8	55.5	Same	6.07	0.78	2018	NHIS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Adolescent males ages 13-15 who received 3 or more doses of human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine	25.8	30.3	Same	6.46	1.77	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional to exercise more	61.3	64.3	Same	8.40	1.57	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children 0-40 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a child safety seat while riding in the car	61.9	64.9	Same	8.55	0.67	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adolescents females ages 16-17 who received 3 or more doses human papillomavirus vaccine	50.3	54.3	Same	8.75	1.01	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Adolescents females ages 13-15 who received 3 or more doses human papillomavirus vaccine	36.9	42.1	Same	8.98	1.49	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about eating healthy	65.5	68.5	Same	9.52	1.18	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children 41-80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a booster seat when riding in the car	45.2	51.9	Same	13.93	1.46	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 4 or more doses of diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis vaccine	85.1	88.3	Same	27.35	1.67	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 3-5 who ever had their vision checked by a health provider	70.4	77.1	Same	29.26	1.48	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 3 or more doses of hepatitis B vaccine	92.3	94.1	Same	30.51	1.69	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-19 with obesity	16.9	11.9	Same	42.02	1.86	2016	NHANES
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional about eating fewer high-fat or high-cholesterol foods	45.2	50.5	Worse	10.71	2.67	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18 and over who received influenza vaccination in the last flu season	44.4	52.0	Worse	15.83	5.93	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	48.5	58.2	Worse	23.21	3.43	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults age 65 and over who received an influenza vaccination in the last flu season	70.9	76.6	Worse	24.36	2.76	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood cholesterol measurement in the last 5 years	87.8	90.7	Worse	31.18	3.71	2017	NHIS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Children ages 6 months to 17 years who received influenza vaccination in the last flu season	48.7	61.1	Worse	31.88	4.43	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults with a dental visit in the calendar year	29.6	46.8	Worse	32.33	13.51	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who had a dental visit in the calendar year	54.8	66.4	Worse	34.52	4.31	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	37.8	53.8	Worse	34.63	13.29	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 1 or more doses of varicella vaccine	91.4	93.8	Worse	38.71	1.97	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Women ages 50-74 who received a mammogram in the last 2 years	71.3	79.9	Worse	42.79	5.00	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Women ages 21-65 who received a Pap smear in the last 3 years	79.7	85.9	Worse	43.97	4.56	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 13-15 who received 1 or more doses of tetanus toxoid, reduced diphtheria toxoid, and acellular pertussis (Tdap) since the age of ten years	86.7	90.9	Worse	46.15	2.96	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Adolescents ages 13-15 who received 1 or more doses of meningococcal conjugate vaccine	81.0	87.2	Worse	48.44	3.78	2017	NIS_TEEN
Healthy Living	Children ages 0-17 with wellness checkup in the past 12 months	85.7	90.4	Worse	48.96	3.90	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 5-17 with untreated dental caries	13.8	9.1	Worse	51.65	2.29	2016	NHANES
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood pressure measurement in the last 2 years and can state whether their blood pressure was normal or high	92.2	95.0	Worse	56.00	4.95	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 1 or more doses of measles-mumps-rubella vaccine	91.9	94.9	Worse	58.82	2.63	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 19-35 months who received 3 or more doses of polio vaccine	93.6	96.2	Worse	68.42	2.82	2017	NIS
Healthy Living	Children who had their height and weight measured by a health provider within the past 2 years	94.1	96.9	Worse	90.32	2.97	2017	MEPS

Table 47. Affordable Care Measures for Middle Income vs. High Income

For Affordable Care measures, middle-income populations did not experience better quality care or the same quality of care compared with high-income populations for any measure; they experienced worse quality for 5 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed dental care due to financial or insurance reasons	75.9	56.0	Worse	35.54	4.58	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed prescription medicines due to financial or insurance reasons	58.4	40.7	Worse	43.49	3.20	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed medical care due to financial or insurance reasons	44.1	27.5	Worse	60.36	3.72	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People without a usual source of care who indicated a financial or insurance reason for not having a source of care	12.7	6.5	Worse	95.38	4.36	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People under age 65 whose family's health insurance premium and out-of-pocket medical expenditures were more than 10% of total family income	20.8	8.5	Worse	144.08	10.42	2017	MEPS

Publicly Insured vs. Privately Insured

Table 48. Patient Safety Measures for Publicly Insured vs. Privately Insured

For Patient Safety measures, people with public insurance did not experience better quality care compared with people with private insurance for any measure; they experienced the same quality of care for 7 measures and worse quality for 7 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with iatrogenic pneumothorax per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	0.1	0.2	Same	-12.50	-1.41	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative hip fracture per 1,000 surgical admissions who were not susceptible to falling, adults	0.0	0.0	Same	0.00	0.00	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Birth trauma - injury to neonate per 1,000 selected live births	4.9	4.8	Same	0.62	0.13	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, children	0.3	0.3	Same	3.33	0.24	2017	HCUP

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	1.0	0.9	Same	8.60	1.37	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions having developed specified complications of care during hospitalization, adults ages 18-89 or obstetric admissions	130.0	118.3	Same	9.89	4.01	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with expected low- mortality	0.1	0.1	Same	22.22	1.41	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative acute kidney injury requiring dialysis per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	2.6	2.1	Worse	23.56	5.19	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative physiologic and metabolic derangements per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	0.7	0.5	Worse	28.30	2.24	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative pulmonary embolism (PE) or deep vein thrombosis (DVT) per 1,000 surgical hospital discharges, adults	3.8	2.8	Worse	34.52	8.32	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Reclosure of postoperative abdominal wound dehiscence per 1,000 abdominopelvic-surgery admissions of length 2 or more days, adults	0.8	0.4	Worse	78.57	4.92	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative respiratory failure per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	5.2	2.9	Worse	81.40	11.78	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with central venous catheter-related bloodstream infection per 1,000 medical and surgical discharges of length 2 or more days, adults age 18 and over or obstetric admissions	0.1	0.1	Worse	85.71	2.68	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Sepsis diagnoses per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions of length 4 or more days, adults	4.6	2.4	Worse	88.52	11.50	2017	HCUP

Table 49. Person-Centered Care Measures for Publicly Insured vs. Privately Insured

For Person-Centered Care measures, people with public insurance experienced better quality care compared with people with private insurance for 2 measures, the same quality of care for 2 measures, and worse quality for 7 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Adults with limited English proficiency who had a usual source of care	76.1	68.0	Better	-25.31	-2.15	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always asked them to describe how they will follow the instructions	34.0	26.1	Better	-10.69	-4.65	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults with limited English proficiency and usual source of care (USC) and the USC had language assistance	95.7	90.5	Same	-54.74	-1.88	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always offered help in filling out forms	20.5	15.1	Same	-6.36	-3.26	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	People with a usual source of care whose providers sometimes or never asked them to help make decisions when there was a choice between treatments	18.8	13.5	Worse	39.26	5.15	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never spent enough time with them	16.1	11.0	Worse	46.36	4.95	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always gave them easy-to-understand instructions about what to do for a specific illness or health conditions	64.5	76.0	Worse	47.92	6.58	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never listened carefully to them	13.1	7.7	Worse	69.08	5.58	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never explained things in a way they could understand	11.9	6.4	Worse	85.96	6.12	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Rating of health care 0-6 on a scale from 0 to 10 (best grade) by adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months	22.3	11.9	Worse	87.39	8.61	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never showed respect for what they had to say	12.2	6.4	Worse	90.36	5.88	2017	MEPS

Table 50. Care Coordination Measures for Publicly Insured vs. Privately Insured

For Care Coordination measures, people with public insurance did not experience better quality care compared with people with private insurance for any measure; they experienced the same quality of care for 1 measure and worse quality for 1 measure, 2016-2018.

Priority	Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Referenc e Group	Disparities	Relative Differenc e	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordina	ition	Hospital admissions for perforated appendix per 1,000 admissions with appendicitis, children	552.2	532.2	Same	3.76	1.08	2016	HCUP
Care Coordina	ition	People with a usual source of care who usually asks about prescription medications and treatments from other doctors	77.8	83.8	Worse	37.04	4.79	2017	MEPS

Table 51. Effectiveness of Care Measures for Publicly Insured vs. Privately Insured

For Effectiveness of Care measures, people with public insurance experienced better quality care compared with people with private insurance for 3 measures, the same quality of care for 8 measures, and worse quality for 5 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with heart failure	13.4	25.5	Better	-47.45	-12.29	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with pneumonia	13.1	19.7	Better	-33.50	-7.67	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with chronic joint symptoms who have ever seen a doctor or other health professional for joint symptoms	78.7	72.3	Better	-23.10	-3.08	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who had their feet checked for sores or irritation in the calendar year	72.8	66.0	Same	-20.00	-1.96	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received at least two hemoglobin A1c measurements in the calendar year	78.0	74.9	Same	-12.35	-0.81	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	People with current asthma who are now taking preventive medicine daily or almost daily (either oral or inhaler)	21.7	19.7	Same	-2.49	-0.91	2016	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Persons with current asthma who received written asthma management plans from their healthcare provider	36.9	36.9	Same	0.00	0.00	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a dilated eye examination in the calendar year	57.6	59.5	Same	4.69	0.53	2017	MEPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Patients with colon cancer who received surgical resection of colon cancer that included at least 12 lymph nodes pathologically examined	92.8	93.6	Same	12.50	1.11	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) repair	35.6	31.5	Same	13.02	0.71	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a flu vaccination in the calendar year	55.7	62.5	Same	18.13	1.88	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Women with clinical Stage I-IIb breast cancer who received axillary node dissection or sentinel lymph node biopsy (SLNB) at the time of surgery (lumpectomy or mastectomy)	95.4	96.2	Worse	21.05	2.53	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with acute myocardial infarction (AMI)	34.8	27.6	Worse	26.09	6.66	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA), adults age 40 and over	22.4	17.1	Worse	30.99	5.15	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with coronary artery bypass surgery, adults age 40 and over	21.4	16.3	Worse	31.29	3.26	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Women under age 70 treated for breast cancer with breast- conserving surgery who received radiation therapy to the breast within 1 year of diagnosis	89.0	93.7	Worse	74.60	8.73	2016	NCDB

