Workflow

Ann Lefebvre MSW, CPHQ Associate Director, NC AHEC



"Every system is perfectly designed to get the results that it gets."

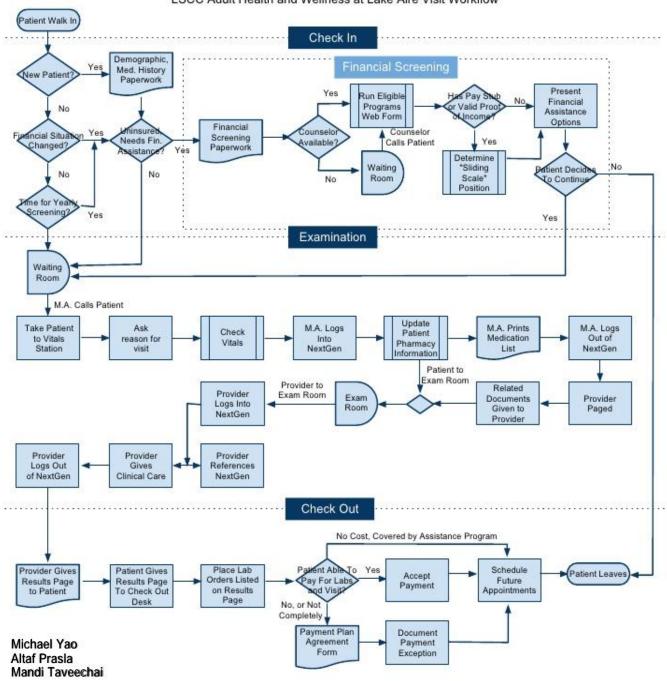
Paul Batalden, MD

Traditional Workflow Analysis

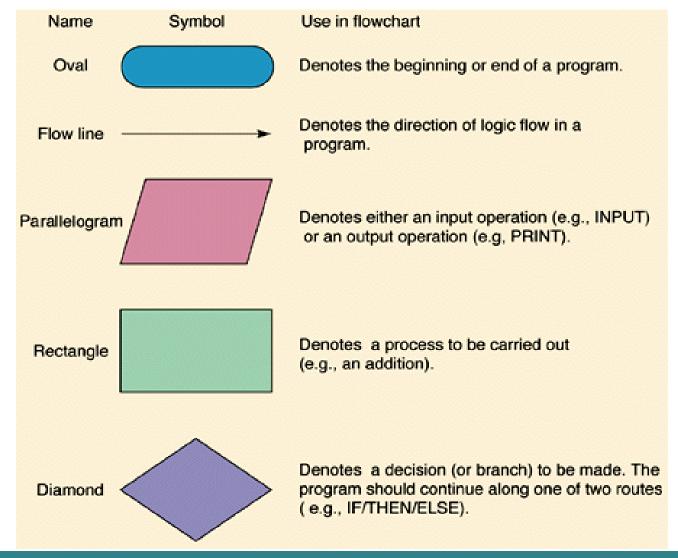
 Workflow refers to how a process takes place, evaluating the process and improving the process to "flow" more smoothly.

 Workflow can improve efficiency, reduce redundancy and/or identify gaps or areas of instability.

LSCC Adult Health and Wellness at Lake Aire Visit Workflow



Technical Prose



Workflow Analysis

- Evaluating your processes to determine the difference between how you think your office operates and how it actually operates. (And then what)
- The difference between written procedure and the real world. (what happens when someone is on vacation?)
- Assessing your practice to identify opportunities to improve patient care, improve workforce morale and integrate information technology.... Address conflict.

Office Systems

- A physician office depends on different systems all working together or in parallel.
 - Examples of systems:

Scheduling

Phones (messaging and triage)

Prescription Refills

Check in - Check out

Patient flow

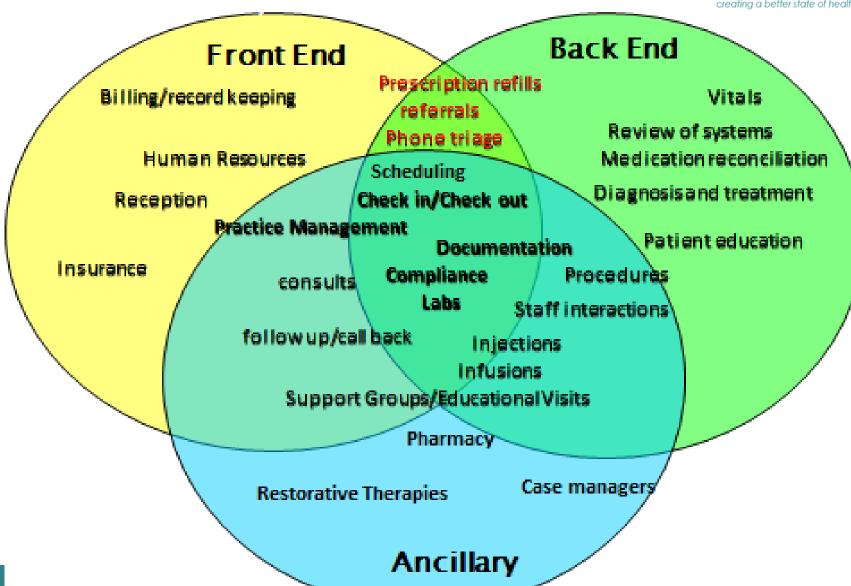
Labs

Billing

Documentation

Systems in a practice





Processes

Distribute the Core and Supporting Processes evaluation form to practice staff and ask the staff to evaluate the **CURRENT** state of these processes. Rate each process by putting a tally mark under the heading which most closely matches your understanding of the process. Also mark if the process is a source of patient complaints

Your position in the practice (check or circle best response):											
□ Provider	□ Resident	□ Nursing staff/ MA	☐ Front office staff	☐ Billing/Administration							