Table 52. Healthy Living Measures for Publicly Insured vs. Privately Insured

For Healthy Living measures, people with public insurance experienced better quality care compared with people with private insurance for 3 measures, the same quality of care for 11 measures, and worse quality for 12 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Children for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about how smoking in the house can be bad for a child	57.3	42.9	Better	-25.22	-7.27	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18-64 at high risk (e.g., COPD) who ever received pneumococcal vaccination	33.4	21.5	Better	-15.16	-6.80	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional to exercise more	67.5	62.1	Better	-14.25	-2.78	2016	MEPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional about eating fewer high-fat or high-cholesterol foods	49.1	46.4	Same	-5.04	-1.33	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children over 80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using lap or shoulder belts when riding in a car	38.1	36.5	Same	-2.52	-0.58	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children 0-40 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a child safety seat while riding in the car	64.6	64.6	Same	0.00	0.00	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adult current smokers who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months who received advice to quit smoking from their providers	75.5	75.8	Same	1.24	0.09	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood pressure measurement in the last 2 years and can state whether their blood pressure was normal or high	94.2	94.3	Same	1.75	0.17	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18 and over who received influenza vaccination in the last flu season	40.3	43.1	Same	4.92	1.74	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a helmet when riding a bicycle or motorcycle	37.4	42.2	Same	8.30	2.34	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 6 months to 17 years who received influenza vaccination in the last flu season	51.8	55.9	Same	9.30	1.69	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18-64 at high risk (e.g., COPD) who received an influenza vaccination in the last flu season	50.0	54.4	Same	9.65	1.46	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about eating healthy	64.0	67.3	Same	10.09	1.79	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 3-5 who ever had their vision checked by a health provider	66.9	72.2	Same	19.06	1.56	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about the amount and kind of exercise, sports, or physically active hobbies they should have	45.6	51.8	Worse	12.86	3.02	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children 41-80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a booster seat when riding in the car	41.7	49.8	Worse	16.14	2.72	2017	MEPS

		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative		Data	Data
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Source
Healthy Living	Children ages 0-17 with wellness checkup in the past 12 months	86.6	88.7	Worse	18.58	2.28	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood cholesterol measurement in the last 5 years	86.4	88.6	Worse	19.30	2.46	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Infants born in the calendar year who received breastfeeding through 3 months	40.6	54.2	Worse	29.69	6.18	2016	NIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	38.2	53.3	Worse	32.33	7.61	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Women ages 21-65 who received a Pap smear in the last 3 years	79.0	84.2	Worse	32.91	3.63	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults with a dental visit in the calendar year	15.5	39.0	Worse	38.52	20.77	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who had a dental visit in the calendar year	45.5	60.7	Worse	38.68	7.68	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	24.5	46.4	Worse	40.86	17.94	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Women ages 50-74 who received a mammogram in the last 2 years	67.2	76.8	Worse	41.38	3.83	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children who had their height and weight measured by a health provider within the past 2 years	93.1	95.6	Worse	56.82	3.20	2017	MEPS

Table 53. Affordable Care Measures for Publicly Insured vs. Privately Insured

For Affordable Care measures, people with public insurance experienced better quality care compared with people with private insurance for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 1 measure, and worse quality for 3 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Affordable Care	People under age 65 whose family's health insurance premium and out-of-pocket medical expenditures were more than 10% of total family income	12.2	16.9	Better	-27.74	-4.60	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed dental care due to financial or insurance reasons	71.3	65.2	Same	9.36	1.51	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed medical care due to financial or insurance reasons	47.8	37.5	Worse	27.47	2.41	2017	MEPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Affordable	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed	68.4	46.9	Worse	45.84	4.47	2017	MEPS
Care	prescription medicines due to financial or insurance reasons							
Affordable	People without a usual source of care who indicated a	13.4	6.0	Worse	123.33	4.98	2017	MEPS
Care	financial or insurance reason for not having a source of care							

Table 54. Patient Safety Measures for Uninsured vs. Privately Insured

For Patient Safety measures, uninsured adults experienced better quality care compared with people with private insurance for 2 measures, the same quality of care for 8 measures, and worse quality for 4 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with iatrogenic pneumothorax per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	0.1	0.2	Better	-37.50	-4.24	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	0.7	0.9	Better	-21.51	-2.63	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative hip fracture per 1,000 surgical admissions who were not susceptible to falling, adults	0.0	0.0	Same	-25.00	-0.45	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, children	0.2	0.3	Same	-20.00	-0.89	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative acute kidney injury requiring dialysis per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	2.0	2.1	Same	-5.77	-0.99	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Birth trauma - injury to neonate per 1,000 selected live births	4.9	4.8	Same	2.07	0.32	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative physiologic and metabolic derangements per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	0.6	0.5	Same	3.77	0.18	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative pulmonary embolism (PE) or deep vein thrombosis (DVT) per 1,000 surgical hospital discharges, adults	2.9	2.8	Same	3.91	0.77	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Reclosure of postoperative abdominal wound dehiscence per 1,000 abdominopelvic-surgery admissions of length 2 or more days, adults	0.4	0.4	Same	4.76	0.23	2017	HCUP

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with central venous catheter-related bloodstream infection per 1,000 medical and surgical discharges of length 2 or more days, adults age 18 and over or obstetric admissions	0.1	0.1	Same	57.14	1.79	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative respiratory failure per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	3.7	2.9	Worse	30.53	2.56	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions having developed specified complications of care during hospitalization, adults ages 18-89 or obstetric admissions	161.4	118.3	Worse	36.43	8.73	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Sepsis diagnoses per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions of length 4 or more days, adults	3.8	2.4	Worse	55.74	3.89	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with expected low- mortality	0.2	0.1	Worse	100.00	2.85	2017	HCUP

Uninsured vs. Privately Insured

Table 55. Person-Centered Care Measures for Uninsured vs. Privately Insured

For Person-Centered Care measures, uninsured adults did not experience better quality care compared with people with private insurance for any measure; they experienced the same quality of care for 3 measures and worse quality for 8 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Adults with limited English proficiency and usual source of care (USC) and the USC had language assistance	96.3	90.5	Same	-61.05	-1.95	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always asked them to describe how they will follow the instructions	25.3	26.1	Same	1.08	0.25	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always offered help in filling out forms	13.9	15.1	Same	1.41	0.46	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always gave them easy-to-understand instructions about what to do for a specific illness or health conditions	61.0	76.0	Worse	62.50	4.20	2017	MEPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	People with a usual source of care whose providers sometimes or never asked them to help make decisions when there was a choice between treatments	22.7	13.5	Worse	68.15	3.47	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never spent enough time with them	20.0	11.0	Worse	81.82	3.67	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults with limited English proficiency who had a usual source of care	39.2	68.0	Worse	90.00	7.52	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never listened carefully to them	15.1	7.7	Worse	94.83	3.55	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never showed respect for what they had to say	13.3	6.4	Worse	107.31	3.03	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never explained things in a way they could understand	13.5	6.4	Worse	110.30	3.71	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Rating of health care 0-6 on a scale from 0 to 10 (best grade) by adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months	26.2	11.9	Worse	120.17	6.08	2017	MEPS

Table 56. Care Coordination Measures for Uninsured vs. Privately Insured

For Care Coordination measures, uninsured adults did not experience better quality care compared with people with private insurance for any measure; they experienced the same quality of care for 1 measure and worse quality for 1 measure, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	People with a usual source of care who usually asks about prescription medications and treatments from other doctors	79.5	83.8	Same	26.54	1.61	2017	MEPS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for perforated appendix per 1,000 admissions with appendicitis, children	587.1	532.2	Worse	10.32	2.02	2016	HCUP

Table 57. Effectiveness of Care Measures for Uninsured vs. Privately Insured

For Effectiveness of Care measures, uninsured adults experienced better quality care compared with people with private insurance for 2 measures, the same quality of care for 5 measures, and worse quality for 8 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with heart failure	13.5	25.5	Better	-47.06	-8.44	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with pneumonia	12.3	19.7	Better	-37.56	-5.01	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received at least two hemoglobin A1c measurements in the calendar year	78.4	74.6	Same	-14.96	-0.76	2016	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Persons with current asthma who received written asthma management plans from their healthcare provider	29.8	36.9	Same	11.25	1.40	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who had their feet checked for sores or irritation in the calendar year	61.6	65.5	Same	11.30	0.64	2016	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Patients with colon cancer who received surgical resection of colon cancer that included at least 12 lymph nodes pathologically examined	92.5	93.6	Same	17.19	1.23	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a flu vaccination in the calendar year	49.7	59.7	Same	24.81	1.73	2016	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Women under age 70 treated for breast cancer with breast- conserving surgery who received radiation therapy to the breast within 1 year of diagnosis	92.2	93.7	Worse	23.81	2.79	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with coronary artery bypass surgery, adults age 40 and over	22.3	16.3	Worse	36.81	2.50	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Women with clinical Stage I-IIb breast cancer who received axillary node dissection or sentinel lymph node biopsy (SLNB) at the time of surgery (lumpectomy or mastectomy)	94.8	96.2	Worse	36.84	3.40	2016	NCDB
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with acute myocardial infarction (AMI)	38.3	27.6	Worse	38.77	7.47	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a dilated eye examination in the calendar year	45.1	63.9	Worse	52.08	3.38	2016	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with chronic joint symptoms who have ever seen a doctor or other health professional for joint symptoms	56.9	72.3	Worse	55.60	4.91	2018	NHIS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA), adults age 40 and over	27.8	17.1	Worse	62.57	7.68	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) repair	102.8	31.5	Worse	226.35	4.51	2017	HCUP

Table 58. Healthy Living Measures for Uninsured vs. Privately Insured

For Healthy Living measures, uninsured adults did not experience better quality care compared with people with private insurance for any measure; they experienced the same quality of care for 4 measures and worse quality for 19 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Infants born in the calendar year who received exclusive breastfeeding through 3 months	56.5	54.2	Same	-5.02	-0.58	2016	NIS
Healthy Living	Children over 80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using lap or shoulder belts when riding in a car	30.2	36.5	Same	9.92	0.98	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about how smoking in the house can be bad for a child	35.8	42.9	Same	12.43	1.25	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adult current smokers who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months who received advice to quit smoking from their providers	63.8	75.8	Same	49.59	1.91	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18-64 at high risk (e.g., COPD) who ever received pneumococcal vaccination	11.4	21.5	Worse	12.87	6.39	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional about eating fewer high-fat or high-cholesterol foods	35.5	46.4	Worse	20.34	5.17	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a helmet when riding a bicycle or motorcycle	24.5	42.2	Worse	30.62	3.00	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 6 months to 17 years who received influenza vaccination in the last flu season	41.2	55.9	Worse	33.33	3.60	2018	NHIS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about the amount and kind of exercise, sports, or physically active hobbies they should have	34.7	51.8	Worse	35.48	2.90	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional to exercise more	45.3	62.1	Worse	44.33	6.83	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18 and over who received influenza vaccination in the last flu season	15.9	43.1	Worse	47.80	18.86	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults with a dental visit in the calendar year	9.2	39.0	Worse	48.85	21.91	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults ages 18-64 at high risk (e.g., COPD) who received an influenza vaccination in the last flu season	29.1	54.4	Worse	55.48	5.95	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	15.7	46.4	Worse	57.28	20.79	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	22.9	53.3	Worse	65.10	6.05	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about eating healthy	43.2	67.3	Worse	73.70	3.99	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who had a dental visit in the calendar year	26.4	60.7	Worse	87.28	6.26	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Women ages 21-65 who received a Pap smear in the last 3 years	61.3	84.2	Worse	144.94	10.49	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood cholesterol measurement in the last 5 years	71.2	88.6	Worse	152.63	11.95	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Women ages 50-74 who received a mammogram in the last 2 years	39.2	76.8	Worse	162.07	10.61	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 0-17 with wellness checkup in the past 12 months	61.1	88.7	Worse	244.25	8.48	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood pressure measurement in the last 2 years and can state whether their blood pressure was normal or high	78.4	94.3	Worse	278.95	13.95	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children who had their height and weight measured by a health provider within the past 2 years	79.7	95.6	Worse	361.36	3.44	2017	MEPS

Table 59. Affordable Care Measures for Uninsured vs. Privately Insured

For Affordable Care measures, uninsured adults experienced better quality care compared with people with private insurance for 1 measure and worse quality for 3 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Affordable Care	People under age 65 whose family's health insurance premium and out-of-pocket medical expenditures were more than 10% of total family income	12.6	16.9	Better	-25.37	-2.64	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed dental care due to financial or insurance reasons	93.8	65.2	Worse	43.87	8.66	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed medical care due to financial or insurance reasons	88.4	37.5	Worse	135.73	12.35	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People without a usual source of care who indicated a financial or insurance reason for not having a source of care	36.8	6.0	Worse	513.33	15.68	2017	MEPS

Large Central Metro vs. Large Fringe Metro

Table 60. Patient Safety Measures for Large Central Metro vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Patient Safety measures, residents of large central metropolitan areas did not experience better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for any measure; they experienced the same quality of care for 14 measures and worse quality for 2 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Postoperative hip fracture per 1,000 surgical admissions who were not susceptible to falling, adults	0.1	0.1	Same	-25.00	-0.71	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Adults age 65 and over who received in the calendar year at least 1 of 33 potentially inappropriate prescription medications for older adults	6.8	8.9	Same	-23.60	-1.56	2017	MEPS
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, children	0.3	0.3	Same	-19.35	-1.20	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Birth trauma - injury to neonate per 1,000 selected live births	4.4	5.0	Same	-12.40	-1.94	2017	HCUP

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with iatrogenic pneumothorax per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	0.2	0.2	Same	-5.26	-0.71	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	1.0	1.0	Same	-0.96	-0.18	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative acute kidney injury requiring dialysis per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	2.3	2.2	Same	4.59	1.18	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions having developed specified complications of care during hospitalization, adults ages 18-89 or obstetric admissions	149.9	141.8	Same	5.71	2.60	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with expected low- mortality	0.2	0.2	Same	5.88	0.71	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative pulmonary embolism (PE) or deep vein thrombosis (DVT) per 1,000 surgical hospital discharges, adults	3.8	3.4	Same	9.33	2.83	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with central venous catheter-related bloodstream infection per 1,000 medical and surgical discharges of length 2 or more days, adults age 18 and over or obstetric admissions	0.1	0.1	Same	10.00	0.71	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative physiologic and metabolic derangements per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	0.9	0.8	Same	10.13	1.25	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Reclosure of postoperative abdominal wound dehiscence per 1,000 abdominopelvic-surgery admissions of length 2 or more days, adults	0.6	0.5	Same	13.21	1.24	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Adults age 65 and over who received in the calendar year at least 1 of 11 prescription medications that should be avoided in older adults	1.5	1.3	Same	15.38	0.35	2016	MEPS
Patient Safety	Postoperative respiratory failure per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	4.7	4.1	Worse	16.54	3.04	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Sepsis diagnoses per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions of length 4 or more days, adults	4.1	3.5	Worse	18.00	3.54	2017	HCUP

Table 61. Person-Centered Care Measures for Large Central Metro vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Person-Centered Care measures, residents of large central metropolitan areas experienced better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 7 measures, and worse quality for 3 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Adults with limited English proficiency who had a usual source of care	66.8	57.3	Better	-22.25	-2.10	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults with limited English proficiency and usual source of care (USC) and the USC had language assistance	94.9	86.4	Same	-62.50	-1.88	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always offered help in filling out forms	15.7	14.6	Same	-1.29	-0.74	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always asked them to describe how they will follow the instructions	26.9	27.5	Same	0.83	0.39	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always gave them easy-to-understand instructions about what to do for a specific illness or health conditions	72.5	75.1	Same	10.44	1.66	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Rating of health care 0-6 on a scale from 0 to 10 (best grade) by adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months	12.6	11.2	Same	12.50	1.52	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never explained things in a way they could understand	7.5	6.5	Same	15.67	1.40	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never spent enough time with them	11.9	10.2	Same	16.67	1.72	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	People with a usual source of care whose providers sometimes or never asked them to help make decisions when there was a choice between treatments	17.5	14.4	Worse	21.53	2.92	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never showed respect for what they had to say	6.7	5.3	Worse	25.19	2.10	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never listened carefully to them	8.9	6.4	Worse	40.03	3.25	2017	MEPS

Table 62. Care Coordination Measures for Large Central Metro vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Care Coordination measures, residents of large central metropolitan areas experienced better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for 2 measures, the same quality of care for 9 measures, and worse quality for 10 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for community-acquired pneumonia per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	130.7	166.6	Better	-21.55	-4.63	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	138.7	159.6	Better	-13.10	-2.59	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for chronic obstructive pulmonary disease or asthma per 100,000 population, adults age 40 and over	477.7	518.4	Same	-7.85	-1.50	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	20.2	19.9	Same	1.51	0.12	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for perforated appendix per 1,000 admissions with appendicitis, children	552.8	522.3	Same	5.84	1.06	2016	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	61.7	56.9	Same	8.44	1.51	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	People with a usual source of care who usually asks about prescription medications and treatments from other doctors	80.3	82.0	Same	9.44	1.34	2017	MEPS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, children ages 6-17	26.3	23.5	Same	11.91	0.67	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, adults ages 18-39	39.1	34.5	Same	13.33	1.85	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for pediatric gastroenteritis per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	42.3	36.8	Same	14.95	1.06	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Emergency department visits with a principal diagnosis related to dental conditions	242.0	207.1	Same	16.85	1.43	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for long-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	123.8	109.5	Worse	13.06	2.20	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for uncontrolled diabetes without complications per 100,000 population, adults	52.5	45.2	Worse	16.15	2.50	2017	HCUP

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for lower extremity amputations per 1,000 population, adults age 18 and over with diabetes	32.9	27.8	Worse	18.35	2.74	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for hypertension per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	75.2	61.8	Worse	21.68	3.30	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Emergency department visits with a principal diagnosis related to mental health only per 100,000 population	1136.9	879.1	Worse	29.33	2.30	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospitalizations and emergency department encounters for heart failure	533.6	402.5	Worse	32.57	2.78	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Emergency department visits with a principal diagnosis related to substance abuse only, per 100,000 population	684.9	469.8	Worse	45.79	2.89	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Emergency department encounters for asthma, adults	471.5	307.2	Worse	53.48	3.53	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Emergency department encounters for asthma, children ages 2-17	829.9	475.6	Worse	74.50	3.03	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, children ages 2-17	124.3	70.4	Worse	76.56	3.78	2017	HCUP

Table 63. Effectiveness of Care Measures for Large Central Metro vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Effectiveness of Care measures, residents of large central metropolitan areas experienced better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for 4 measures, the same quality of care for 18 measures, and worse quality for 3 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who had their feet checked for sores or irritation in the calendar year	71.5	62.8	Better	-23.39	-1.97	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Suicide deaths among persons age 12 and over per 100,000 population	13.3	15.1	Better	-11.92	-12.73	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with heart failure	23.8	27.0	Better	-11.85	-3.77	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Lung cancer deaths per 100,000 population per year	31.3	35.1	Better	-10.83	-13.44	2017	NVSS_M

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a flu vaccination in the calendar year	65.0	62.6	Same	-6.42	-0.54	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a dilated eye examination in the calendar year	62.9	60.6	Same	-5.84	-0.51	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with pneumonia	23.5	24.5	Same	-4.08	-1.18	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with chronic joint symptoms who have ever seen a doctor or other health professional for joint symptoms	73.8	72.9	Same	-3.32	-0.41	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	Hospital admissions for heart failure per 100,000 population	442.2	453.6	Same	-2.51	-0.49	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Persons with current asthma who received written asthma management plans from their healthcare provider	39.2	38.0	Same	-1.94	-0.35	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for alcohol problem who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	7.6	8.0	Same	0.43	0.20	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Breast cancer deaths per 100,000 female population per year	19.9	19.8	Same	0.51	0.35	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) repair	41.0	40.4	Same	1.49	0.18	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	People with current asthma who are now taking preventive medicine daily or almost daily (either oral or inhaler)	20.5	21.9	Same	1.79	0.51	2016	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for illicit drug use and who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	13.5	16.6	Same	3.72	1.11	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Colorectal cancer deaths per 100,000 population per year	13.5	12.9	Same	4.65	4.24	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with acute myocardial infarction (AMI)	52.2	48.2	Same	8.30	3.14	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Hospital inpatient stays involving opioid-related diagnoses per 100,000 population	314.6	288.4	Same	9.08	1.60	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Children ages 12-17 with a major depressive episode in the last 12 months who received treatment for depression in the last 12 months	38.1	43.6	Same	9.75	1.41	2018	NSDUH

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with a major depressive episode in the last 12 months who received treatment for depression in the last 12 months	61.1	64.8	Same	10.51	1.27	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with coronary artery bypass surgery, adults age 40 and over	26.9	24.0	Same	12.08	1.86	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received at least two hemoglobin A1c measurements in the calendar year	72.9	78.9	Same	28.44	1.54	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA), adults age 40 and over	30.4	26.3	Worse	15.59	3.60	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Emergency department visits involving opioid-related diagnoses per 100,000 population	268.6	210.3	Worse	27.72	2.02	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Effectiveness of Care	HIV infection deaths per 100,000 population	2.5	1.1	Worse	127.27	49.50	2017	NVSS_M