Primary Care Practice Core and Supporting Processes										
Processes	Works Well (1)	Small Problem (2)	Real Problem (3)	Totally Broken (4)	Cannot Rate (5)	We're Working On It (6)	Source of Patient Complaint (7)			
Answering Phones										
Appointment System										
Messaging										
Scheduling Procedures										
Order Diagnostic Testing										
Reporting Diagnostic Test Results										
Prescription Renewal										
Making Referrals										
Pre-authorization for Services										
Billing/Coding										
Phone Advice										
Assignment of Patients to Your Practice										
Orientation of Patients to Your Practice										
New Patient Work-ups										
Min or Procedures										
Education for Patients/Families										
Prevention Assessment/Activities										
Chronic Disease Management										
Palliative Care							,			
Immunizations										

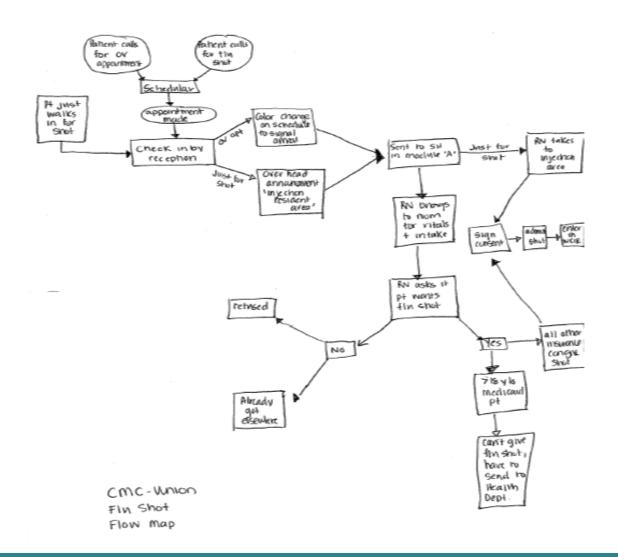
How to start:

- Multi-disciplinary team
- Include someone from every aspect of the system (front end, back end, lab, etc)
- Encourage open dialogue
- Record your system workflow as it truly occurs, not how it should occur
- Record every step, more detail will make it more accurate.
- Don't worry about how it looks

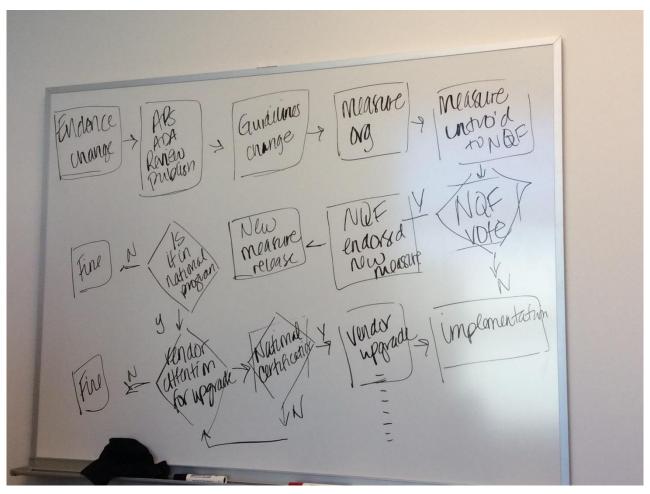
Workflow in Quality Improvement

- Use it to plan a change
- Use it to assign tasks or reassign tasks
- Use it to identify gaps or redundancy
- Use it to see how a change will impact the way things are done in all sections of the office.
- Use it to improve morale by identifying everyone's role in the delivery of healthcare within the organization.
- Use it as a way to identify areas of tension

Flu Vac Flow Map



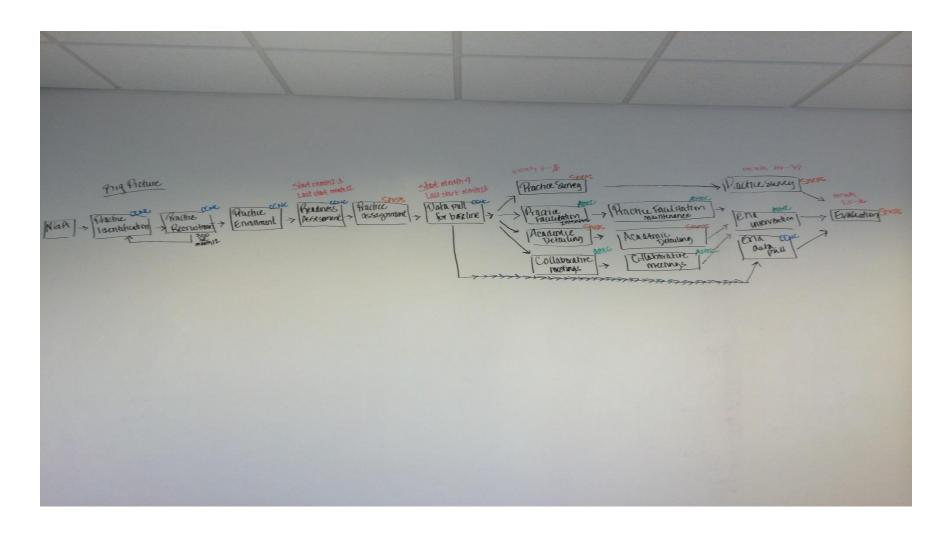
To describe a complex process



Time needed to activate \$\$



Who will do what?



Discussion

 How have you used Workflow to implement changes for QI?

 Do you have a way to do it that works for you?

 What are some ways that you've used it that are secondary to designing a new system?

Resources

For more information

The Greenbook

http://www.clinicalmicrosystem.org/greenBook.htm