Table 64. Person-Centered Care Measures for Large Central Metro vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Person-Centered Care measures, residents of large central metropolitan areas experienced better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 17 measures, and worse quality for 6 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy	Adults who received a blood cholesterol measurement in	90.6	89.0	Better	-14.55	-2.05	2017	NHIS
Living	the last 5 years	00.0	00.0	Dottor	1 1.00	2.00	2017	
Healthy Living	Adult current smokers who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months who received advice to quit smoking from their providers	78.7	75.5	Same	-13.06	-0.83	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional about eating fewer high-fat or high-cholesterol foods	50.5	49.0	Same	-2.94	-0.71	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Hospital admissions for immunization-preventable influenza per 100,000 population, adults age 65 and over	298.6	306.1	Same	-2.45	-0.41	2017	HCUP
Healthy Living	Children ages 3-5 who ever had their vision checked by a health provider	70.1	70.6	Same	1.70	0.11	2017	MEPS

		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative		Data	Data
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Source
Healthy Living	Children 41-80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a booster seat when riding in the car	50.4	51.6	Same	2.48	0.28	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional to exercise more	63.4	64.5	Same	3.10	0.54	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about how smoking in the house can be bad for a child	46.9	48.5	Same	3.11	0.61	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Women ages 50-74 who received a mammogram in the last 2 years	73.3	74.7	Same	5.53	0.71	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Infant mortality per 1,000 live births, birth weight 2,500 grams or more	1.8	1.7	Same	5.88	3.54	2017	NVSS_L
Healthy Living	Women ages 21-65 who received a Pap smear in the last 3 years	81.2	82.4	Same	6.82	0.81	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Live-born infants with low birth weight (less than 2,500 g)	8.5	7.9	Same	7.59	21.21	2018	NVSS_N
Healthy Living	Adults with a dental visit in the calendar year	31.9	37.6	Same	9.13	3.83	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about the amount and kind of exercise, sports, or physically active hobbies they should have	49.3	53.7	Same	9.50	1.55	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children over 80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using lap or shoulder belts when riding in a car	35.0	40.8	Same	9.80	1.55	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about eating healthy	66.6	70.3	Same	12.46	1.49	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children 0-40 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a child safety seat while riding in the car	63.6	69.6	Same	19.74	1.60	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children who had their height and weight measured by a health provider within the past 2 years	93.8	95.6	Same	40.91	1.82	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	39.2	45.1	Worse	10.75	4.15	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	43.3	50.0	Worse	13.40	2.29	2017	MEPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who had a dental visit in the calendar year	50.4	57.4	Worse	16.43	2.52	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a helmet when riding a bicycle or motorcycle	37.6	48.2	Worse	20.46	3.53	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood pressure measurement in the last 2 years and can state whether their blood pressure was normal or high	92.2	93.6	Worse	21.87	2.19	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 0-17 with wellness checkup in the past 12 months	86.7	89.8	Worse	30.39	2.57	2018	NHIS

Table 65. Affordable Care Measures for Large Central Metro vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Affordable Care measures, residents of large central metropolitan areas experienced better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for 1 measure and the same quality of care for 4 measures. No measure showed residents of large central metropolitan areas experiencing worse quality compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed dental care due to financial or insurance reasons	67.0	76.9	Better	-12.87	-2.22	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People under age 65 whose family's health insurance premium and out-of-pocket medical expenditures were more than 10% of total family income	14.3	15.9	Same	-9.72	-1.18	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed prescription medicines due to financial or insurance reasons	53.6	55.6	Same	-3.60	-0.34	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed medical care due to financial or insurance reasons	42.6	42.0	Same	1.43	0.12	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People without a usual source of care who indicated a financial or insurance reason for not having a source of care	14.0	13.6	Same	2.94	0.22	2017	MEPS

Medium Metro vs. Large Fringe Metro

Table 66. Patient Safety Measures for Medium Metro vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Patient Safety measures, residents of medium metropolitan areas did not experience better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for any measure; they experienced the same quality of care for 13 measures and worse quality for 2 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Postoperative pulmonary embolism (PE) or deep vein thrombosis (DVT) per 1,000 surgical hospital discharges, adults	3.2	3.4	Same	-7.87	-2.24	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	1.0	1.0	Same	-2.88	-0.47	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Birth trauma - injury to neonate per 1,000 selected live births	5.0	5.0	Same	-1.00	-0.12	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative acute kidney injury requiring dialysis per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	2.3	2.2	Same	4.13	0.98	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Sepsis diagnoses per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions of length 4 or more days, adults	3.7	3.5	Same	4.29	0.88	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with iatrogenic pneumothorax per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	0.2	0.2	Same	5.26	0.71	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative respiratory failure per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	4.3	4.1	Same	5.93	1.13	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions having developed specified complications of care during hospitalization, adults ages 18-89 or obstetric admissions	152.6	141.8	Same	7.62	3.25	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with central venous catheter-related bloodstream infection per 1,000 medical and surgical discharges of length 2 or more days, adults age 18 and over or obstetric admissions	0.1	0.1	Same	10.00	0.71	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative physiologic and metabolic derangements per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	0.9	0.8	Same	11.39	1.41	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative hip fracture per 1,000 surgical admissions who were not susceptible to falling, adults	0.1	0.1	Same	12.50	0.45	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, children	0.4	0.3	Same	12.90	0.62	2017	HCUP

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Adults age 65 and over who received in the calendar year at least 1 of 33 potentially inappropriate prescription medications for older adults	10.9	8.9	Same	22.47	1.35	2017	MEPS
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with expected low-mortality	0.2	0.2	Worse	41.18	3.13	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Reclosure of postoperative abdominal wound dehiscence per 1,000 abdominopelvic-surgery admissions of length 2 or more days, adults	0.8	0.5	Worse	45.28	3.75	2017	HCUP

Table 67. Person-Centered Care Measures for Medium Metro vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Person-Centered Care measures, residents of medium metropolitan areas experienced better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 9 measures, and worse quality for 1 measure, 2016-2018.

- · · ·		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference	5	Relative		Data	D
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Adults with limited English proficiency who had a usual source of care	73.1	57.3	Better	-37.00	-3.15	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	People with a usual source of care whose providers sometimes or never asked them to help make decisions when there was a choice between treatments	13.7	14.4	Same	-4.86	-0.55	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always offered help in filling out forms	16.2	14.6	Same	-1.87	-1.03	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults with limited English proficiency and usual source of care (USC) and the USC had language assistance	86.5	86.4	Same	-0.74	-0.02	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never spent enough time with them	10.2	10.2	Same	0.00	0.00	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always asked them to describe how they will follow the instructions	27.5	27.5	Same	0.00	0.00	2017	MEPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always gave them easy-to-understand instructions about what to do for a specific illness or health conditions	73.5	75.1	Same	6.43	0.94	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never explained things in a way they could understand	7.4	6.5	Same	13.82	1.06	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never listened carefully to them	7.7	6.4	Same	20.09	1.62	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Rating of health care 0-6 on a scale from 0 to 10 (best grade) by adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months	13.5	11.2	Same	20.54	1.88	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never showed respect for what they had to say	7.0	5.3	Worse	31.02	2.21	2017	MEPS

Table 68. Care Coordination Measures for Medium Metro vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Care Coordination measures, residents of medium metropolitan areas experienced better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for 2 measures, the same quality of care for 14 measures, and worse quality for 4 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z- Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, adults ages 18-39	28.0	34.5	Better	-18.84	-2.87	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	134.1	159.6	Better	-15.98	-2.91	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for community-acquired pneumonia per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	149.3	166.6	Same	-10.38	-1.89	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for uncontrolled diabetes without complications per 100,000 population, adults	40.8	45.2	Same	-9.73	-1.59	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for pediatric gastroenteritis per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	33.7	36.8	Same	-8.42	-0.70	2017	HCUP

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z- Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for chronic obstructive pulmonary disease or asthma per 100,000 population, adults age 40 and over	483.9	518.4	Same	-6.66	-1.12	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for long-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	103.4	109.5	Same	-5.57	-0.94	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, children ages 2-17	67.1	70.4	Same	-4.69	-0.36	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for hypertension per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	59.0	61.8	Same	-4.53	-0.70	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for perforated appendix per 1,000 admissions with appendicitis, children	536.7	522.3	Same	2.76	0.61	2016	HCUP
Care Coordination	People with a usual source of care who usually asks about prescription medications and treatments from other doctors	80.8	82.0	Same	6.67	0.84	2017	MEPS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	21.5	19.9	Same	8.04	0.69	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for lower extremity amputations per 1,000 population, adults age 18 and over with diabetes	31.4	27.8	Same	12.95	1.78	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Emergency department visits with a principal diagnosis related to substance abuse only, per 100,000 population	542.1	469.8	Same	15.39	1.28	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, children ages 6-17	27.2	23.5	Same	15.74	0.93	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Emergency department encounters for asthma, children ages 2-17	639.5	475.6	Same	34.46	1.40	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	65.5	56.9	Worse	15.11	2.20	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Emergency department encounters for asthma, adults	380.5	307.2	Worse	23.86	1.97	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospitalizations and emergency department encounters for heart failure	520.0	402.5	Worse	29.19	2.36	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Emergency department visits with a principal diagnosis related to mental health only per 100,000 population	1138.0	879.1	Worse	29.45	2.38	2017	HCUP_NEDS

Table 69. Effectiveness of Care Measures for Medium Metro vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Effectiveness of Care measures, residents of medium metropolitan areas experienced better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 19 measures, and worse quality for 5 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z- Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who had their feet checked for sores or irritation in the calendar year	73.9	62.8	Better	-29.84	-2.48	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a dilated eye examination in the calendar year	66.8	60.6	Same	-15.74	-1.32	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Hospital admissions for heart failure per 100,000 population	405.3	453.6	Same	-10.65	-1.90	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) repair	36.2	40.4	Same	-10.40	-1.29	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with a major depressive episode in the last 12 months who received treatment for depression in the last 12 months	67.3	64.8	Same	-7.10	-0.82	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with chronic joint symptoms who have ever seen a doctor or other health professional for joint symptoms	74.5	72.9	Same	-5.90	-0.71	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for alcohol problem who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	11.9	8.0	Same	-4.24	-1.76	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	People with current asthma who are now taking preventive medicine daily or almost daily (either oral or inhaler)	24.3	21.9	Same	-3.07	-0.70	2016	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for illicit drug use and who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	16.6	16.6	Same	0.00	0.00	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Breast cancer deaths per 100,000 female population per year	20.0	19.8	Same	1.01	0.71	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Hospital inpatient stays involving opioid-related diagnoses per 100,000 population	294.5	288.4	Same	2.12	0.35	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Colorectal cancer deaths per 100,000 population per year	13.3	12.9	Same	3.10	2.83	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with heart failure	28.3	27.0	Same	4.81	1.53	2017	HCUP

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z- Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a flu vaccination in the calendar year	60.7	62.6	Same	5.08	0.44	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with acute myocardial infarction (AMI)	50.7	48.2	Same	5.19	1.96	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Lung cancer deaths per 100,000 population per year	37.0	35.1	Same	5.41	6.72	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with pneumonia	25.9	24.5	Same	5.71	1.52	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Children ages 12-17 with a major depressive episode in the last 12 months who received treatment for depression in the last 12 months	38.8	43.6	Same	8.51	1.35	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with coronary artery bypass surgery, adults age 40 and over	27.0	24.0	Same	12.50	1.84	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received at least two hemoglobin A1c measurements in the calendar year	71.4	78.9	Same	35.55	1.62	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Persons with current asthma who received written asthma management plans from their healthcare provider	30.6	38.0	Worse	11.94	2.01	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA), adults age 40 and over	31.0	26.3	Worse	17.87	4.42	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Suicide deaths among persons age 12 and over per 100,000 population	18.8	15.1	Worse	24.50	16.55	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Emergency department visits involving opioid-related diagnoses per 100,000 population	274.1	210.3	Worse	30.34	1.97	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Effectiveness of Care	HIV infection deaths per 100,000 population	1.5	1.1	Worse	36.36	14.14	2017	NVSS_M

Table 70. Healthy Living Measures for Medium Metro vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Healthy Living measures, residents of medium metropolitan areas experienced better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 19 measures, and worse quality for 4 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z- Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy	Hospital admissions for immunization-preventable	253.4	306.1	Better	-17.22	-2.83	2017	HCUP
Living	influenza per 100,000 population, adults age 65 and over	200.4	300.1	Detter	-17.22	-2.00	2017	11001
Healthy Living	Adult current smokers who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months who received advice to quit smoking from their providers	78.6	75.5	Same	-12.65	-0.79	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	50.5	50.0	Same	-1.00	-0.15	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who had a dental visit in the calendar year	57.3	57.4	Same	0.23	0.03	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood pressure measurement in the last 2 years and can state whether their blood pressure was normal or high	93.5	93.6	Same	1.56	0.16	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	43.8	45.1	Same	2.37	0.70	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional to exercise more	63.5	64.5	Same	2.82	0.40	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about how smoking in the house can be bad for a child	47.0	48.5	Same	2.91	0.47	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with a dental visit in the calendar year	35.4	37.6	Same	3.53	1.13	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional about eating fewer high-fat or high-cholesterol foods	45.9	49.0	Same	6.08	1.37	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children over 80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using lap or shoulder belts when riding in a car	37.1	40.8	Same	6.25	0.95	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Live-born infants with low birth weight (less than 2,500 g)	8.4	7.9	Same	6.33	17.68	2018	NVSS_N
Healthy Living	Women ages 50-74 who received a mammogram in the last 2 years	72.7	74.7	Same	7.91	0.94	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about the amount and kind of exercise, sports, or physically active hobbies they should have	50.0	53.7	Same	7.99	1.22	2017	MEPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z- Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Women ages 21-65 who received a Pap smear in the last 3 years	80.5	82.4	Same	10.80	1.17	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood cholesterol measurement in the last 5 years	87.8	89.0	Same	10.91	1.41	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 3-5 who ever had their vision checked by a health provider	67.3	70.6	Same	11.22	0.62	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about eating healthy	65.3	70.3	Same	16.84	1.72	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children 0-40 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a child safety seat while riding in the car	64.2	69.6	Same	17.76	1.17	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children who had their height and weight measured by a health provider within the past 2 years	94.1	95.6	Same	34.09	1.41	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a helmet when riding a bicycle or motorcycle	39.5	48.2	Worse	16.80	2.73	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children 41-80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a booster seat when riding in the car	41.2	51.6	Worse	21.49	2.10	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Infant mortality per 1,000 live births, birth weight 2,500 grams or more	2.2	1.7	Worse	29.41	4.90	2017	NVSS_L
Healthy Living	Children ages 0-17 with wellness checkup in the past 12 months	84.9	89.8	Worse	48.04	2.80	2018	NHIS

Table 71. Affordable Care Measures for Medium Metro vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Affordable Care measures, residents of medium metropolitan areas experienced better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for 1 measure and the same quality of care for 4 measures. No measure showed residents of large central metropolitan areas experiencing worse quality compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas, 2016-2018.

	Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z- Score	Data Year	Data Source
١	Affordable	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed dental	67.0	76.9	Better	-12.87	-1.98	2017	MEPS
ı	Care	care due to financial or insurance reasons							

- · · ·		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference	D	Relative	Z-	Data	D 1 0
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Score	Year	Data Source
Affordable Care	People without a usual source of care who indicated a financial or insurance reason for not having a source of care	10.4	13.6	Same	-23.53	-1.67	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed medical care due to financial or insurance reasons	40.3	42.0	Same	-4.05	-0.30	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed prescription medicines due to financial or insurance reasons	59.6	55.6	Same	7.19	0.64	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People under age 65 whose family's health insurance premium and out-of-pocket medical expenditures were more than 10% of total family income	17.4	15.9	Same	9.97	1.12	2017	MEPS

Small Metro vs. Large Fringe Metro

Table 72. Patient Safety Measures for Small Metro vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Patient Safety measures, residents of small metropolitan areas did not experience better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for any measure; they experienced the same quality of care for 14 measures and worse quality for 1 measure, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with central venous catheter-related bloodstream infection per 1,000 medical and surgical discharges of length 2 or more days, adults age 18 and over or obstetric admissions	0.1	0.1	Same	-20.00	-1.41	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative pulmonary embolism (PE) or deep vein thrombosis (DVT) per 1,000 surgical hospital discharges, adults	3.1	3.4	Same	-8.75	-2.21	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Birth trauma - injury to neonate per 1,000 selected live births	5.0	5.0	Same	0.40	0.05	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	1.1	1.0	Same	0.96	0.14	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative acute kidney injury requiring dialysis per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	2.2	2.2	Same	2.29	0.50	2017	HCUP

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions having developed specified complications of care during hospitalization, adults ages 18-89 or obstetric admissions	153.8	141.8	Same	8.46	3.11	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Sepsis diagnoses per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions of length 4 or more days, adults	3.8	3.5	Same	8.86	1.60	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with iatrogenic pneumothorax per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	0.2	0.2	Same	10.53	1.41	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative hip fracture per 1,000 surgical admissions who were not susceptible to falling, adults	0.1	0.1	Same	12.50	0.45	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative physiologic and metabolic derangements per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	0.9	0.8	Same	18.99	1.68	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Adults age 65 and over who received in the calendar year at least 1 of 33 potentially inappropriate prescription medications for older adults	11.4	8.9	Same	28.09	1.27	2017	MEPS
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, children	0.4	0.3	Same	29.03	1.25	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with expected low- mortality	0.2	0.2	Same	29.41	1.58	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Reclosure of postoperative abdominal wound dehiscence per 1,000 abdominopelvic-surgery admissions of length 2 or more days, adults	0.7	0.5	Same	32.08	1.90	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative respiratory failure per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	4.7	4.1	Worse	15.80	2.71	2017	HCUP

Table 73. Person-Centered Care Measures for Small Metro vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Person-Centered Care measures, residents of small metropolitan areas did not experience better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for any measure; they experienced same quality of care for 7 measures and worse quality for 3 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Adults with limited English proficiency who had a usual source of care	68.6	57.3	Same	-26.46	-1.41	2017	MEPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	People with a usual source of care whose providers sometimes or never asked them to help make decisions when there was a choice between treatments	14.3	14.4	Same	-0.69	-0.07	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always offered help in filling out forms	14.8	14.6	Same	-0.23	-0.11	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always asked them to describe how they will follow the instructions	26.1	27.5	Same	1.93	0.72	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never spent enough time with them	11.4	10.2	Same	11.76	0.98	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Rating of health care 0-6 on a scale from 0 to 10 (best grade) by adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months	13.2	11.2	Same	17.86	1.53	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never explained things in a way they could understand	8.0	6.5	Same	22.27	1.32	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always gave them easy-to-understand instructions about what to do for a specific illness or health conditions	69.1	75.1	Worse	24.10	2.77	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never listened carefully to them	10.4	6.4	Worse	62.79	3.33	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never showed respect for what they had to say	9.1	5.3	Worse	71.24	3.93	2017	MEPS

Table 74. Care Coordination Measures for Small Metro vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Care Coordination measures, residents of small metropolitan areas experienced better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for 3 measures, the same quality of care for 13 measures, and worse quality for 4 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, adults ages 18-39	25.5	34.5	Better	-26.09	-3.62	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, children ages 2-17	52.8	70.4	Better	-25.00	-2.11	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	136.2	159.6	Better	-14.66	-2.30	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for pediatric gastroenteritis per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	29.3	36.8	Same	-20.38	-1.87	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for long-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	97.7	109.5	Same	-10.78	-1.67	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for uncontrolled diabetes without complications per 100,000 population, adults	40.4	45.2	Same	-10.62	-1.48	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for hypertension per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	56.0	61.8	Same	-9.39	-1.28	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, children ages 6-17	23.1	23.5	Same	-1.70	-0.10	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	People with a usual source of care who usually asks about prescription medications and treatments from other doctors	82.2	82.0	Same	-1.11	-0.11	2017	MEPS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for community-acquired pneumonia per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	167.5	166.6	Same	0.54	0.08	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Emergency department encounters for asthma, children ages 2-17	485.8	475.6	Same	2.14	0.13	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for chronic obstructive pulmonary disease or asthma per 100,000 population, adults age 40 and over	536.3	518.4	Same	3.45	0.47	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	20.8	19.9	Same	4.52	0.39	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for lower extremity amputations per 1,000 population, adults age 18 and over with diabetes	29.8	27.8	Same	7.19	0.88	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Emergency department visits with a principal diagnosis related to substance abuse only, per 100,000 population	544.6	469.8	Same	15.92	1.04	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Emergency department encounters for asthma, adults	377.5	307.2	Same	22.88	1.59	2017	HCUP_NEDS

		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative		Data	
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for perforated appendix per 1,000 admissions with appendicitis, children	579.2	522.3	Worse	10.89	2.29	2016	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	66.3	56.9	Worse	16.52	1.96	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospitalizations and emergency department encounters for heart failure	528.2	402.5	Worse	31.23	2.06	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Emergency department visits with a principal diagnosis related to mental health only per 100,000 population	1170.0	879.1	Worse	33.09	2.09	2017	HCUP_NEDS

Table 75. Effectiveness of Care Measures for Small Metro vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Effectiveness of Care measures, residents of small metropolitan areas did not experience better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for any measure; they experienced the same quality of care for 20 measures and worse quality for 5 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with chronic joint symptoms who have ever seen a doctor or other health professional for joint symptoms	76.9	72.9	Same	-14.76	-1.29	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	People with current asthma who are now taking preventive medicine daily or almost daily (either oral or inhaler)	31.0	21.9	Same	-11.65	-1.85	2016	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received at least two hemoglobin A1c measurements in the calendar year	81.3	78.9	Same	-11.37	-0.62	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with a major depressive episode in the last 12 months who received treatment for depression in the last 12 months	68.3	64.8	Same	-9.94	-1.01	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a dilated eye examination in the calendar year	64.2	60.6	Same	-9.14	-0.66	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	HIV infection deaths per 100,000 population	1.0	1.1	Same	-9.09	-0.98	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Hospital admissions for heart failure per 100,000 population	422.2	453.6	Same	-6.92	-1.02	2017	HCUP

		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative		Data	
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) repair	38.1	40.4	Same	-5.69	-0.58	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Hospital inpatient stays involving opioid-related diagnoses per 100,000 population	281.0	288.4	Same	-2.57	-0.47	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for alcohol problem who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	7.9	8.0	Same	0.11	0.05	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Children ages 12-17 with a major depressive episode in the last 12 months who received treatment for depression in the last 12 months	43.4	43.6	Same	0.35	0.04	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for illicit drug use and who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	16.3	16.6	Same	0.36	0.09	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Breast cancer deaths per 100,000 female population per year	20.0	19.8	Same	1.01	0.55	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Persons with current asthma who received written asthma management plans from their healthcare provider	35.6	38.0	Same	3.87	0.55	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with acute myocardial infarction (AMI)	50.1	48.2	Same	3.94	1.20	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with coronary artery bypass surgery, adults age 40 and over	25.4	24.0	Same	5.83	0.75	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with heart failure	28.6	27.0	Same	5.93	1.48	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Emergency department visits involving opioid-related diagnoses per 100,000 population	224.9	210.3	Same	6.94	0.66	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Effectiveness of Care	Colorectal cancer deaths per 100,000 population per year	14.1	12.9	Same	9.30	5.37	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who had their feet checked for sores or irritation in the calendar year	55.0	62.8	Same	20.97	1.47	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with pneumonia	27.4	24.5	Worse	11.84	2.31	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA), adults age 40 and over	30.1	26.3	Worse	14.45	2.74	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Lung cancer deaths per 100,000 population per year	40.8	35.1	Worse	16.24	15.81	2017	NVSS_M

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a flu vaccination in the calendar year	49.9	62.6	Worse	33.96	2.04	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Suicide deaths among persons age 12 and over per 100,000 population	21.3	15.1	Worse	41.06	19.61	2017	NVSS_M

Table 76. Healthy Living Measures for Small Metro vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Healthy Living measures, residents of small metropolitan areas experienced better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 19 measures, and worse quality for 4 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Hospital admissions for immunization-preventable influenza per 100,000 population, adults age 65 and over	252.2	306.1	Better	-17.61	-2.54	2017	HCUP
Healthy Living	Children for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about how smoking in the house can be bad for a child	50.5	48.5	Same	-3.88	-0.57	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Women ages 50-74 who received a mammogram in the last 2 years	75.0	74.7	Same	-1.19	-0.11	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children over 80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using lap or shoulder belts when riding in a car	41.5	40.8	Same	-1.18	-0.15	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional about eating fewer high-fat or high-cholesterol foods	47.4	49.0	Same	3.14	0.46	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Live-born infants with low birth weight (less than 2,500 g)	8.2	7.9	Same	3.80	10.61	2018	NVSS_N
Healthy Living	Children ages 3-5 who ever had their vision checked by a health provider	69.4	70.6	Same	4.08	0.21	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adult current smokers who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months who received advice to quit smoking from their providers	74.4	75.5	Same	4.49	0.23	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with a dental visit in the calendar year	34.7	37.6	Same	4.65	1.27	2017	MEPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Adults who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	42.3	45.1	Same	5.10	1.28	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about the amount and kind of exercise, sports, or physically active hobbies they should have	51.3	53.7	Same	5.18	0.60	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who had a dental visit in the calendar year	54.9	57.4	Same	5.87	0.70	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional to exercise more	61.7	64.5	Same	7.89	0.95	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children 41-80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a booster seat when riding in the car	47.5	51.6	Same	8.47	0.70	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	45.5	50.0	Same	9.00	1.12	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Women ages 21-65 who received a Pap smear in the last 3 years	79.9	82.4	Same	14.20	1.19	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a helmet when riding a bicycle or motorcycle	40.3	48.2	Same	15.25	1.90	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood pressure measurement in the last 2 years and can state whether their blood pressure was normal or high	92.6	93.6	Same	15.62	1.16	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about eating healthy	65.2	70.3	Same	17.17	1.34	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children who had their height and weight measured by a health provider within the past 2 years	93.8	95.6	Same	40.91	1.22	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children 0-40 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a child safety seat while riding in the car	57.3	69.6	Worse	40.46	2.24	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Infant mortality per 1,000 live births, birth weight 2,500 grams or more	2.4	1.7	Worse	41.18	6.86	2017	NVSS_L
Healthy Living	Children ages 0-17 with wellness checkup in the past 12 months	85.2	89.8	Worse	45.10	2.76	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood cholesterol measurement in the last 5 years	83.9	89.0	Worse	46.36	3.80	2017	NHIS

Table 77. Affordable Care Measures for Small Metro vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Affordable Care measures, residents of small metropolitan areas experienced better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for 1 measure and the same quality of care for 4 measures. No measure showed residents of small metropolitan areas experiencing worse quality compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Affordable Care	People without a usual source of care who indicated a financial or insurance reason for not having a source of care	8.9	13.6	Better	-34.56	-2.29	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed medical care due to financial or insurance reasons	35.6	42.0	Same	-15.24	-1.01	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed dental care due to financial or insurance reasons	73.2	76.9	Same	-4.81	-0.71	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed prescription medicines due to financial or insurance reasons	60.1	55.6	Same	8.09	0.59	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People under age 65 whose family's health insurance premium and out-of-pocket medical expenditures were more than 10% of total family income	17.6	15.9	Same	10.79	0.96	2017	MEPS

Micropolitan vs. Large Fringe Metro

Table 78. Patient Safety Measures for Micropolitan vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Patient Safety measures, residents of micropolitan areas experienced better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 11 measures, and worse quality for 3 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Referenc e Group	Disparities	Relative Differen ce	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Postoperative pulmonary embolism (PE) or deep vein thrombosis (DVT) per 1,000 surgical hospital discharges, adults	3.0	3.4	Better	-13.70	-3.67	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with central venous catheter-related bloodstream infection per 1,000 medical and surgical discharges of length 2 or more days, adults age 18 and over or obstetric admissions	0.1	0.1	Same	-10.00	-0.71	2017	HCUP

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Referenc e Group	Disparities	Relative Differen ce	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Postoperative acute kidney injury requiring dialysis per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	2.2	2.2	Same	2.75	0.60	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions having developed specified complications of care during hospitalization, adults ages 18-89 or obstetric admissions	150.5	141.8	Same	6.14	2.16	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Sepsis diagnoses per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions of length 4 or more days, adults	3.8	3.5	Same	7.14	1.29	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative physiologic and metabolic derangements per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	0.9	0.8	Same	8.86	0.87	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Birth trauma - injury to neonate per 1,000 selected live births	5.5	5.0	Same	9.00	1.13	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with iatrogenic pneumothorax per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	0.2	0.2	Same	10.53	1.41	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative hip fracture per 1,000 surgical admissions who were not susceptible to falling, adults	0.1	0.1	Same	12.50	0.45	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, children	0.4	0.3	Same	29.03	1.25	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with expected low- mortality	0.2	0.2	Same	35.29	1.90	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Adults age 65 and over who received in the calendar year at least 1 of 33 potentially inappropriate prescription medications for older adults	13.0	8.9	Same	46.07	1.47	2017	MEPS
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	1.2	1.0	Worse	15.38	1.98	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative respiratory failure per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	5.0	4.1	Worse	23.46	3.53	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Reclosure of postoperative abdominal wound dehiscence per 1,000 abdominopelvic-surgery admissions of length 2 or more days, adults	0.8	0.5	Worse	52.83	3.13	2017	HCUP

Table 79. Person-Centered Care Measures for Micropolitan vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Person-Centered Care measures, residents of micropolitan areas did not experience better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for any measure; they experienced the same quality of care for 6 measures and worse quality for 4 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Adults with limited English proficiency who had a usual source of care	67.6	57.3	Same	-24.12	-1.31	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always offered help in filling out forms	16.4	14.6	Same	-2.11	-0.73	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always asked them to describe how they will follow the instructions	24.3	27.5	Same	4.41	1.40	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always gave them easy-to-understand instructions about what to do for a specific illness or health conditions	73.7	75.1	Same	5.62	0.60	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	People with a usual source of care whose providers sometimes or never asked them to help make decisions when there was a choice between treatments	15.3	14.4	Same	6.25	0.48	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never spent enough time with them	11.5	10.2	Same	12.75	0.83	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never explained things in a way they could understand	9.1	6.5	Worse	39.02	1.96	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Rating of health care 0-6 on a scale from 0 to 10 (best grade) by adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months	15.7	11.2	Worse	40.18	2.45	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never listened carefully to them	9.2	6.4	Worse	43.64	2.15	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never showed respect for what they had to say	8.9	5.3	Worse	67.67	2.50	2017	MEPS

Table 80. Care Coordination Measures for Micropolitan vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Care Coordination measures, residents of micropolitan areas experienced better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for 2 measures, the same quality of care for 10 measures, and worse quality for 9 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, children ages 2-17	49.1	70.4	Better	-30.26	-2.80	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, adults ages 18-39	25.2	34.5	Better	-26.96	-4.51	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for pediatric gastroenteritis per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	29.6	36.8	Same	-19.57	-1.88	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for hypertension per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	56.2	61.8	Same	-9.06	-1.65	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, children ages 6-17	22.1	23.5	Same	-5.96	-0.39	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Emergency department encounters for asthma, children ages 2-17	458.2	475.6	Same	-3.66	-0.26	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for uncontrolled diabetes without complications per 100,000 population, adults	44.6	45.2	Same	-1.33	-0.24	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for long-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	108.1	109.5	Same	-1.28	-0.26	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	People with a usual source of care who usually asks about prescription medications and treatments from other doctors	81.9	82.0	Same	0.56	0.04	2017	MEPS
Care Coordination	Emergency department visits with a principal diagnosis related to substance abuse only, per 100,000 population	479.5	469.8	Same	2.06	0.20	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for perforated appendix per 1,000 admissions with appendicitis, children	549.0	522.3	Same	5.11	1.15	2016	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	175.5	159.6	Same	9.96	1.89	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for lower extremity amputations per 1,000 population, adults age 18 and over with diabetes	32.2	27.8	Worse	15.83	2.47	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	24.8	19.9	Worse	24.62	2.23	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Emergency department encounters for asthma, adults	386.3	307.2	Worse	25.75	2.36	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	71.9	56.9	Worse	26.36	4.59	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for chronic obstructive pulmonary disease or asthma per 100,000 population, adults age 40 and over	676.2	518.4	Worse	30.44	5.14	2017	HCUP

		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative		Data	
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Hospitalizations and emergency department encounters for heart failure	590.9	402.5	Worse	46.81	4.48	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for community-acquired pneumonia per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	245.7	166.6	Worse	47.48	7.93	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Emergency department visits with a principal diagnosis related to mental health only per 100,000 population	1340.5	879.1	Worse	52.49	4.78	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Emergency department visits with a principal diagnosis related to dental conditions	491.7	207.1	Worse	137.42	10.54	2017	HCUP_NEDS

Table 81. Effectiveness of Care Measures for Micropolitan vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Effectiveness of Care measures, residents of micropolitan areas did not experience better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for any measure; they experienced the same quality of care for 19 measures and worse quality for 4 measures, 2016-2018.

		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative		Data	Data
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Source
Effectiveness of Care	Children ages 12-17 with a major depressive episode in the last 12 months who received treatment for depression in the last 12 months	50.6	43.6	Same	-12.41	-1.41	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who had their feet checked for sores or irritation in the calendar year	67.0	62.8	Same	-11.29	-0.66	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for illicit drug use and who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	23.3	16.6	Same	-8.03	-1.44	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with a major depressive episode in the last 12 months who received treatment for depression in the last 12 months	65.9	64.8	Same	-3.13	-0.29	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) repair	39.2	40.4	Same	-2.97	-0.28	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for alcohol problem who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	9.3	8.0	Same	-1.41	-0.53	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Breast cancer deaths per 100,000 female population per year	20.1	19.8	Same	1.52	0.83	2017	NVSS_M

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA), adults age 40 and over	26.7	26.3	Same	1.52	0.33	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with chronic joint symptoms who have ever seen a doctor or other health professional for joint symptoms	72.2	72.9	Same	2.58	0.25	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with acute myocardial infarction (AMI)	49.8	48.2	Same	3.32	1.01	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a flu vaccination in the calendar year	60.9	62.6	Same	4.55	0.27	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Hospital admissions for heart failure per 100,000 population	476.0	453.6	Same	4.94	0.99	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	People with current asthma who are now taking preventive medicine daily or almost daily (either oral or inhaler)	17.8	21.9	Same	5.25	1.32	2016	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Persons with current asthma who received written asthma management plans from their healthcare provider	33.2	38.0	Same	7.74	1.01	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with heart failure	29.3	27.0	Same	8.52	2.30	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	HIV infection deaths per 100,000 population	1.2	1.1	Same	9.09	0.98	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a dilated eye examination in the calendar year	56.5	60.6	Same	10.41	0.69	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with coronary artery bypass surgery, adults age 40 and over	27.2	24.0	Same	13.33	1.65	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received at least two hemoglobin A1c measurements in the calendar year	70.4	78.9	Same	40.28	1.06	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with pneumonia	27.1	24.5	Worse	10.61	2.40	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Colorectal cancer deaths per 100,000 population per year	15.8	12.9	Worse	22.48	12.97	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Lung cancer deaths per 100,000 population per year	44.2	35.1	Worse	25.93	25.24	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Suicide deaths among persons age 12 and over per 100,000 population	22.7	15.1	Worse	50.33	24.03	2017	NVSS_M

Table 82. Healthy Living Measures for Micropolitan vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Healthy Living measures, residents of micropolitan areas experienced better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 11 measures, and worse quality for 12 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Hospital admissions for immunization-preventable influenza per 100,000 population, adults age 65 and over	266.7	306.1	Better	-12.87	-2.34	2017	HCUP
Healthy Living	Children for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about how smoking in the house can be bad for a child	49.5	48.5	Same	-1.94	-0.19	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Live-born infants with low birth weight (less than 2,500 g)	8.3	7.9	Same	5.06	14.14	2018	NVSS_N
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	47.1	50.0	Same	5.80	0.63	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who had a dental visit in the calendar year	53.5	57.4	Same	9.15	0.87	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional about eating fewer high-fat or high-cholesterol foods	43.5	49.0	Same	10.78	1.71	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children 0-40 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a child safety seat while riding in the car	65.2	69.6	Same	14.47	0.66	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood pressure measurement in the last 2 years and can state whether their blood pressure was normal or high	92.5	93.6	Same	17.19	1.28	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children over 80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using lap or shoulder belts when riding in a car	29.7	40.8	Same	18.75	1.54	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adult current smokers who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months who received advice to quit smoking from their providers	70.5	75.5	Same	20.41	0.98	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 3-5 who ever had their vision checked by a health provider	62.5	69.5	Same	22.95	0.93	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children who had their height and weight measured by a health provider within the past 2 years	93.3	95.6	Same	52.27	1.19	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with a dental visit in the calendar year	31.1	37.6	Worse	10.42	3.21	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	38.9	45.1	Worse	11.29	3.06	2017	MEPS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional to exercise more	56.0	64.5	Worse	23.94	2.72	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Women ages 50-74 who received a mammogram in the last 2 years	66.5	74.7	Worse	32.41	2.86	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a helmet when riding a bicycle or motorcycle	30.7	48.2	Worse	33.78	3.32	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about the amount and kind of exercise, sports, or physically active hobbies they should have	36.1	53.7	Worse	38.01	3.14	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children 41-80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a booster seat when riding in the car	31.8	51.6	Worse	40.91	2.87	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Women ages 21-65 who received a Pap smear in the last 3 years	74.3	82.4	Worse	46.02	2.97	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Infant mortality per 1,000 live births, birth weight 2,500 grams or more	2.6	1.7	Worse	52.94	8.83	2017	NVSS_L
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about eating healthy	54.5	70.3	Worse	53.20	3.72	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 0-17 with wellness checkup in the past 12 months	83.4	89.8	Worse	62.75	3.04	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood cholesterol measurement in the last 5 years	81.3	89.0	Worse	70.00	6.15	2017	NHIS

Table 83. Affordable Care Measures for Micropolitan vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Affordable Care measures, residents of micropolitan areas did not experience better or worse quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for any measure. Residents of micropolitan areas experienced the same quality of care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for 5 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Affordable	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed dental care	70.5	76.9	Same	-8.32	-0.98	2017	MEPS
Care	due to financial or insurance reasons							

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed medical care due to financial or insurance reasons	41.0	42.0	Same	-2.38	-0.14	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People unable to get or delayed in getting needed prescription medicines due to financial or insurance reasons	61.0	55.6	Same	9.71	0.74	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People without a usual source of care who indicated a financial or insurance reason for not having a source of care	15.5	13.6	Same	13.97	0.54	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People under age 65 whose family's health insurance premium and out-of-pocket medical expenditures were more than 10% of total family income	18.2	15.9	Same	14.64	1.04	2017	MEPS

Noncore vs. Large Fringe Metro

Table 84. Patient Safety Measures for Noncore vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Patient Safety measures, residents of noncore areas did not experience better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for any measure; they experienced the same quality of care for 11 measures and worse quality for 4 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with central venous catheter-related bloodstream infection per 1,000 medical and surgical discharges of length 2 or more days, adults age 18 and over or obstetric admissions	0.1	0.1	Same	-10.00	-0.71	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative pulmonary embolism (PE) or deep vein thrombosis (DVT) per 1,000 surgical hospital discharges, adults	3.1	3.4	Same	-8.75	-2.08	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Hospital admissions with iatrogenic pneumothorax per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	0.2	0.2	Same	-5.26	-0.71	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative acute kidney injury requiring dialysis per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	2.2	2.2	Same	-0.92	-0.17	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions having developed specified complications of care during hospitalization, adults ages 18-89 or obstetric admissions	147.6	141.8	Same	4.09	1.28	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, children	0.4	0.3	Same	12.90	0.55	2017	HCUP

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Patient Safety	Birth trauma - injury to neonate per 1,000 selected live births	5.7	5.0	Same	14.40	1.74	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Accidental puncture or laceration during procedure per 1,000 medical and surgical admissions, adults	1.2	1.0	Same	15.38	1.79	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Adults age 65 and over who received in the calendar year at least 1 of 33 potentially inappropriate prescription medications for older adults	10.3	8.9	Same	15.73	0.63	2017	MEPS
Patient Safety	Postoperative physiologic and metabolic derangements per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	0.9	0.8	Same	17.72	1.42	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative hip fracture per 1,000 surgical admissions who were not susceptible to falling, adults	0.1	0.1	Same	37.50	1.34	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Sepsis diagnoses per 1,000 elective-surgery admissions of length 4 or more days, adults	4.0	3.5	Worse	14.29	2.28	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Postoperative respiratory failure per 1,000 elective surgical hospital discharges, adults	5.1	4.1	Worse	25.19	3.56	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Reclosure of postoperative abdominal wound dehiscence per 1,000 abdominopelvic-surgery admissions of length 2 or more days, adults	1.0	0.5	Worse	86.79	3.93	2017	HCUP
Patient Safety	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with expected low- mortality	0.3	0.2	Worse	88.24	3.64	2017	HCUP

Table 85. Person Centered Care Measures for Noncore vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Person-Centered Care measures, residents of noncore areas did not experience better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for any measure; they received the same quality of care for 8 measures and worse quality for 1 measure, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always offered help in filling out forms	14.6	14.6	Same	0.00	0.00	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never spent enough time with them	10.9	10.2	Same	6.86	0.36	2017	MEPS

		Rate for	Rate for					
Priority Area	Measure Title	Comparison Group	Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always asked them to describe how they will follow the instructions	22.2	27.5	Same	7.31	1.82	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	People with a usual source of care whose providers sometimes or never asked them to help make decisions when there was a choice between treatments	15.5	14.4	Same	7.64	0.49	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers always gave them easy-to-understand instructions about what to do for a specific illness or health conditions	70.5	75.1	Same	18.47	1.66	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never explained things in a way they could understand	7.8	6.5	Same	19.05	0.79	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Rating of health care 0-6 on a scale from 0 to 10 (best grade) by adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months	14.2	11.2	Same	26.79	1.63	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never showed respect for what they had to say	8.3	5.3	Same	56.58	1.69	2017	MEPS
Person- Centered Care	Adults who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months whose health providers sometimes or never listened carefully to them	9.7	6.4	Worse	52.43	1.97	2017	MEPS

Table 86. Care Coordination Measures for Noncore vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Care Coordination measures, residents of noncore areas experienced better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for 4 measures, the same quality of care for 8 measures, and worse quality for 8 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, children ages 2-17	45.4	70.4	Better	-35.51	-3.14	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for asthma per 100,000 population, adults ages 18-39	25.2	34.5	Better	-26.96	-4.37	2017	HCUP

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Care Coordination	Emergency department visits with a principal diagnosis related to substance abuse only, per 100,000 population	368.9	469.8	Better	-21.48	-2.38	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for hypertension per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	54.8	61.8	Better	-11.33	-2.10	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	People with a usual source of care who usually asks about prescription medications and treatments from other doctors	85.1	82.0	Same	-17.22	-1.61	2017	MEPS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for pediatric gastroenteritis per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	30.8	36.8	Same	-16.30	-1.43	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Emergency department encounters for asthma, children ages 2-17	453.2	475.6	Same	-4.71	-0.34	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for perforated appendix per 1,000 admissions with appendicitis, children	556.4	522.3	Same	6.53	1.44	2016	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for long-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	118.2	109.5	Same	7.95	1.41	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for uncontrolled diabetes without complications per 100,000 population, adults	49.0	45.2	Same	8.41	1.49	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, children ages 6-17	26.3	23.5	Same	11.91	0.74	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Emergency department encounters for asthma, adults	349.3	307.2	Same	13.70	1.38	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for short-term complications of diabetes per 100,000 population, adults	65.3	56.9	Worse	14.76	2.51	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, children ages 3 months to 17 years	24.8	19.9	Worse	24.62	2.23	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for lower extremity amputations per 1,000 population, adults age 18 and over with diabetes	35.5	27.8	Worse	27.70	3.80	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Emergency department visits with a principal diagnosis related to mental health only per 100,000 population	1186.6	879.1	Worse	34.98	3.38	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for urinary tract infection (UTI) per 100,000 population, adults age 18 and over	236.8	159.6	Worse	48.37	8.17	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospital admissions for chronic obstructive pulmonary disease or asthma per 100,000 population, adults age 40 and over	794.0	518.4	Worse	53.16	7.92	2017	HCUP
Care Coordination	Hospitalizations and emergency department encounters for heart failure	634.9	402.5	Worse	57.74	5.33	2017	HCUP_NEDS

		Rate for Comparison	Rate for Reference		Relative		Data	
Priority Area	Measure Title	Group	Group	Disparities	Difference	Z-Score	Year	Data Source
Care	Hospital admissions for community-acquired pneumonia per	376.5	166.6	Worse	125.99	16.46	2017	HCUP
Coordination	100,000 population, adults age 18 and over							

Table 87. Effectiveness of Care Measures for Noncore vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Effectiveness of Care measures, residents of noncore areas did not experience better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for any measure; they experienced the same quality of care for 18 measures and worse quality for 7 measures, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) repair	34.9	40.4	Same	-13.61	-1.42	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with chronic joint symptoms who have ever seen a doctor or other health professional for joint symptoms	76.5	72.9	Same	-13.28	-1.19	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for alcohol problem who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	12.0	8.0	Same	-4.35	-1.19	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Hospital inpatient stays involving opioid-related diagnoses per 100,000 population	282.5	288.4	Same	-2.05	-0.29	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Adults with a major depressive episode in the last 12 months who received treatment for depression in the last 12 months	65.4	64.8	Same	-1.70	-0.13	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Breast cancer deaths per 100,000 female population per year	19.5	19.8	Same	-1.52	-0.67	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with acute myocardial infarction (AMI)	47.7	48.2	Same	-1.04	-0.32	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA), adults age 40 and over	26.2	26.3	Same	-0.38	-0.08	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	People age 12 and over who needed treatment for illicit drug use and who received such treatment at a specialty facility in the last 12 months	14.1	16.6	Same	3.00	0.59	2018	NSDUH
Effectiveness of Care	Children ages 12-17 with a major depressive episode in the last 12 months who received treatment for depression in the last 12 months	39.7	43.6	Same	6.91	0.72	2018	NSDUH

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who had their feet checked for sores or irritation in the calendar year	60.2	62.8	Same	6.99	0.43	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Emergency department visits involving opioid-related diagnoses per 100,000 population	225.6	210.3	Same	7.28	0.49	2017	HCUP_NEDS
Effectiveness of Care	People with current asthma who are now taking preventive medicine daily or almost daily (either oral or inhaler)	16.1	21.9	Same	7.43	1.40	2016	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	HIV infection deaths per 100,000 population	1.2	1.1	Same	9.09	0.98	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 hospital admissions with coronary artery bypass surgery, adults age 40 and over	27.8	24.0	Same	15.83	1.96	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Persons with current asthma who received written asthma management plans from their healthcare provider	26.3	38.0	Same	18.87	1.87	2018	NHIS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a dilated eye examination in the calendar year	50.9	60.6	Same	24.62	1.51	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received at least two hemoglobin A1c measurements in the calendar year	68.7	78.9	Same	48.34	1.84	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Hospital admissions for heart failure per 100,000 population	521.2	453.6	Worse	14.90	2.77	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with heart failure	31.9	27.0	Worse	18.15	4.20	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Deaths per 1,000 adult hospital admissions with pneumonia	30.1	24.5	Worse	22.86	5.18	2017	HCUP
Effectiveness of Care	Colorectal cancer deaths per 100,000 population per year	16.6	12.9	Worse	28.68	11.70	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Lung cancer deaths per 100,000 population per year	46.1	35.1	Worse	31.34	24.60	2017	NVSS_M
Effectiveness of Care	Adults age 40 and over with diagnosed diabetes who received a flu vaccination in the calendar year	50.2	62.6	Worse	33.16	2.14	2017	MEPS
Effectiveness of Care	Suicide deaths among persons age 12 and over per 100,000 population	23.7	15.1	Worse	56.95	20.86	2017	NVSS_M

Table 88. Healthy Living Measures for Noncore vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Healthy Living measures, residents of noncore areas experienced better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for 1 measure, the same quality of care for 11 measures, and worse quality for 10 measures, 2016-2018. Disparities Measures

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Hospital admissions for immunization-preventable influenza per 100,000 population, adults age 65 and over	256.8	306.1	Better	-16.11	-3.08	2017	HCUP
Healthy Living	Adult current smokers who had a doctor's office or clinic visit in the last 12 months who received advice to quit smoking from their providers	79.7	75.5	Same	-17.14	-0.88	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about how smoking in the house can be bad for a child	52.5	48.5	Same	-7.77	-0.83	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Live-born infants with low birth weight (less than 2,500 g)	8.4	7.9	Same	6.33	4.90	2018	NVSS_N
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional about eating fewer high-fat or high-cholesterol foods	44.2	49.0	Same	9.41	0.99	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children over 80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using lap or shoulder belts when riding in a car	31.5	40.8	Same	15.71	1.50	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	41.8	50.0	Same	16.40	1.38	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with obesity who ever received advice from a health professional to exercise more	58.2	64.5	Same	17.75	1.42	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 who had a dental visit in the calendar year	49.5	57.4	Same	18.54	1.35	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Women ages 50-74 who received a mammogram in the last 2 years	69.2	74.7	Same	21.74	1.53	2018	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children who had their height and weight measured by a health provider within the past 2 years	94.5	95.6	Same	25.00	0.70	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood pressure measurement in the last 2 years and can state whether their blood pressure was normal or high	91.7	93.6	Same	29.69	1.36	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Adults who received a preventive dental service in the calendar year	32.7	45.1	Worse	22.59	4.39	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Adults with a dental visit in the calendar year	23.0	37.6	Worse	23.40	5.73	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Women ages 21-65 who received a Pap smear in the last 3 years	76.9	82.4	Worse	31.25	2.08	2018	NHIS

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about the amount and kind of exercise, sports, or physically active hobbies they should have	35.9	53.7	Worse	38.44	3.52	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children 41-80 lbs for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a booster seat when riding in the car	24.1	46.2	Worse	41.08	2.92	2016	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about using a helmet when riding a bicycle or motorcycle	26.2	48.2	Worse	42.47	4.63	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Children ages 2-17 for whom a health provider gave advice within the past 2 years about eating healthy	53.3	70.3	Worse	57.24	3.18	2017	MEPS
Healthy Living	Infant mortality per 1,000 live births, birth weight 2,500 grams or more	2.9	1.7	Worse	70.59	11.77	2017	NVSS_L
Healthy Living	Adults who received a blood cholesterol measurement in the last 5 years	80.4	89.0	Worse	78.18	4.77	2017	NHIS
Healthy Living	Children ages 0-17 with wellness checkup in the past 12 months	81.6	89.8	Worse	80.39	2.79	2018	NHIS

Table 89. Affordable Care Measures for Noncore vs. Large Fringe Metro

For Affordable Care measures, residents of noncore areas did not experience better quality care compared with residents of large fringe metropolitan areas for any measure; they experienced the same quality of care for 1 measure and worse quality for 1 measure, 2016-2018.

Priority Area	Measure Title	Rate for Comparison Group	Rate for Reference Group	Disparities	Relative Difference	Z-Score	Data Year	Data Source
Affordable Care	People without a usual source of care who indicated a financial or insurance reason for not having a source of care	12.2	13.6	Same	-10.29	-0.45	2017	MEPS
Affordable Care	People under age 65 whose family's health insurance premium and out-of-pocket medical expenditures were more than 10% of total family income	23.2	15.9	Worse	46.50	2.21	2017	MEPS